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The Bombay Chronicle

Regd. No. B. 1065

INSURANCE
SWADESHI in INSURANCE is easy. INDIAN INSURANCE COMPANIES are ready with their service.

FOUNDED BY SIR PHIROZESHAH M. MEHTA IN 1913.

VOL. XXV NO. 101

BOMBAY: FRIDAY, APRIL 30, 1937

PRICE: ONE ANNA

Congress Challenge To Puppet Ministers

Country's Future Leaders

Students Cannot Be Kept Out Of Politics, Says Bajpai

CALCUTTA, April 29. Fandemonium prevailed for a considerable time at the Bara Bazar Students' Conference, which was held this afternoon in the Town Hall, when a section of the delegates challenged the validity of the Conference.

Mr. Furshottamdas Tandon, M. L. A. (United Provinces), who presided intervened and restored order.

"The spirit of the age cannot be ignored. At any rate you are to adhere to the cultural tradition of our country and put forth your best energies for its uplift," said Mr. Tandon addressing the students, who numbered over a thousand.

Mr. Ambika Prasad Bajpai, opening the Conference said that the future leaders of the country would be the students of to-day. They, therefore, could not be kept out of politics.

Messages wishing the Conference success were sent by Pandit Malaviya, Babu Rajendra Prasad, Mr. M. N. Roy and Mr. Subhas Chandra Bose.—A.P.

FIVE AIRMEN KILLED

Two R. A. F. Bombers Collide & Burst Into Flames

LONDON, April 29. The collision of two R. A. F. Bombers has involved the death of five airmen.

Three machines were flying in V-formation near Methwold on the Norfolk-Suffolk border, when the propeller of one caught the tail of the leading machine.

Both fell, one bursting into flames and the other fell party into the River Whiffey.—Reuter.

Mahatma's Tips To Subhas Bose

ALLAHABAD, April 29. Mr. Subhas Bose has had several more consultations with Mahatma Gandhi when the problem of carrying on the Congress activities in Bengal more efficiently and vigorously was discussed. It is understood, Gandhi has made many practical suggestions in this connection which would be useful in view of the peculiar situation prevailing in Bengal with particular reference to the various repressive acts in force there.

The Congress Working Committee is very likely to conclude its labours by this evening and most of the Congress leaders will leave for their respective destinations thereafter.

Mr. Subhas Chandra Bose will definitely leave for Lahore "en route" to Dalhousie to-morrow (Friday) morning reaching Lahore by the Frontier Mail on Saturday morning.—United Press.

ARMY STATUS FOR HITLER'S BODY AND LIFE GUARDS

BERLIN, April 29. By a decree signed by Herr Hitler to-day the Black Bodyguards and Hitler's own black lifeguards have been placed on the same footing as the army for the purpose of quelling civil disturbances, being entitled to use arms.

Handgrenades and dynamite may be used, if absolutely necessary.

Face Legislature And Justify Conduct

PLAN FOR CONTACT WITH ELECTORATE

Instructions To Congress Legislators

The Congress Working Committee concluded its Allahabad Session on Thursday at 10 p.m. after adopting a resolution on the Constitutional Deadlock created by the Governors.

Repudiate Conduct

The Committee condemned the formation of 'Interim' Ministries as unconstitutional, repugnant to the conception of Autonomy and in total defiance of the overwhelming public opinion in those Provinces.

Denounce Them

The Committee also advised denunciation of these so-called Ministers and challenged them to face the Legislatures and justify their conduct. Hostile black flag demonstrations were, however, to be avoided.

Mahatma's Terms For Leadership

The Committee discussed the future programme of action for over 10 hours.

During the course of the discussions, it is reported, Mahatma Gandhi told the Committee the terms on which he would be willing to resume leadership of the Congress.

CHALLENGE THEM TO FACE LEGISLATURES

Formation Of Interim Ministries Condemned

ALLAHABAD, April 29. The Congress Working Committee concluded its Allahabad session at 10 p.m. to-day after passing the following resolution:—

"Owing to the deadlock created by the refusal of the Governors to give assurances asked on behalf of the Congress enabling the acceptance of office by the Congress members in the Legislatures, various questions have been addressed to the Working Committee by the Congress leaders in these provinces as to the attitude Congressmen should adopt towards the so-called Ministers formed by the Governors in the provinces concerned.

"The Working Committee is of the opinion that the formation of these Ministries by the Governors is unconstitutional, repugnant to the conception of Autonomy and in total defiance of the overwhelming public opinion in each of those provinces.

"The Working Committee is further of opinion that those who have accepted Ministerships in these circumstances have by their unpatriotic conduct rendered a disservice to the country.

"The Committee advises that public meetings be held denouncing the action of these so-called Ministers and challenging them to face the legislatures and justify their conduct but the Committee is of the opinion that hostile black flag demonstrations and the like should be avoided.

"Congressmen should realise that parliamentary work is but a minor part of the national programme and that the great objective of complete independence can only be secured by sustained efforts by every Congressman and Congresswoman in carrying out the programme outside the Legislature as laid down from time to time.

"In furtherance of this objective members in the Legislatures should establish living touch with the electors in their respective constituencies and carry the message of the Congress and commend to them the constructive programme including the use of Khaddar to the exclusion of mill cloth, the local production of Khaddar in villages by hand spinning and hand weaving, promotion of com-

munal unity by collective and individual effort and the eradication of the evil of untouchability in every form.—United Press.

INSTRUCTIONS TO LEGISLATORS

ALLAHABAD, April 30. The Working Committee appointed Mr. Jai Ramdas Doulatram as Organising Secretary of the Congress in accordance with the Faizpur resolution.

It is understood that the Committee has given full instructions to the leaders of Congress parties in various provincial Assemblies regarding the future plan of action, and what they should do in the event of difficulties arising.

The Committee has thought of all possible developments and given instructions to leaders of Congress parties, but in spite of all this, if they find themselves faced with a situation which they are not confident of having the advice and guidance of the Parliamentary Sub-Committee.

According to Congress circles, the Congress Party leaders in the six provinces where the Congress is in a majority will call a meeting of all Congress legislators and such other legislators as agree with the Congress programme and pass votes of no-confidence in the interim ministries.

It is, however, pointed out that it is not intended to keep these meetings in session for a long period.

Mahatma Gandhi, Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel and Mr. Bhulabhai Desai are leaving to-morrow morning by the Bombay Mail, while Mr. Subhas Bose leaves for Lahore by the Calcutta Mail to-morrow morning. Mr. Rajendra Prasad left for Patna to-night. Mr. Jai Ramdas, Maulana Azad, Pandit Govind Vallabh Pant and other members of the Committee are (Continued on page 10—Col. 5).

Russia's Fresh Venture

Third Five Year Plan To Be Drawn Up In July

(Special Cable)

MOSCOW, April 29.

In view of the fact that most of the second Five Year Plan has been fulfilled before the scheduled time, the Council of the People's Commissars have decided to request the Commissars to draw up the third Five Year Plan, which will be presented on July 1.

CALCUTTA POLICE CHIEF'S ORDER

What Organisers Of May Day Celebrations Should Do

CALCUTTA, April 29.

In connection with May Day Celebration on May 1, in view of the extensive strike in the industrial area adjacent to Calcutta, the Commissioner of Police has issued a notification that anyone who desires to organise either a meeting, or a procession or other Labour demonstrations on the day, should obtain from him a permit for the purpose.

The Commissioner, at the same time will issue instruction to secure due and orderly execution of the programme of the celebrations.—A.P.

ANOTHER BAN ON SHIBNATH BANNERJEE

CALCUTTA, April 29. Orders under Sec. 144 have been served on Mr. Shibnath Bannerjee, M.L.A., and four other Labour leaders prohibiting them from entering Serampore Sub-Division for a period of two months.

On the report of the police the amount of bail granted to Mr. A. Zaman, M.L.A., who with several other Labour leaders was arrested in connection with the disturbance in front of a jute mill in Hooghly District, has been raised from Rs. 200 to Rs. 1,000 by the Sub-Divisional Officer, Serampore.

Mr. Zaman's complaint against several policemen on a charge of assault is being investigated.—A.P.

THREE LABOUR LEADERS ARRESTED

CALCUTTA, April 29. The police raided the Labour Party Office and the "Gana Sakti" Office this afternoon and arrested from the former place Mr. Samsul Huda and two other Labour leaders.—United Press.

ORDER ON CALCUTTA LABOUR LEADERS

CALCUTTA, April 29. An order under section 144 Cr. P. C. has been served on Mr. Santiram Mandal, Labour leader and four others preventing Mr. Mandal from entering the Howrah district and others from entering the Serampore Sub-Division.—United Press.

Simla's Wail Over Allahabad Decision

"UNNECESSARILY CURT REFUSAL"

Butler's Statement Deserved Less Inflexible Reply!

SIMLA, April 29. Quietly but regretfully Simla has accepted the Congress Working Committee's Allahabad resolution as an unnecessarily curt refusal to change at a time when circumstances justify a change. Mr. Butler's latest statement, it is held, deserved at least a less inflexible reply.

For the moment, however, the declaration that Governors shall not by a narrow or legalistic interpretation of their responsibilities trench upon Ministers' wide powers is said to represent the utmost limit of concession.

HOPE OF SETTLEMENT NOT GIVEN UP

Future plans have not been cast with any definiteness, but it appears certain that the plans to meet the situation that may exist after July had not been discussed except in the most tentative and sketchy outline. It is possible that after July Interim Ministers may face majorities in the Legislatures and find their level.

IF CONGRESS SAYS "NO." Thereafter Congressmen may receive a fresh invitation, and if renewed consultations between them and the Governors produce no better results than in April, then the Governors will assume some powers, particularly with reference to financial provisions, but such a contingency is regarded as very remote.—A.P.

Over 500 Dead Left In Battlefield

VALENCIA, April 29. It is claimed over 500 dead were left in the battlefield by insurgents when their infantry composed of foreign legionaries attempted to advance against the positions dominating the main road and railway from Teruel to Saragossa.

Official circles declare that Durango is still in Basque hands.—Reuter.

EVACUATION OF REFUGEES

LONDON, April 29. Elucidation of the British Government's attitude with regard to evacuation of refugees from Bilbao is afforded in well-informed quarters here.

The Government will assist in every proper way any humanitarian effort in connection with the Spanish conflict. The first thing necessary with regard to Bilbao is for Gen. Franco and Basque Government to come to an agreement, whereafter the British Government will be able to consider what assistance they can render.

The statement that British navy will assist in evacuation is described as premature. It is known that negotiations

between Gen. Franco and Basque Government are proceeding.—Reuter.

BRITISH FREIGHTERS ARRIVE AT BILBAO

BILBAO, April 29. Four British freighters arrived here from St. Jean De Luz. They are "Marvita", "Thorpehall", "Sheafield" and "Portelet". No incident is reported during the voyage. British warships "Royal Oak" and "Shropshire" and a destroyer were present in the neighbouring waters during the voyage.—Reuter.

(Earlier Telegrams on Page 7.)

ALWAR FIRING ECHO

Munsiff Suspended Pending Further Investigation

NEW DELHI, April 29. A message from Bahor in the Alwar State received at the Hindu Mahasabha Office here indicates that Mr. Hasmat Hoosain, Munsiff, who is alleged to be responsible for opening fire on the mob at Bahor on April 21, has been suspended pending further investigation.

It is understood that Mr. Chitranilal Sahai will officiate as the Munsiff in the meantime.—United Press.

Tagore's Appeal To Nation

Help Jute Workers And Their Helpless Women And Children

CALCUTTA, April 29. Dr. Rabindranath Tagore has issued the following appeal in connection with the Jute Strike of Bengal:—

"It has deeply grieved me to learn of the suffering of hundreds of thousands of jute-workers, who have struck work since February last. This is causing misery not only to the workers themselves, but also to their women and children. The demands for higher wages and for more humane conditions of work are just and reasonable. In every democratic country of the West the Government looks after the welfare of people. May we not expect that the Ministers under the new Constitution would take up this question, affecting the lives of hundreds of thousands of workers and their families immediately and see that justice is done to them?"

"Humanity demands that those who bear the burden of the society should be protected and looked after by the society itself. To give this strike a communal turn by stirring up communal passions should be condemned by every right thinking man."

"I appeal to my countrymen to help the Jute workers and their helpless women and children in this period of their suffering and distress."—United Press.

(CONGRESS CABINET & JUTE STRIKE: Page 12).

TOWARDS NATIONAL BUS STOPPAGE

LONDON, April 29. While negotiations to avert the London bus strike have entered a critical stage, the country is now faced with the possibility of a simultaneous strike of many thousands of busmen in the home countries.

A conference held at Chelmsford to-day decided to support the men now on strike and cease work at midnight to-morrow when the London strike is due to start unless the demands are met in which case they will also approach the Transport General Workers' Union with the demand that the present home counties' strike should be recognised as official and a conference called for the purpose of securing a National bus stoppage.—Reuter.

Mrs. Simpson's Application

LONDON, April 29. Mrs. Simpson's application for the decree "Nisi" to be made absolute will come before Justice Bucknill on May 3.—Reuter.

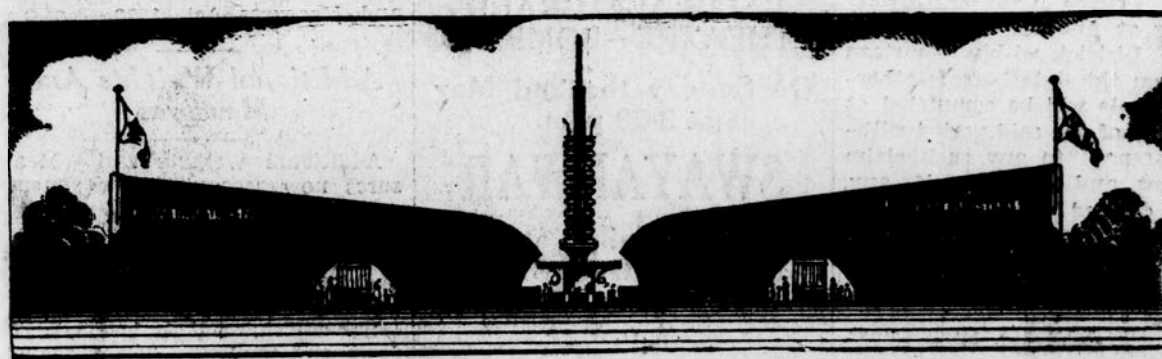
STOP PRESS.

MUDIE INQUIRY.

KHARAGPUR, April 29. An open enquiry was held to-day by Mr. R. F. Mudie and Mr. H. W. Wagstaff into the allegation made by the B. N. R. Labour Union that the Administration had not implemented the terms of the settlement arrived at in February. The Union leaders did not participate in the proceedings and none of them were present.

On behalf of the Railway, however, Mr. A. Duncan, Transportation Manager, who succeeded Mr. Jarrad as Agent, watched the proceedings.

The enquiry adjourned till to-morrow.—A.P.



The gate of the Third Indian Industries Fair to be opened shortly in Bombay at the Marine Lines. The design of the gate has been prepared by Messrs. Doctor Mahabhai and Desai, architects.

TABULATED ADLETS

CLASSIFIED ADVERTISEMENTS are inserted at the rate of ONE ANNA per word, the minimum charge being Re. 1 for 16 words.

NAME AND ADDRESS: Every bona-fide advertisement should bear the name and address of the advertiser in full, and of not being necessary for publication.

BOX NO. When Box No. is given to the advertisements of private nature the five words "Box No." "Bombay Chronicle" will be charged for.

ADVERTISERS: Can collect replies addressed to their Box No. by producing Cash Receipt at the "Bombay Chronicle" office during working hours, between 11 a.m. to 6 p.m.

RESERVED RIGHTS: The management reserve the right to revise any advertisement or refuse publication without assigning any reason for doing so.

9. SITUATIONS VACANT

Wanted A Stenographer Strong in English salary Rs. 75 or more according to experience. Apply Box No. 8177 "Bombay Chronicle".

Wanted for a Sugar Factory in Hyderabad State, one experienced Manager, one experienced Accountant, and one experienced Share Transfer Clerk. Apply to the undersigned in writing, stating qualifications and salary expected. A. B. Sutar, for Messrs. Dastur and Co., Solicitors, High Court, Small Building, Hornby Road. (5344)

10. SITUATIONS WANTED.

Experienced Shorthand Typist, Now Unemployed seeks full time job. Write to G. S. Iyer, 50 Bhut-ta Nivas No. 2, King's Circle, Matunga, Bombay 19.

Experienced Man in Medicine Line, Now Unemployed seeks a job to represent, travel or push sales on reasonable salary. Write to B. V. Val, care K. P. Bhatt, Manekji's Wadi, Bhavnagar.

Young Muslim Experienced in Stationery, Cutlery and Fireworks business, Now Unemployed, seeks position of Salesman or Canvaser. Will accept any reasonable salary. Please write to: Abdulali Abdulla, Colliwada Currimjee Building, Juma Masjid Market, Bombay.

14. HOUSES & FLATS TO LET.

5-Cuffe Parade "Beach Manor", ground floor, two western rooms flat, Wodehouse Road, "Orient Building", ground and second floor, modern, three rooms flats 90/-, Subedar (8188).

Hormasji Adenwalla Road, Dadar, opposite Customs Officers' Quarters. Four flats, new building. Five rooms, Gas. Two garages. Apply E. N. Kharegat, 16, Alexandra Road, Gamdevi. (8141).

20. OFFICES TO LET

One decent small Office Room will be available from June next. Rent Rs. 30 per month. Inspection invited. Apply Box No. 8163. "Bombay Chronicle".

50. PATENT MEDICINES

Ladies who move about in decent society are requested to keep their heads absolutely clear of all lice. It is considered a bad form to scratch your heads vigorously in presence of strangers. The best remedy so far invented is a Patent known as "Nissex" and obtainable from all Chemists and Druggists in the Bazaar. If your Chemist does not stock this effective preparation tell him to obtain the same from the Distributing Depot of the famous injection "Transpulmin." (8145).

53. DENTIST

Before you get even a single tooth pulled out by a Dentist kindly ask him if he gives you Treuple Tablet for relief of pain. Treuple Tablets are available from all good Chemists and Druggists. (8164).

58. BOOKS AND PERIODICALS

World's Library of Best Books. Slightly used in very good condition. Complete Set of 5 volumes. Original Rs. 175. Now offered at sacrifice Rs. 30 per set net in Bombay. Apply Box No. 8162. "The Bombay Chronicle".

Public Notices.

GOVERNMENT Announcements, Legal and Public Notifications are published in these columns at the following rates:—

Per column inch

Per insertion

1st Insertion .. Rs. 7-8-0

2nd Insertion .. Rs. 5-8-0

3rd Insertion .. Rs. 4-8-0

4th and Subsequent Insertions .. Rs. 3-8-0

Mofussil Advertisers are requested to send remittances in advance and state clearly whether they wish to insert their advertisements in these columns or in the Classified.

THE BOMBAY LIFE ASSURANCE CO., LTD.

Mr. ANANTHA VITTAL PRA-BHU, Tea Shop Keeper, opp. Masjid Station, Bombay, holder of our Policy No. 23930 having notified that he has either LOST or MISPLACED his Policy and having requested us to issue a duplicate thereof in his favour, notice is hereby given that a duplicate Policy will be issued to him by the Company should there be no objection recorded in our Office, to our doing so within a month of this notice.

(Sd.) JYOTENDRA L. MEHTA, Manager.

Bombay Life Assurance Co., Ltd. 8187

NOTIFICATION BY THE COMMISSIONER OF POLICE, BOMBAY.

No. 547151-Impt.

With reference to the Commissioner of Police, Bombay's Notification No. 2717151-Impt., dated the 26th February 1937, and in exercise of the powers conferred by clause (c) of sub-section (1) of section 22 of the City of Bombay Police Act, 1902 (Bom. IV of 1902) the Commissioner of Police has made the following additional rules:—

"18. No person shall allow any vehicle of which he is in charge to stand or halt anywhere on either side of Marine Street between Apollo Street and Old Custom House Road, between the hours of 10 a.m. and 6-30 p.m. except for the immediate purpose of picking up or setting down passengers."

"19. No person shall allow any vehicle of which he is in charge to stand or halt anywhere on either side of Harkness Road, Malabar Hill, except for the immediate purpose of picking up or setting down passengers."

W. R. G. SMITH, Commissioner of Police, Head Police Office, Bombay, 15th April. 1937. 5343

Legal Notices.

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.

TESTAMENTARY AND INTENTATE JURISDICTION.

GEORGE VI, by the Grace of God, of Great Britain, Ireland and the British Dominions beyond the Seas King, Defender of the Faith, Emperor of India.

Petition for Probate of the Last Will and Testament of BAI MITHABAI alias MULI-BAI, widow of Meghji Umer-shi alias MITHABAI MEGHJI UMERSHI alias Mrs. MITHABAI MEGHJI OOMARSI alias Mrs. MIL-HABAI MEGHJI OOMERSI, late of Bombay Hindu Inhabitant, residing at Kazi Syed Street, outside the Fort of Bombay and carrying on business in the name of Meghji Umersey.

JAMNADAS DHARSEY, of Bombay Hindu Inhabitant, the sole executor of the Last Will and Testament of the deceased abovenamed residing at Kazi Syed Street outside the Fort of Bombay Petitioner.

All persons claiming to have any interest in the Estate of the abovenamed deceased are hereby cited to come and see the Proceedings, if they think fit, before the Grant of Probate.

Witness Sir JOHN WILLIAM FISHER BEAUMONT, Knight, Chief Justice at Bombay aforesaid, this 24th day of April in the year of our Lord One thousand nine hundred and thirty seven and in the first year of our Reign.

R. B. PATEL, Prothonotary & Senior Master.

FAHR ALL.

The 24th day of April, 1937.

Messrs. RUSTAMJI & GINWALA, Petitioner's Attorneys. 8342.

Public Notices.

G. I. P. RAILWAY

RATE CIRCULARS

A New Rate Circular, viz., Supplement to Foreign Rate Circular No. 2 of 1937, is being issued to-day. Particulars can be obtained from the CHIEF TRAFFIC MANAGER, Bombay, or Stations.

(5345)

THE CITY OF BOMBAY MUNICIPAL ACT, 1888. As modified up to date.

PUBLIC NOTICE

IS HEREBY GIVEN, pursuant to Section 297 (1) (b) of the City of Bombay Municipal Act, 1888 as modified upto date that the undersigned proposes to apply to the Municipal Corporation at their Meeting to be held on the 7th day of June, 1937, or on such day thereafter as the said application can conveniently be disposed of, for authority to prescribe a fresh line, in substitution for the existing regular line of the street, in respect of each of the following streets namely:

- (1) NANABHAI LANE from Church Gate Street northwards upto a distance of about 200 feet
- (2) BANAJI STREET from Nana-bhai Lane to Cawassi Patel Street including the cul-de-sac to the West of the Aghary.

A plan of each of the said public streets showing the existing regular line of the street and the fresh line proposed to be prescribed in substitution therefor as aforesaid, is deposited at the office of the City Engineer, Municipality, and can be inspected by any person desiring to do so, at any time during office hours.

Every person desirous of making any representation to the Corporation or of bringing before the Corporation any objection respecting the said proposal may do so, by letter addressed to the Municipal Secretary at the Municipal Office, and delivered at the said office not less than three clear days before the day of such meeting.

Dated this 29th day of April, 1937.

I. H. TAUNTON, Municipal Commissioner, for the City of Bombay. 5341.

Legal Notices.

NOTICE

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that MR. PESTONJI KAIKUSH-RU NICHOLSON, BAI GULBAI KAIKUSHRU NICHOLSON and MR. KAIKUSHRU JEHANGIR DIYECHA, the Executors and Trustees of the last Will and Testament of Kalkushru Sorabji Nicholson, all of Bombay, have agreed to sell to my client, free from all incumbrances whatsoever, the vacant piece of land, admeasuring 1,073 square yards or thereabouts, situate at Santa Cruz, Bombay Suburban District and being portion of land bearing Final Plot Number 71 of the Town Planning Scheme Number 2 of Santa Cruz. The said piece of land is bounded on the North by the property of Sheikh Abdul Mulla, on the South by the property of Vishwasrao Gan-patrao Kothare, and on the West by the property of Mangaldas Kallidas Charsey.

All persons having or claiming to have any right, title, interest or estate in the said piece of land by way of bequest, charge, gift, charity, inheritance, exchange, lease, lien, maintenance, mortgage, occupation, sale, share, trust, Wa-hiwa or otherwise howsoever, are hereby required to make the same known in writing to the undersigned, Advocate for the Purchaser, at his Office in "Vasant Niwas" Building at Andheri, Bombay Suburban District, within fourteen days from the date hereof; otherwise the sale will be completed at the expiry of the said period without reference to any such claim or claims, and the same, if any, will be deemed and considered to have been knowingly waived. Dated this 28th day of April, 1937.

GAJANAN SADASHIV PATIL, B.A., LL.B., Advocate, High Court. 5337.

Legal Notices.

NOTICE

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that our client has contracted to purchase from Messrs. THAKOREDAS MANMOHANDAS THANAWALLA, HARILAL CHU-NILAL, NATVARLAL THAKORE-DAS SHROFF, VITHALDAS MANMOHANDAS THANAWALLA and HARILAL THAKOREDAS SHROFF, Trustees of the Viji-bhukhandas Atmaram Charity Fund the undermentioned property. ALL persons having any claims against the said property by way of Mortgage, sale, inheritance, gift, lease, lien, charge, use, trust or otherwise howsoever are hereby required to make the same known in writing to the undersigned at their Office at No. 95, Ash Lane, Fort, Bombay, within 14 days from the date hereof, otherwise the sale will be completed without regard to any such claim and the same, if any, will be considered to have been waived.

DESCRIPTION OF PROPERTY ALL that piece or parcel of Pension and Tax (Cess redeemed) land or ground with the messuage tenement or dwelling house standing thereon situate, lying and being at and on the Western side of Kumbhartukda Land in the registration Sub-district of Bombay, in the Island of Bombay, containing by admeasurement 348 2-1/4-9 square yards or thereabouts but at present admeasuring 320 square yards or thereabouts and registered in the Books of the Collector of Land Revenue under Old No. 454, New No. 2359, Old Survey No. 314, New Survey No. 432 and Cadastral Survey No. 2303 of Bhuleswar Division and assessed by the Assessor and Collector of Municipal Rates and Taxes under C Ward Nos. 5022-23-24 and Street Old Nos. 4 and 1-2 and New Street No. 8 Kumbharwada Lane and bounded as follows; that is to say on or towards the East by the said Kumbhartukda Lane, on or towards the West by the property of Parbhudas Sakhdas, on or towards the North by a moiety of Gully running between the said hereditaments and the property of Dayaram Sunderji Kayt and on or towards the South by a moiety of passage running between the said hereditaments and the property of Abaji Sakuji. Dated this 29th day of April 1937.

MINOCHEHER MAN-CHERSHAW HIRALAL & CO., Purchasers' Attorneys. 5340.

Auction Sales

BENNETT & CO.

120, Apollo Street, Fort, Bombay

AUCTION SALE OF ONE VALUABLE PANEL STUDDED WITH PRECIOUS STONES, SATSUMA AND CHINA JARS, CURIOS, ETC.

Under instructions from the Party concerned and on account and at the risk of defaulting purchaser Mr. Kanji Gordhandas Messrs. BENNETT & Co., will (to-day) Friday the 30th April 1937 at 3 P. M. (S.T.) sell by Public Auction at their rooms:—

One valuable panel, one pair Satsuma jars, one pair China jars, one pair full size copper-enamel vases.

The above articles are on view. A deposit of 50 per cent will be required at the time of sale and the balance to be paid and the delivery of the goods to be taken on the next day.

BENNETT & CO.

A Stay of Three Weeks Only

Under the Patronage of HIS HIGHNESS THE MAHARAJA GAEKWAR OF BARODA

GANDHARVA NATAK MANDALI

AT BALIWALA GRAND THEATRE—BOMBAY

On Sunday the 2nd May at 3-30 p.m.

SWAYANWAR

Booking daily at the Theatre from 8 to 11 a.m. and 5 to 8 p.m.

WEIGHTS AND MEASURES IN PRESIDENCY

Govt. Recognition To Those Other Than Standard Ones Under Act

The Director of Information, Bombay, writes:—

Soon after the introduction of the Bombay Weights and Measures Act, 1932, it became evident that the weights and measures mentioned in the first schedule of the Act were not sufficient for all the requirements of various trades in the Presidency. Government, therefore, took steps to get Section 4 of the Act so amended as to empower them to declare as standard, either generally or for any trade or class of trades, by previous notification, in the Bombay Government Gazette, weights and measures, multiples and sub-multiples thereof, other than those specified in the first schedule of the Act.

RECOGNISED NOW.

After Section 4 of the Act was duly amended, suggestions were invited by the Director of Industries from the various associations and trades for the recognition of weights and measures used by them in their trades which were not hitherto recognised under the Act. These suggestions were incorporated in the two draft notifications published by Government in the Bombay Government Gazette in October last for the purposes of inviting the observations and objections of the public thereon. After careful consideration of the representations received from the public, the two draft notifications in question were revised and finally published in the Bombay Government Gazette, dated 18th March, 1937.

The weights and measures specified in the first schedule of the Act and other weights and measures and multiples and sub-multiples thereof now recognised under the Act as stated above, are given below:—

Standard Weights And Measures

Following are the Standard Weights and Measures already specified in the First Schedule of the Act:—

WEIGHTS.

The Bombay Tola of 180 grains. The Bombay Seer of 80 tolas. The Bombay Maund of 40 seers. The sub-multiples 1/2, 1/4, 1/8, 1/16 and 1/32 and the multiples, 2, 4, and 8 of the tola, seer and maund.

The pound avoirdupois equal to 7,000 grains and the sub-multiples 1/8, 1/4, 1/2, 1, 2, 4 and 8 ounces, the multiples 1, 2, 4, 7, 14, 28lbs. (a quarter), 56lbs., 112lbs. (1 cwt.) and 2,240lbs. (1 ton).

DRY MEASURES.

The Bombay seer. The sub-multiples 1/2, 1/4 and 1/8 seer.

The Bombay Chatak equal to 1/16 seer.

The Adpao equal to 1/8 seer.

The Adhol equal to 2 seers.

The Bombay payal of 4 seers.

The Bombay Maund of 16 payals.

The Bombay Map of 2 maunds.

LIQUID MEASURES.

The Bombay seer. The sub-multiples 1/2, 1/4, 1/8 and 1/16 seer.

The multiples 2, 4 and 8 seers.

The Imperial gallon.

The Pint equal to 1/8 gallon.

LENGTH.

The Yard.

The Inch equal to 1/36 yard, and the foot equals 1/3rd yard.

The Furlong of 220 yards.

The Mile of 1,760 yards.

The yard is that unit of length which is exactly equal to the certified yard kept in the custody of the Mint Master, Bombay.

AREA AND VOLUME.

The Square Yard, Square Foot and Square Inch.

The Cubic Yard, Cubic Foot and Cubic Inch and sub-multiples of a Cubic Inch.

The anna of 1/16 of the guntha. The Guntha of 121 square yards and the acre of 4,840 square yards for land measurement.

The Square of 100 square feet. The Brass of 100 cubit feet.

NOTE: For explanations refer to pages 17 to 19 (first schedule) of the printed copy of the Weights and Measures Act, 1932.

Additional Weights And Measures

Additional Weights and Measures now recognised for general purposes.

WEIGHTS.

The dram is equal to 1/16th part of an ounce or 1/256 part of a lb.

Sub-multiples—1/8, 1/4, 1/2 of dram and multiples, 2, 4, 8 drams. The grain and sub-multiples—

.01 .02 .03 .05 .06 .1 .2 .25 .3 .5 .6 and multiples 2 3 4 5 6 8 10 12 16 20 24 30 40 50 60 72 100 120 240.

DRY MEASURES.

Sub-multiple 1/32 seer.

Sub-multiple 1/8, 1/4, 1/2, 3/4 of Bombay Maund.

LIQUID MEASURES.

Sub-multiple 1/32 and 1/64 and multiples 10, 20, 30, 40 of seer.

The Maund equals 40 Seers.

Sub-multiples 1/8, 1/4, 1/2 and multiples 2 4 5 8 15 16 20 25 40 50 100 and 200 of Imperial Gallons.

The Gill equal to 1/4 pint.

Sub-multiples 1/8, 1/4, 1/2 and multiples 2, 4 8 of Pint and Gill.

LENGTH.

Sub-multiple 1/2 of the Yard.

Multiples 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 20 25 33 50 66 100 of the foot.

Multiples 6 18 30 42 56 66 and 100 and all sub-multiples of the Inch.

AREA AND VOLUME.

Sub-multiples 1/2, 1/4 and 1/8 of Brass.

For Special Trades

Other weights and measures and multiples and sub-multiples thereof for special trades:

WEIGHT.

(i) Gold and Silver trades.—The Bullion Tola of 180 grains. Multiples 2 3 4 5 10 20 30 50 100 200 300 500 1000 and 2000 of Tola.

Sub-multiples 1/2 and 1/4 1/8 and 1/16 of Tola.

The Val equals to 1/40 of Tola equal to 5.5 grains.

Sum-multiples 1/2 and 1/4 of Val (i) (a) The Rati equals 1/62 of Tola.—(i) (a) Precious Stones and Pearl Trades.—Multiples 2 3 6 12 24 48 72 120 240.

Sub-multiples 1/2, 1/4, 1/8, 1/16 1/32 and 1/64 of Rati.

(ii) Liquid Measures: (For Road Tank Vehicles used for measures.)—(ii) Petroleum Trade.

All multiples of Imperial Gallon.

(ii) (a) Liquid Measures.—(ii) (a) Liquor and Drug trade.

The liquor drum equals 1/48 of Imperial Gallon.

Sub-multiples 1/4, 1/2 and multiples 2, 4, 8 drams.

The Peg equals 2 fluids oz. or 1/80 Imperial Gallon.

Sub-multiple 1/2 Peg.

(iii) Weights Apothecaries.—(iii) Apothecaries trade.

Apothecaries ounce equals to 8 drachm or 480 grains.

Apothecaries drachm equal to 60 grains.

Sub-multiple 1/16, 1/8, 1/4, 1/2 multiples 2 4 6 8 and 10 of apothecaries oz.

The scruple equal to 1/3 drachm or 20 grains.

Sub-multiple 1/2 and multiple 2 of scruple.

NOTE: The Apothecaries weights from 10 oz. to 1 oz. should be marked "Apoth".

(iii) (a) Liquid Measures (Apothecaries).—(iii) (a) Apothecaries trade.

Fluid oz. equals 1/160 Imperial Gallon.

Fluid drachm equal 1/8 fluid oz. Minim equal 1/60 fluid drachm.

All measures of capacity from 40 fluid oz. down to half fluid oz.

All measures of capacity from 16 fluid drachm down to half a fluid drachm.

All measures of capacity from 60 Minims down to 1 Minim.

EXPLANATION: One fluid ounce contains 437.5 grains of weight of distilled water at 62 Fah.

OUT TO SAVE PUBLIC MONEY

Bihar Premier Declines Special Carriage

GAYA, April 28.

"An ordinary berth is good enough for me. We are out to save public money," said the Hon. Mr. Mohamed Yunus, Chief Minister of Bihar, to the railway staff at Patna this afternoon when he declined to use the special carriage provided for him for his tour to Gaya. He had the special coach detached and travelled in an ordinary compartment. On arrival at Gaya, the Chief Minister was accorded an enthusiastic reception. He visited the Gaya Central Jail and the Pilgrim Hospital.—A.P.

The number of new patients treated at the Mahomedally Rahimtulla Free Dispensary at Sandhurst Road, Bombay, for the week ended April 24 was 317. Of these, 209 were men and 108 women.

TASK BEFORE HAKUJAN SANGH

Bombay Board Chief's Appeal For Funds

Mr. Jaisukhna K. Mehta, President, Bombay Provincial Board of the Harijan Sevak Sangh, has issued the following appeal:

I beg to approach you, on behalf of the Bombay Provincial Board of the Harijan Sevak Sangh for a contribution to the funds of the Boards. As you know the Sangh came into existence as a result of Mahatma Gandhi's epic fast, and it has been working ever since in the cause of the so-called untouchables.

Sheth Mathuradas Vissanji, who was the President of the Bombay Board having resigned, the President of the Central Board of the Sangh, Sheth Ganshyamdasji Bir-la, has appointed me President of the Bombay Board. And according to the rules of the Sangh I have co-opted the following members on the Bombay Provincial Board:—

THE BOMBAY BOARD.

Smt. Sansa Mehta, Vice-President, Smt. Godavaribai Gokhale, Messrs. Valukunth Lalubhai Mehta, Bhavanji Arjan Khimji, Ratilal Mulji Gandhi, R. R. Bakhle, Narayanrao S. Kajrolkar, Dr. Purushottamrai G. Solanki, Messrs. Jethalal Ramji, Hiralal Dave, Maneklal Nathalal Vakharia, Harikandas L. Zaveri (Hon. Secretary) and Gokulbhai D. Bhut.

TASK BEFORE BOARD.

The Board have taken on lease a chawl of 66 rooms from the Improvement Trust for letting the same to the needy Harijans, and propose to provide housing facilities for Harijans residing on pavements of streets in "A" Ward. Besides the Board will have to provide scholarships for deserving students, who have been promoted to higher standards this year, including 108 students who received scholarships last year from the Board. This number includes college students, lady students, and those studying in the Sir J. J. School of Arts. The Board will also have to carry out propaganda for anti-drink and also for the removal of untouchability.

APPEAL FOR FUNDS.

Over and above the Board can start various other activities for the amelioration of the Harijans but they are unable to do so unless they ascertain their financial position as the Board, at present, have no funds to start with. Under the circumstances the Board request you to contribute your mite towards the funds of the Board in order to enable them to carry on their activities and to increase them from day to day.

Bombay Talkies Great New Film

PREM KAHANI

5th WEEK

at

OPERA HOUSE

To-day 2 shows only 8-30 and 10-30 p.m.

THE EMPIRE

Daily 4, 6-30 & 10 P.M.

BY SPECIAL REQUEST

"UNDER TWO FLAGS"

from OUIDA'S IMMORTAL NOVEL

Starting:

RONALD COLMAN

CLAUDETTE COLBERT

VICTOR MCGILVER

ROSALIND RUSSELL

NEXT SATURDAY

Mr. & Mrs. THIN MAN! in their new joyous hit!!!

AFTER THE THIN MAN!

M.-G.-M.'S LATEST TRIUMPH

WILLIAM POWELL

What Happened In Khaisora Valley On Tuesday Night

BOMB ATTACK ON GOVT. PICKET ENDS IN DEATH OF ONE WHILE TRIBESMEN RETREAT WITH LOSS OF 18

SIMLA: April 29. It is estimated that the enemy Lashkar, which attacked the 2nd Indian Infantry Brigade at Bichkashkai Camp on the night of 27/28th inst. was 350 strong.

The Bichkashkai Camp is on the north Bank of Khaisora river. It is protected on the north by a low ridge, which on the night of 27/28 was occupied by ten platoons. The Camp perimeter was held on the west by the 2/4 Bombay Grenadiers, on the north by 1/11 Sikhs and portions of 2/8 Punjabis, on the east by 1/17 Dogras and on the south by 2/8th Punjabis. After dark on the evening of the 27th, the enemy sniping began, the bulk of the fire coming from the north of the river. About 10 p.m. the enemy began an attack on the platoon held by one Platoon of 1/7th Dogras and subsequently attacked two others platoons of the same regiment.

BOMB ATTACK. One of these platoons consisting of 14 men under a Nalk had four bombs thrown into it. Two exploded, one was found to be a Mills Grenade of very old type, which had been fitted with a brass cap of the Great War pattern. This platoon suffered nine casualties, but the remaining men held out for the rest of the night. All the attacks on the platoons were repulsed.

While these attacks were in progress, the enemy worked through the platoon lines in darkness and approached to within 50 or 60 yards of the Camp perimeter, where they were driven back by fire, about 3 a.m. the attack died down. Reconnoiters who went out at dawn, found no trace of

the enemy, who had retired carrying their dead and wounded with them.

It has not yet been possible to obtain full details of enemy casualties, but an unconfirmed report places them at 18 killed and 15 severely injured. This takes no account of the lightly wounded.

OUR CASUALTIES.

Our casualties were: Killed. One Indian other ranks. Wounded: Maj. S. C. Scott, of 1/17th Dogras (slight) and 24 Indian other ranks.

All the wounded have been evacuated to Bannu. Yesterday the Indian Infantry Brigade carried out reconnaissance south-west of Dandil and returned to Dandil in the evening. Only slight opposition was encountered and we had no casualties. Last night was quiet at Mir Ali, Jaler and Dandil Camps. The Bichkashkai Camp was sniped but we had no casualties.

The Pakir of Ipi remains in the Arsalokt cave area. Beyond cutting of telegraph wires between Mir Ali and Miran Shah and Mir Ali and Bannu on the night of 27/28, there are no further incidents to report.

The enemy casualties, which are known to have been incurred during the attack on the convoy at Shahrangit on April 9 are killed 16 and severely wounded 26. This does not include slightly wounded.—A.P.

ALL-INDIA WEATHER REPORT

Heavy Rainfall In Burma

POONA, April 29. The depression in the Andaman Sea developed into a storm and centred at eight hours this morning about fifty miles to the east of Diamond Island. It has caused widespread rain in Burma

MASKS OFF!

Many of the letters I receive are worded in the same way—the writers complain of sallow, wrinkled skins, premature lines and wrinkles—and they want to know how to transform these unlovely complexions into satin-smooth loveliness. To each and all I give the same reply. "Get an ounce or two of Mercolized Wax from your chemist," I say, "and smooth this over face and neck nightly. While you sleep this beautifying wax will absorb the faded outer skin with all its blemishes, revealing the youthful, new complexion now concealed beneath accumulations of outworn tissue." Mercolized Wax is quite unlike any other beauty cream; to begin with, it contains oxygen which revitalises an outworn skin, it makes "face-peeling" a simple, harmless operation which can be done at home without anyone else knowing anything about it.

Mercolized Wax contains no animal fat.

Tuberculosis COUGHING

WONDERFUL EASE FOR SUFFERERS

T.B. Victim Writes Remarkable Tribute To Ephazone

On 2nd February, 1937, Mr. B. wrote—"Your Ephazone Tablets came just at the right moment for me to test them. My case is Pulmonary T.B. I have been suffering with it for 7 months. When your tablets came I took one at 11 o'clock, the second one at dinner-time. Believe it or not I felt that much better that I really thought that the early morning happenings were, or had been just a nightmare." Hard, incessant cough is one of the distressing features of Tuberculosis. Asthma, Bronchitis, Bronchial Asthma, etc., and in addition to the misery it causes, the shock to the heart and lungs cannot be overlooked. Yet the worst cough can be ended in 10 MINUTES with ONE Ephazone Tablet. It is 10 MINUTES that light, sore feeling across the chest disappears. In 10 MINUTES, you are breathing easily, naturally. The cough that has tormented you by day and robbed you of sleep at night becomes a thing of the past. Ephazone can do this for you because it has done it for others—cases every bit as severe and long-standing as yours. "If he takes one tablet they keep the coughing bouts away," writes M.B., 1st March 1937. Another writes—"I bought a bottle of Ephazone and now the cough has completely gone." Ephazone is used by leading British Hospital and Government Institutions. Write to address below for valuable FREE BOOK. Ephazone is sold at Rs. 2, Rs. 5 and Rs. 10. For trial size send Rs. 2, in stamps to K. L. Walker, Standard Building, Hornby Road, P. O. Box 256, Bombay. [707]

with locally heavy falls along Tenasserim and Irrawaddy coasts. The western disturbance has moved eastward to west central India and has caused scattered thunderstorms in Sind. Thunderstorms have also been widespread in south Madras and have occurred at a few stations in Assam.

The chief amounts of rainfall are:—Mergul five inches; Tavoy and Basseln three each; Diamond Island, Calicut, Kodaikanal and Trichinopoly two each; Victoria Point, Rangoon and Lashio one and half; Yamethin one and Maymyo and Cochin three quarters each.

Forecast:—Widespread rain with locally heavy falls is likely in Burma. Thunderstorms are likely to occur locally in south of the peninsula and at a few stations in central parts of the country, Rajputana, Assam and along the Northwest Frontier.—A. P.

COLABA OBSERVATORY, BOMBAY

Summary of Meteorological Observations during 24 hours ending 8 a.m. of 29-4-1937.

Change of 8 a.m. barometer in past 24 hours plus 0.14 inches. Temperature (dry bulb) at 8 a.m. 83.0 degrees. Temperature (wet bulb) at 8 a.m. 76.9 degrees. Maximum temperature during 24 hours 91.4 degrees 2.1 (above normal). Minimum temperature during 24 hours 77.4 degrees 0.2 (above normal). Relative Humidity at 8 a.m. 75 p.c. Direction of wind at 8 a.m. WSW. Velocity of wind at 8 a.m. 1 mile per hour. Total movement of wind in 24 hours 129 miles. Velocity of maximum gust of wind during 24 hours 21 miles per hour. Extent of cloud at 8 a.m. (the whole sky cloudy eq. 10) 0.

OFFICIAL BAROMETER READING DATED 29-4-37.

At 8.7 a.m. local time (8.46 a.m. Indian Standard Time) and temperature 86.9 deg. F., a mercury barometer without index error at mean sea level would actually read 30.01 inches and a compensated aneroid 29.79 inches. For correction of ships' instruments please subtract from the above official barometer reading 0.001" for every foot of elevation of the instrument above mean sea level.

CONGRESS OFFICIAL RELEASED ON BAIL

CUTTACK, April 29. Mr. Pran Krishna Parihar, President of the Cuttack D.C.C. and Provincial Krishak Sangh, who was arrested on a charge of sedition in connection with a speech delivered on April 1st was granted bail in the sum of Rs. 1,500 by the sessions judge.—A. P.

Santhal Political Conference

PATNA, April 29. Babu Anugraha Narain Singh left for Sahebganj this morning to attend the Santhal Pargana Political Conference there, and is expected to be back on the 1st of May.—United Press.



Mr. Neville Chamberlain, Chancellor of the Exchequer and future Prime Minister, with the famous Budget case on left.

LATE MR. ADHIKARI Sholapur Workers Condemn Govt.'s Repressive Policy

SHOLAPUR, (By Mail.) Under the auspices of the Lal Bawta Girmi Kamgar Union, Sholapur, the meeting of the Sholapur textile workers was held at Kaji Masjid maidan last evening. Messrs. Sardesai, Karhadkar and Vibhute addressed them. All the speakers asked the workers to give a fitting reception with black flags to Mr. J. Mehta when he was to arrive here on the 29th morning.

The meeting also passed a resolution on the death of Mr. J. Adhikari, the well-known Bombay Labour leader and condemned the repressive policy of the Government which was primarily responsible for his premature death as he was interned, despite of his dreadful disease, at a remote place like Bijapur, and it was impossible for him to secure the proper medical treatment.

TELUGU FREE LIBRARY 62nd Anniversary Celebration

The 62nd anniversary of the Telugu Free Library was celebrated on Sunday last in the premises of the Sri Mariyamama Temple 9th Kamatipura Lane. It was a red-letter day in the annals of its history. There was a distinguished gathering, presided over by Diwan Bahadur Narayan Rao Vithal Sayana.

Dr. V. R. Boosrath, secretary of the institution read out the messages he had received from well-wishers of the Library, like Annasahib Bhopatkar of Poona, B. G. Khair, Principal Tavade and others.

In his speech the president dwelt on the educational problem of the Telugus. He observed that if along with physical culture the Telugu people should widen their literary activities, it was bound to make the Telugu community progressive and the same would lead them towards a glorious future.

Among others who spoke on the occasion were Messrs. D. G. Dalvi, Namdar Bhaskar Rao Jadhao, and D. S. Gadre. They all paid a tribute to the praiseworthy services rendered by Messrs. Alkunde, Silam and Dr. Bhossrath, who by their untiring zeal and efforts have made the institution reach the present stage.

Mr. Silam thanked the president in suitable terms for the practical suggestions made by him to overcome certain difficulties existing in the library. The function then terminated. The president, Dewan Bahadur Narayan Rao Vithal Sayana has presented to the library books worth Rs. 300 in memory of his father.

Mr. Yande has presented to the library a set of books with a sum of Rs. 101 wishing the institution a glorious future. Mr. Alkunde, the managing trustee, was 'At Home' to all the guests.

BOMBAY WARRANT EXECUTED AT BIL-LIMORIA TAIL

BOMBAY: Thursday. A warrant issued at the Girgaum Police Court against a person who was duly declared an absconder in a cheating case was executed at the Billimora Railway Station yesterday morning by a head constable.

At the time Ebrahim Moosa Kapadia was found boarding a train to move off to another place. The complainant in the cheating case, a lady, comes from Kuria and since the time the complaint was lodged on 27th of March last, the accused is absconding. The accused was remanded into custody till 11th May pending the tracing of the property by the police.

GOVT. OF INDIA ACT GIVES NO RELIEF TO LABOUR

Mr. Battiwala's Address At All-Kerala Labour Conference

(From Our Correspondent) (CAMP) TRICHUR, (By Mail.) Presiding over the first All-Kerala Labour Conference on Sunday morning at Trichur, Mr. Battiwala of Bombay, regretted that even though the Imperial Government were giving some relief to the peasant population of India (by way of purchasing and distributing stud-bulls, etc.) it was for the regret of the labour class to find that they were not given any substantial aid.

Proceeding he said that from the labour point of view the Government of India Act of 1935 did not give them any relief.

The Congress, he continued, demanded the vote from the people 'for freedom' and it was a vote for 'complete independence' and without any compromise.

Several resolutions were adopted including those which recorded the sympathy of the conference towards the strikes going on in Calcutta, Calcutta, Madras and Cochin. It was also resolved at the Conference that the Coronation Day should be treated as a day for hartal in the State.

Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru and Soumdranth Tagore (Secretary of the All-India Committee) have sent messages to the Conference.

ROY TO PRESIDE OVER AGRICULTURAL LABOUR CONFERENCE

NELLORE, April 28. It is understood Mr. M. N. Roy has accepted the invitation of Mr. V. Ragaviah, President of the District Agricultural Labour Conference, to preside over the provincial agricultural labours' conference to be held here in the last week of July next.

After the conference, Mr. Roy will undertake a tour of Andhra Desa and visit some of the prominent places in the Andhra districts to study closely the agrarian situation there.—United Press.

BIRLA'S GRANT FOR RESEARCH Rs. 7,000 To Dr. Bhatnagar For 3 Years

LAHORE, April 29. Scientific research in the Punjab will have cause to be further indebted to Dr. S. B. Bhatnagar, Director of the University Chemical Laboratories, whose successful researches in industrial problems have brought forth a munificent offer from Mr. G. D. Birla. With the object of helping the University to take part in industrial prosperity of the country Mr. G. D. Birla has offered to place at the disposal of the University Rs. 7,000 yearly, for three years in order to enable Dr. Bhatnagar and his laboratories to undertake investigations in certain problems connected with industries under the control of Mr. Birla. Dr. Bhatnagar has made over practically the whole sum to the University though greater part of it is offered to him personally.

Both the offer as well as the scheme drawn up by Dr. Bhatnagar for its utilisation have been accepted by the Syndicate, who have recorded appreciation on Dr. Bhatnagar's selfless devotion to Industrial Research and the interests of the University as also to Mr. Birla's generous patronage.—A.P.

Coronation Illumination Is Waste Of Public Money

BANGALORE, April 29. The Cantonment Municipal Committee voted Rs. 500 for illumination of municipal buildings on the Coronation day, May 12. The Congress members vehemently opposed the grant stating that it was sheer waste of public money.—A.P.

NO STYLISH CLOTHES WOULD FIT HER So Fat She Looked Enormous

KRUSCHEN TOOK OFF 41 LBS. AND MADE HER ENERGETIC. She couldn't wear anything pretty, for nothing smart would fit her. She had tried ordinary "salts" without avail. At last, a friend persuaded her to try Kruschen, and—well, read her letter:—

"A few months ago, I weighed 14 stone 2 lbs. and my height was 5 ft. 4 ins. I really had got 'enormous'. It was impossible for me to walk into a shop and buy anything really pretty to fit me. One day, a friend said, 'Why don't you start taking Kruschen?' 'A lot of good they would do me,' I replied, 'haven't I been taking salts for months?' 'I know you have,' she said, 'but not Kruschen Salts, which make all the difference.' She was so serious I bought a bottle on my way home. I am now happy to tell you I weigh 11 stone 3 lbs. I am naturally a large person, but I found that as I gradually lost weight, I got more and more energetic."—(Mrs.) C. W.

Kruschen Salts has a solvent action—the secret of its fat-reducing power. Ordinary "salts" have no solvent power at all, for they are not absorbed in the blood. Kruschen Salts, besides ridding you of all fat-forming food refuse, gives you new energy, and restores to you the health and vigour of youth. Kruschen Salts is obtainable at all Chemists, Stores and Bazaars.



WANTED

NAVABHARAT INSURANCE COMPANY, LTD., 261/263, Hornby Road, Fort, BOMBAY.

Young graduates male or female, to represent and organize Life Insurance Business. Call in person between 12 & 3-30 p.m.

World's Most Popular Dental Powder Comes to Bombay...



Dr. LYON'S TOOTH POWDER

100% Cleansing Properties Twice that of tooth paste

No Pumice—No Grit Cannot possibly scratch the softest enamel

Lasts Longer Costs Less Outlasts tooth paste 2 to 1



FOR centuries we have used POWDER in India—because there is nothing which will clean and polish teeth so quickly and leave them so gleaming white.

Now Dr. Lyon's Tooth Powder, America's most popular dentifrice, comes to Bombay.



As it is only the powder part of any dentifrice that cleans, a dentifrice that is ALL POWDER just naturally cleans best. Dr. Lyon's Tooth Powder is ALL POWDER—100% cleansing properties

Do As The Dentist Does — Use POWDER

—more than twice the cleansing properties of tooth pastes.

Free from pumice and destructive grit, Dr. Lyon's Tooth Powder cannot possibly scratch, or injure the softest enamel.

Even as a neutralizer in acid mouth conditions, Dr. Lyon's is just as effective as Milk of Magnesia.

Dentists everywhere recommend Dr. Lyon's Tooth Powder, because—teeth simply cannot remain dull and film-coated when it is used.

Dr. Lyon's Tooth Powder is not only doubly efficient but it costs only

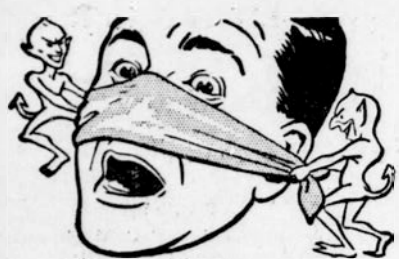
half as much to use. Even a small tin lasts twice as long as a tube of tooth paste.

FREE! TRY DR. LYON'S, THE POWDER THAT HAS WON THE WORLD'S APPROVAL

MARTIN & HARRIS LTD., Sudama House, Witter Road, Bombay Please send me free a three weeks' supply of Dr. Lyon's Tooth Powder.

Name (Please print name)

Address B. C. 4



FREE THOSE STUFFED NOSTRILS

Why continue to suffer from colds, catarrh or stuffed nostrils? What Karsothe has done for others—it will do for you. Read this typical letter of thanks.

"A week ago I had a very bad cold, running nose, continual sneezing. The doctor recommended me to get a bottle of Karsothe, which I did, and inhaled frequently during the day. When retiring to bed I added a little more Karsothe to my handkerchief and put it on the pillow. I was amazed this morning. My head was clear, and I was able quite easily to get up the discharge which had made me feel so bad."—M.W.

You just put a few drops of Karsothe on to a handkerchief and inhale the pleasant vapour. In a few minutes the head clears, nasal congestion is relieved. In next to no time your catarrh disappears altogether.

KARSOOTE INHALANT

Obtainable from all Chemists, Stores and Bazaars.

Wholesale Stockists: Bombay: Cama, Norton & Co. Karachi: Nusservanjee & Co.



If Your Child is Cross, Feverish and Sick

Mother! Don't hesitate. A gentle and dependable liquid laxative is necessary.

Give a teaspoonful of 'California Syrup of Figs' which is so delicious that children ask for it. Banish the unpleasant laxatives that so often cause a 'scene'. Children play so long and hard and put such a tax upon their energy that a properly regulated system and healthy active bowels are vital to their well-being. To keep the system unflinchingly regular, Doctors and Nurses advise weekly doses of 'California Syrup of Figs' for children of all ages.

The children will remind you on Saturday night.

'California Syrup of Figs' is sold by all chemists and druggists. Be sure to emphasize the word 'California' when buying, and no mistake will be made.

California Syrup of Figs
NATURE'S OWN LAXATIVE



Evenly spreads the air & HALVES THE BILL 2000 FANS AT DELHI Staff quarters

On the I.S.D. Contract

INDIA FAN
MADE IN INDIA

SOLE AGENTS
KAYCEE & CO. LTD.
LAHORE-BOMBAY-CALCUTTA-MADRAS-KARACHI
Bombay Branch:—AMRITI BUILDING, Ballard Estate, Post Box No. 690.
AVAILABLE FROM ALL DEALERS

TO-DAY ON RADIO

Empire Broadcasting

GSH 21.47 Mc/s. (13.97 m.). GSG 17.79 Mc/s. (16.86 m.). GSF 15.14 Mc/s. (19.82 m.). 7-45 p.m. Big Ben. The Carlton Hotel Orchestra. 8-0 p.m. A Scots Concert. 8-30 p.m. "Beware the Jabberwock!" Nonsense verse gathered by Denys Kilham Roberts, and presented by John Pudney. 9-0 p.m. A Recital. By Peter Dawson (Bass-baritone). 9-30 p.m. Dance Music. 9-40 p.m. The News and Announcements. 10-0 p.m. Variety.

Bombay Programme

VUB 350.9 metres, 855 kc/s. 8-0 a.m. Organ Solo. A Vub Artist 8-10 a.m. Light Classical Music. Khayal and Tarana. Prof. R. G. Joshi. 8-30 a.m. Recitations from Quran-Sharif. Mouli Gulam Mohammad Kamar. 8-45 a.m. Light Music. Prof. R. G. Joshi. (With Sarangi, Harmonium and Tabla.) 9-15 a.m. Gujarati Selections (recorded Odeon). 1-0 p.m. Available Market Rates and Announcements. Vocal Gems. 5-30 p.m. The News in Marathi. 5-35 p.m. Recorded Music. 6-0 p.m. Light Music. M. M. Hashim. (Assisted by the Orchestra.) 6-45 p.m. Talk (Gujarati): "My Travels: Germany." By Kapila Khandwalla. 7-0 p.m. To the Bhumiyan. A programme arranged for the villager. 8-0 p.m. Popular Melodies. Bai Sunderabai. (With the VUB Orchestra.) 8-30 p.m. Commercial News and the News in Hindi. 9-0 p.m. "Behind the Gateway." Compared by Alastair MacRae. The versatile journalist tells of his week's adventures with Bombay's arrivals and departures and with those who stay. 9-15 p.m. The News. 9-30 p.m. Rhythm Music. 10-0 p.m. Radio Salon Orchestra.

Calcutta Programme

All transmissions will be on VUC 370.4 metres, 810 kc/s and 43.10 metres, 6,100 kc/s. (Add 24 minutes to all timings for Calcutta time). 12-36 p.m. A "Regal" Recorded Programme. By T. E. Bevan and Company. 1-16 p.m. Talk (English): "India and the Olympic Games." By P. Gupta. Calcutta Weather Bulletin for Ocean and Rivercraft. 1-36 p.m. Modern Bengali Song. Jagadindra Nath Banerjee. 1-51 p.m. Kirtan. Sateo Bhushan Chakrabarti. 2-6 p.m. Talk "In the Laboratory." No. 3. Wonders of Science By Bishnu Sarma. 2-51 p.m. Bengali Song Abul Ahad Khan. 2-51 p.m. Flute Solo. Kiritendu Roy. 2-41 p.m. Bengali Song. Ajit Das Gupta. 2-51 p.m. Bengali Song. Gopendra Mohon Mullick. 2-56 p.m. Sitar Solo. Sudhendu Roy. 5-6 p.m. Dadubhai's Post Bag and Answers to Queries. Conducted by Dadubhai. 6-6 p.m. Talk: "The Fight against Epidemic Diseases." By Dr. B. C. Mukherjee. 6-21 p.m. Folk Song. Nibaran Chakrabarty. With Dotara Accompaniment. 6-31 p.m. Esraj Solo. Dakshina Mohan Tagore. 6-41 p.m. Commercial News and Weather Report (In Bengali). 6-46 p.m. The News and Announcements. 7-1 p.m. Commercial News and Weather Report (In English). 7-6 p.m. The News and Announcements. 7-21 p.m. "Ritimita Natak." Written by Jaladhar Chatterjee.

Delhi Programme

VUD 340.13 metres, 882 kc/s. 7-0 a.m. Recitation from the Quran-I-Sharif. (Text and Translation). 7-15 a.m. Ashiq Husain Jafri. 7-35 a.m. Kumari Jaswant Kaur. Classical and light music. 8-0 a.m. Ram Bahadur Misra. 8-15 a.m. Air Orchestra. Kalangra. 8-25 a.m. Aziz Ahmad. Thumri and Ghazal. 8-40 a.m. 1st News and Weather Report (Hindustani). 8-50 a.m. 1st news and weather report (English). 6-30 p.m. Air Orchestra. Marwa. 6-40 p.m. Ram Bahadur Misra. "Koyalya mat hare pukar." Geet "Dalee jao batyan mari jalyo." Dadra. 6-55 p.m. Aziz Ahmad. Classical and light music. 7-20 p.m. Kamod. On Sitar. 7-30 p.m. "For Villagers Only." 8-0 p.m. Time Signal and Delhi Market Rates. 8-15 p.m. Talk (Hindustani): "Tradition and Experiment." No. 4. Entertainments. By Prof. Mueeb. A talk on how people used to amuse themselves in the past and how they do so now. 8-30 p.m. Ashiq Husain Jafri. "Sunder Nain Thihare." Khayal Bihag. "Gal ulfat nakal jaegi" Yuhin Jan ik din nikal jaegi." Rind. Dadra. 8-50 p.m. Sarod. 8-55 p.m. Kumari Jaswant Kaur. Classical and light music. 9-15 p.m. 2nd News and Weather Report (Hindustani). 9-30 p.m. 2nd News and Weather Report (English). 9-45 p.m. Talk (English): "The Way It Is Done." No. 4. Stop Press. By S. Jacobson. 10-0 p.m. Programme of Ballet Music.

Peshawar Programme

VUP 200 metres, 1,500 kc/s. 6-0 p.m. Dhun Kedara. Khyber Radio Orchestra. 6-10 p.m. Light Music. (Recorded). 6-30 p.m. Inayat Hussain. "Kheyal Bagesri; Naat." 6-45 p.m. Nawab Bai. "Ghazal; Thumri." 7-0 p.m. Talk (Hindustani): "Facts about the Frontier." No. 3. Poultry Farming. By Ch. Ghulam Qadir Khan. 7-15 p.m. Plu On Sarangi. 7-20 p.m. Inayat Hussain. "Persian Ghazal." 7-25 p.m. Country Dance. Tunes. 7-30 p.m. "Hagha Dagha." A programme arranged for villagers. 8-30 p.m. Malkauns. Khyber Radio Orchestra. 8-35 p.m. "Do Parosi." (Two Neighbours—When they meet). 8-45 p.m. Nawab Bai. "Dadra Ghazal." 9-0 p.m. Inayat Hussain. "Punjabi Song." 9-7 p.m. Duet Nawab Bai and Inayat Hussain. 9-15 p.m. The News and Weather Report (In Hindustani). 9-30 p.m. The News and Weather Report (In English). 9-45 p.m. Talk (English): "Everyday Psychology." By Prof. E. Wilkinson. 10-0 p.m. A Studio Concert. By The Band of the 415th Punjab Regiment.

Java Programme

(W. L. 29m. & 20, 25, 27, 31m.) 7-00 National Anthem—Opening announcement. 7-02 Classical Music. 7-30 Divine Service. 9-00 Morning Concert Niram Orchestra. 10-01 Popular tidbits. 11-00 The Hawaiian syncopators (contd.). 12-00 Popular programme. 12-20 The news (repeated). 16-00 Time signal—National Anthem. 16-03 5'A clock Tea concert. 16-30 Children's chorus. 17-00 Eick-wat-wils. 18-10 Fragments from the broadcasts on the occasion of H.R.H. Princes Juliana's engagement and wedding. 18-10 Cabaret programme. 20-00 Time signal. 20-01 Dance music.

Phohi Programme

6-35 Latest news from Holland. 6-50 Talk. 7-10 Relay of the festivals on the occasion of H.R.H. Princes Juliana's birthday. 7-50 Amsterdam Exchange.

BOMBAY CIVIL APPOINTMENTS

The following notifications have been made in the latest issue of the Bombay Government Gazette: Mr. Mahadeo Trimback Vartak to be Senior Assistant Secretary to Government, Revenue Department, vice Mr. A. L. Pradhan retired. Khan Sahib Rustamji Sorabji Gandhi to be Junior Assistant Secretary to Government, Revenue Department, vice Mr. M. T. Vartak.

The Hon. Mr. Justice Blackwell, one of the Judges of the High Court, at Bombay, is to perform the duties of the Chief Justice during the absence on leave of the Hon. Sir John Beaumont, Kt., or until further orders. Mr. K. C. Sen, I.C.S., Secretary to the Government of Bombay, Legal Department and Remem-

25,000 TROOPS IN WAZIRISTAN

Frontier Fighting in Commons

LONDON: (By Air Mail). Sir A. Knox (Wycombe, U.) asked the Under-Secretary of State for India if he could make a statement regarding the situation on the North-West Frontier of India, with special reference to the recent fighting in South Waziristan between Jandola and Sarwekal.

Mr. Sorensen (Leyton, W. Lab.) asked the Under-Secretary of State for India how many troops were now stationed, and would be stationed, in the region of the North-West Frontier; how far beyond the actual frontier military operations were likely to be carried; and whether he would make a statement on the present position in that area.

Mr. Butler (Saffron Walden, U.) The recrudescence and extension of the trouble in Waziristan is due to the increasing scale of the fanatical and anti-British propaganda of the Faqir of Ipi. It was at first for the most part confined to the younger and irresponsible elements in the tribes which appeared to be out of control by the responsible tribal leaders. Every effort is being made to restore order by means of political pressure assisted by air action. Ground operations have so far been confined to the maintenance of communications and the protection of convoys.

The ground troops at present employed in Waziristan area are approximately 25,000, consisting of the normal garrisons, now augmented by the 1st Division, with three light tank companies.

AIR BOMBING. Sir A. Knox asked if there was any truth in the report that a number of these officers who were killed had gone on in front of the convoy, out of the protection of the pickets.

Mr. Butler said he did not know exactly where the officers were situated, but it was true that many of them were returning from leave to take up their duties at Jandola. Mr. Sorensen.—While joining with the hon. gentleman in the sympathy expressed to the relatives of the deceased, on both sides, would he not agree that the existence of such a large army in this part of India, together with aerial bombing, makes less effective our protest against the attack on the Abyssinians by the Italian Air Force?

Mr. Butler.—I do not think that the hon. member's question shows that he understands the nature of the air action. (Ministerial cheers). As to the first part of the question about the large army I said in my original reply that every effort is being made to restore order by means of political pressure.

Mr. Sorensen.—Have the natives in this part of India any aeroplanes of their own? Mr. Butler.—The tribesmen in that part of India have no aeroplanes of their own. Sir N. Sandeman (Middleton and Prestwich, U.)—Has any information been supplied about the origin of this propaganda? Mr. Butler.—The origin of it dates from the forcible conversion of a Hindu girl.

Intimation has been received from the Registrar of the General Medical Council of Great Britain to the effect that medical qualifications from Punjab University have been recognised with effect from February 25 1937. These qualifications were hitherto recognised only up to February 14, 1936.

ancer of Legal Affairs, Bombay, is to act as a Judge of the High Court at Bombay during the absence on leave of the Hon. Mr. Justice Broomfield, or until further orders.

Mr. D. R. Norman, I.C.S., Judicial Commissioner in the States of Western India and Gujarat States, is to act as a judge of the High Court at Bombay during the absence on leave of the Hon. Mr. Justice Wadia, or until further orders.

Mr. G. N. Thakor, Advocate, is to act as a judge of the High Court at Bombay during the absence on leave of the Hon. Mr. Justice Divatia, or until further orders.

Mr. P. H. Eden, Office Superintendent of the Backward Class Officer, Bombay Presidency, is to officiate as Assistant Backward Class Officer, Northern Circle, Ahmedabad, vice Mr. S. Benjamin proceeding on leave. Mr. B. H. Hari, Auditor, office of the Backward Class Officer, Poona is to perform the routine duties of the Office Superintendent of the Backward Class Officer, Bombay Presidency, vice Mr. P. H. Eden, in addition to his own duties.

IS MAHATMA A "SOCIALIST"?

Bihar Party Leader's View

PATNA, (By Mail).

The fourth of the series of Socialists lectures was delivered on April 25 by Mr. Bisheshwar Prasad Sinha, Bar-at-Law, in the presence of Dr. E. Ahmed of the Economic Department of the All-India Congress Committee.

Dealing with 'What is Socialism,' the speaker sought to remove the various misunderstandings about Socialism and said that a Socialist was conscious of the biological inequalities between one man and another. By emphasizing that inequalities should be removed, it was only meant that economic inequalities should be established.

IS MAHATMA A SOCIALIST? Answering the question whether Gandhi was a Socialist or not, the speaker said that merely being a great humanitarian did not amount to being a Socialist. It was not enough to help the poor. What was necessary was that exploitation should be ended and Mahatma Gandhi had not said anything about ending the system itself.

Concluding, he explained class struggle, economic interpretation of history and dialectical material, and stressed that unless economic oligarchy was abolished certain political concessions to the peoples would be of not much use.—United Press.

G. M. C. RECOGNISES THEM

Punjab University Medical Qualifications

(From Our Correspondent.)

SIMLA, April 28. Intimation has been received from the Registrar-General of the Medical Council of Great Britain to the effect that Medical qualifications of the Punjab University have been recognised with effect from February 25, 1937.

These qualifications were recognised only up to February 24, 1936. The significance of the retrospective effect of this notice is that now there will be no gap in recognition of these qualifications by the G.M.C.

The Executive Committee of the G.M.C. have deferred their decision on recognition of the medical qualifications of the Universities of Calcutta and Rangoon till their next meeting on May 24, 1937.

Dr. B. K. Sikand has been appointed the organising secretary of the King George Thanksgiving (Anti-Tuberculosis) Fund from April 1 in succession to Dr. A. R. Mehta who reverted to his substantive appointment under Public Health Department, Punjab on April 1.

Telegraphic Facilities For Coronation

(From Our Correspondent.)

SIMLA, April 28. A Communique states that in connection with the forthcoming celebration of the Coronation of Their Majesties, Coronation letter telegrams will be accepted at R. C. at reduced rate from 8th to 18th May for Great Britain and Northern Ireland for ten words per telegram. In such telegrams indication C. L. T. instead of D. L. T. should be inserted before the address, which will be charged for. These telegrams may be of social or commercial character and can be sent to any address in Great Britain and Northern Ireland. The charge will be Rs. 2-8-0 for ten words or less and four annas for each additional word.

POLITICAL WORKERS' INSTITUTE

LAHORE, April 28

The sub-committee appointed by the Punjab Provincial Congress Committee to draft a scheme for starting an institute for political workers, at its meeting held in Bradlaugh Hall, Lahore, passed a comprehensive resolution comprising the aims and prospects of the institute.

The name of the institute will be "Political Workers' Institute," its aims being to educate and train up workers to achieve complete independence by organising the country politically and economically. The period of training will not, for the present, exceed more than 14 days. The Institute will sit for 15 days, Sundays being holidays.

In the initial stage, the Institute will admit only 25 candidates for training for one session. Qualification for admission will be literacy in any dialect (Hindi, Urdu or Gurmukhi). Applications are to be received through local organisations, viz., Congress, Congress Socialist, Peasant and Trade Union Lectures will extend over 7 1/2 hours a day.

The Institute will be housed at Bradlaugh Hall, Lahore.—United Press.

Coronation Feast For Poor Governor Appeals For Funds

The Director of Information, writes:—As a result of His Excellency the Governor's appeal to the charitably minded citizens of Bombay City to feed the poor in honour of the Coronation several donations have been sent to His Excellency. His Excellency has made arrangements for the distribution of grain to take place shortly after May 12th and he now appeals once more for funds for this worthy purpose. Donations should be sent to:—The Secretary to His Excellency the Governor, Government House, Bombay. The list will close on May 10th.

AROUND THE COURTS

BOMBAY, Thursday.

A verdict of heart failure was recorded at Coroner's Court, Bombay, at an inquest held to-day on the body of Sakharan Narayan Jadhoo, a mill worker. Sakharan while working in the Hindustan Mill on April 17, in the night shift collapsed. He died on way to hospital.

A verdict of accidental death was returned to-day by the Bombay Coroner's jury at the inquest on Bhawoo Maruti and Sakharan Bhalroo, two labourers who were buried in a landslide while digging on a hillock at Tardeo on Tuesday. Bhawoo died on the spot and Sakharan died the same day in hospital shortly after admission.

Arrested on a charge of cheating by obtaining money on the plea of buying damaged goods at Railway Goods Yard at cheap rates, Kisaning Merwansing was placed before the Chief Presidency Magistrate, Esplanade Police Court by the Palton Road police, to-day.

Applying for his remand into their custody till May 13, the police alleged that the accused posed as a retired railway servant, having influence with the authorities of the Port Trust.

On December 21 last, he went to one Umar Jaffer Kazi at Parel, and

asked him to give him Rs. 21-10/- in return for which he would obtain damaged goods worth Rs. 150 at the Carnac Bunder Goods Yard. Umar Jaffer sent his 'Bhayya' with the accused. At the entrance of the Goods Yard, the accused, it was alleged asked the Bhayya to wait and taking the amount from the Bhayya, went in and disappeared. He was arrested yesterday.

The police further alleged that the accused cheated another person, Waman Gangadhar, to the extent of Rs. 20-5/- in a similar manner.

The Magistrate ordered the accused to be remanded till May 13.

A municipal rent collector who had sustained serious injuries was found lying in a semi-conscious state on the Byculla Station Road this morning. He was removed to the J. J. Hospital and admitted for treatment.

Amritlal Maganlal Mehta victim of the assault, it appears, was stoned by some persons whose identity has not been established.

The Police found Rs. 115 in cash and cheque for Rs. 66-12 drawn in favour of the Municipality in the pocket of the man.

No arrests have so far been made by the Police.

DECCAN STATES' PEOPLE TO CONFER

Lathe Elected R. C. Chairman

KUDCHI (Belgaum), (By Mail.)

The Secretary of the eleventh session of the Deccan States Peoples' Conference, Kudchi, writes:—

The first meeting of the Reception Committee was held at Kudchi on the 25th of April, in which Mr. A. B. Lathe, was unanimously elected Chairman.

Ample accommodation has been secured in the spacious premises of the Cotton Ginning Factors near the Kudchi Railway Station.

CONSTITUENT STATES

The following states have been

included in the field organization comprised by the Deccan States Peoples' Conference. Sangli, Miraj (Junior and Senior), Jamkhadi Kurundwad (Junior and Senior), Kolhapur (along with its Jagagits), Aundh, Phaltan, Bhor, Janjira, Javar, Ramdurg, Mudhol, Savnur, Sawantwadi, Akalkot, Jat, Saragava, Dang, Wadi and Hyderabad.

Delegates' fee is Rs. 2. For Peasants Rs. 1-0-0.

The Reception Committee has decided not to charge any fee for dinner for the Members of the Reception Committee and the delegates.

Special accommodation will be made for lady delegates. Suggestions as to the Resolutions before the conference should be sent by Post to the General Secretary

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City & Suburbs

LOCAL

ENGAGEMENTS

To-day

Hindu: Chaitra Vadi 5, 1937
Muslim: Safar 18, 1305
Parsi: Avan 27, 1306
High tide: 1:32; 14:55
Low tide: 7:58; 21:00
Sunrise: 6h. 12m.
Sunset: 7h. 0m.

Intermediate Science Examination results, University Building, 3 p.m.

Saturday, May 1.

8 S Kaiser-i-Hind with mails for London sails at 1 p.m.

HAWKERS' UNION
A meeting of the Managing Committee of the Bombay Hawkers' Union, will be held to-day (Friday), at 2 p.m.

INDIAN INDUSTRIES FAIR
For the convenience of the public a telephone has been installed in the Exhibition Ground (Marine Drive) number of which will be 30671.

INDIAN MERCHANTS' CHAMBER
The first Quarterly General Meeting of the Members of the Indian Merchants' Chamber will be held to-day (Friday), at 4:30 p.m. (S.T.), in the office of the Chamber.

STEAMER MOVEMENTS
The O.S.K. Steamer "Mantai Maru" left Singapore on April 27 and is due to arrive in Bombay on May 10 via Penang and Colombo.

SOUTH INDIAN BHAJANA SAMAJ
Musical Entertainment to-day (Friday), at 4:40 to 6:30 p.m. Kolattam by girls of the Samaj Music class.
At 8:45 p.m. Violin (Solo) by Mrs. Dharmabai Ramanam and Miss Sundaram Ramanam, V. A. Mani Iyer (Mridangam).

"TOPIWALLA CHARITY"
Applications in the prescribed forms obtainable from the Managing Trustee, Topiwalla, Charity, Girgaum, Bombay, for Foreign Scholarships, are invited from the deserving students of the K. R. Cama Oriental Institute at 5 p.m. (S.T.) Jaishan ceremony will be performed at 6 p.m. Mr. R. T. Anklesaria, Miss Gool B. Pavri and Ervad Framrose A. Bode will speak on the Life and Teachings of Zarathushtra.

ZOROASTER'S DISA CELEBRATION
Under the joint auspices of the Bahmuni Mazdayasani Sabha and the Gatha Society tomorrow (Saturday), to-day (Friday) at the K. R. Cama Oriental Institute at 5 p.m. (S.T.) Jaishan ceremony will be performed at 6 p.m. Mr. R. T. Anklesaria, Miss Gool B. Pavri and Ervad Framrose A. Bode will speak on the Life and Teachings of Zarathushtra.

MUNICIPAL COMMISSIONER'S ROUNDS
The Municipal Commissioner and the Councilors of "G" Ward will meet near the Western approach to the Tlak Bridge tomorrow (Saturday), at 7 a.m. (B.T.) to go round the Ward. Residents of the Ward who have grievances to represent should be present at the appointed place and time.

THE EXCELSIOR

AT 6-30 & 10 P.M.

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AMUSEMENTS

OF THE DAY

Capitol—"Show-Boat"

Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.

CENTRAL—"Tukaram" Daily at 3-15, 8 and 10-45 p.m.

EMPIRE—"Under Two Flags" Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.

EXCELSIOR—"The Man in the Mirror" Daily at 6-30 and 10 p.m.

GLOBE—"Noor-e-Wahadut" Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10-45 p.m.

HINDMATA—"Devdas" Time as usual.

IMPERIAL—"Jagat Kesari" Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10-30 p.m.

KOHINOOR—"Under Sea-Kingdom" Daily at usual time.

KRISHNA—"President" Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10-45 p.m.

MAJESTIC—"Ragunah" Daily at 3-15, 8 and 10-45 p.m.

MINERVA—"Atma Tarang" Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10-45 p.m.

OPERA HOUSE—"Prem Kahani" Daily at 8-30, and 10-30 p.m.

PATHE—"I married a Doctor" Daily at 3-30, 6-30 and 10 p.m.

PLAZA—"Sonhara Sansar" Daily at 5, 7-45 and 10-30 p.m.

REGAL—"This'll make you Whistle" Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.

ROXY—"Pujan" Daily at 3-15, 8 and 10-45 p.m.

WEST END—"Dolls of Clay" Daily at usual time.

Late Hirachand Desai

Ghatkopar, April 29.
Under the auspices of Ghatkopar and Kiroi Municipality the unveiling of the oil paint of Late Shree Hirachand Vanichand Desai, one time President of Ghatkopar Municipality as also of the 80 Association of Bombay, by the Municipal Council, will take place at the hands of Mr. K. F. Nariman at the Ghatkopar Municipal Building to-day (Friday), at 8-30 a.m. (S.T.)

AMATEUR ASTRONOMERS LEAGUE

Under the auspices of the Amateur Astronomers League, on Saturday, May 8th at 7 p.m. (S.T.) on the terrace of Bombay Mutual Building, Hornby Road, Mr. Padam S. M. Godrej will deliver, in English, his tenth public lecture with illustrative explanations of gazing the Stars and identifying the Constellations. All are invited to enjoy Celestial Scenery through Telescope. Pherozshaw Mehta Road and Gunbow Street, Both, Lifts available, upto 7 p.m., but no chairs on terrace. No fees no collections.

MR. A. T. V. RAGHAVAN DEAD.

A Hyderabad (Deccan) correspondent writes:—
Mr. A. T. V. Raghavan, Zamindar of Mulloor and Ramanujavaram, residing at Secunderabad (Deccan) died on 26th April 1937 of heart-failure after a brief illness. He was an all-round sportsman in his days. He was a keen tennis and bridge player and a cricketer. He once skippered the Hindu team in the annual Quadrangular contest at Secunderabad.

NATIONALIST URDU WEEKLY

An addition to Urdu journalism is expected shortly by the publication of the "Samaj" illustrated weekly, Bombay, edited by Maulana Mohammad Ali Jinnah, a political worker of the Frontier Province. The paper, for its political advocacy, will support the policy of the Indian National Congress and follow the creed of its Left Wing. On the whole, it will be an organ of the Indian masses, containing items of socialistic interest, film news etc. The first issue will be published from the office of the paper, situated in the 3rd Peerkhan Street Bombay 8, on the 9th of May. It will be available for 6 pice only.

N. D. T. INDIAN WOMEN'S UNIVERSITY

Electorates For New Year

The Registrar of the Nathibai Damodhar Thackersey Indian Women's University, writes:—
The following ladies and gentlemen have been duly elected on behalf of the different Electorates for a period mentioned against their names in the Elections held in April, 1937.

PATRON'S ELECTORATE

Dr. D. D. Karve, M.Sc., Ph.D., Poona 5 Years.

Mr. G. K. Gadgil, B.A., Bar-at-Law, Poona 5 Years.

Dr. H. V. Tilak, B.Sc., M.B.B.S., F.R.C.S. Bombay 5 Years.

EDUCATED LADIES' ELECTORATE

Prin. Miss Mabel A. Needham, B.A., Baroda 5 Years.

Miss Sakarben P. Shah, B.A., Bombay 5 Years.

GENERAL ELECTORATE

Prof. C. N. Vakil, M.A., M.Sc., Bombay 5 Years.

Dr. Jivraj N. Mehta, M.D., M.R.C.P., Bombay 5 Years.

Mr. B. S. Patal, B.A., N.D.A., N.D.D. Poona 1 Year.

Release All Bombay Detenus

Mr. Jhabvala's Demand For Communist Comrades

Mr. Jhabvala, writes:—

The recent sad demise of Comrade J. M. Adhikari brings to the forefront the question of release of all Bombay detenus. Such Labour workers as my old comrades in the cause like Mirajkar, Jogekar, Ghate, Spratt, Phadke and others have been detained at different places under strict police surveillance and their life has been rendered so miserable that if they contract any physical or mental disease, the responsibility of their condition will solely rest upon the shoulders of Government as in the case of the death of young J. M. Adhikari. We have a right to hold Government alone responsible.

MIRAJKAR'S CASE.

Take, for example, S. S. Mirajkar and let the public know how he is kept. Mirajkar is kept at Shegaon, District Ahmednagar. He has a feeling that he is picked up by the Government for specially bad treatment while all of the Labour detenus are and were kept at the District towns, he is detained in a far-off village away from all civilisation. The repeated requests he made for his transfer to any District town have been brushed aside by the Bombay Government without assigning any reason for such refusals. They deliberately avoided giving reasons because the case for his transfer was and is extremely strong, and local functionaries admitted it as such in their oral talks. The rest of the detenus were and are kept at various District towns such as: S. V. Deshpande at Ahmednagar Camp, S. V. Ghate at Satara. P. S. Pratt, at Belgachia Camp. He is the only one who is kept in a small village at Shegaon. This has always been his greatest grievance. The reasons for his transfer to a District town are as follows:—

(a) Shegaon is so small a place that one cannot find decent house to live in. He has to reside for over fifteen months in a Dharamshala outside the village.

(b) There is no proper boarding arrangements there being no hotels or 'Khanavals.'

(c) No library worth the name.

(d) No social amenities of any kind nor any recreations.

(e) No proper medical aid. He had to go out of Shegaon on two occasions when necessity arose.

(f) Climate of Shegaon never agreed with him and he has often been ill and once very seriously. Being out of the-way place none

of his friends or relatives could go to him at the time of his sickness. (g) Shegaon summer is extremely severe, temperature rising above 115 degrees and sometimes reaching even upto 120 degrees. The heat which has begun now is simply killing.

For these reasons he should have been given a transfer to some District town which the Government has persistently refused to do.

POLICE SURVEILLANCE.
He is all along under strict police surveillance even in a small village like Shegaon. Two policemen have always been watching him continually all these months.

The result of this watch is that everybody is afraid to approach him. There were occasions when the backward village hotel-wallas were afraid to give him food. Owners of houses would not rent him their houses simply because of the Police trouble. This is the principal reason why he was not getting a house to live in, in the village and consequently he was obliged to live in the Dharamshala for over fifteen months. Constant Police watch weighs upon one's mind and its psychological effect is torturing enough. The Government spent extravagantly over the special police watchers, their special allowances, their travelling allowances because they change every ten days and come straight from Ahmednagar, but they will not increase the scanty maintenance allowance they pay him. The Government have sanctioned Rs. 30 per month as maintenance allowance. One is required to pay at least Rs. 15 for food bill. He has to support his son in Bombay who is wholly dependent upon him. Besides this he has to pay for his life insurance policy. For all this the sum of Rs. 30 is quite inadequate. He has made several requests in the past for the increase of the allowance to the local Government but they met with curt "noes." He has married recently. In consequence the allowance is hopelessly inadequate and insufficient. If the Government deprive him of his freedom and means of livelihood, then it is upto them to grant him sufficient allowance.

If the Government has any shred of evidence against him, he should be tried in an open court. He is quite willing and ready to face such a trial. If the Government cannot do this he claims unconditional release from his present detention.

Sgt. Narayana Iyengar's "Gottuvadyam" Recital

Under the auspices of the South Indian Bhajana Samaj, Mr. Narayana Iyengar, Asthana Vidwan of Mysore, gave "Gottuvadyam" recital before a packed house of over 5,000. Mr. Iyengar is one of the two veterans in the field and the fact that he was able to keep an overcrowded house spell-bound for three hours is an index of his ability and showmanship. The programme consisted mostly of popular 'kirtans', in every one of which he displayed some original touches. The kirtans in Useni Bilahari and Atana were much appreciated. Mr. Iyengar pulled enthusiasm to frenzy when he rendered Mukhari kirtan and especially the step "Kanrukuralakettu". By a deft play of sounds he brought out the melodious possibilities of the instrument. The rendering of Karahapriya, Kamboli and Kanada was much appreciated. Among the lighter songs, "Punnagavali" wherein he bodily copied all the tricks of the snake-charmer was continuously encoored. The artist was ably accompanied by Mr. Krishnaswamy in violin and Mr. Mani Iyer in mridangam. Mr. P. V. S. Iyer, President of the Samaj, thanked the artistes for their fine performance.

Famous Kannada Poet

(From A Correspondent.)
Perhaps for the first time in the annals of the Kannada residents of Bombay, the Bombay Kannada Sangha has arranged a programme of Cultural activities. The inaugural address was delivered on Sunday last by Mr. A. R. Acharya on Lakshmeesha Kavi, one of the important Kannada poets. Mr. Acharya discussed the date of this great poet and came to the conclusion that he must have lived before 1600 A.D. He dwelt at length on the merits of Lakshmeesha as a poet and the several literary characteristics of his great and monumental work Jalmini Bharata. He then read several stanzas illustrating the salient characteristics of the Poet.

Mr. S. R. S. Raghavan, who occupied the Chair, in his concluding speech compared Lakshmeesha to some of the great poets of India like Kamban (Tamil), Valmiki and Kalidas.

RELIEF FOR BERAR AGRICULTURISTS

Aney's Interview With Commissioner And Its Sequel

AMRAOTI: April 29.

The interview between Mr. M. S. Aney and Mr. A. L. Biney, Commissioner, Berar, regarding Revenue Remission in some parts of Yeotmal District in Berar, concluded in Berar to-day.

The Commissioner, it is stated, has agreed to consider for remission, the cases of agriculturists in that area falling in the following three categories:—

Firstly, those who have paid fully the last year's land revenue and partly-paid this year's also.

Secondly, those who have not paid this year's revenue due to the failure of crops, but have paid last year's, and

Thirdly, those whose revenue is in default for two years, but whose entire source of maintenance is agriculture.

The Commissioner is understood to have sent for the Deputy Commissioner of Yeotmal to consider the problem of relief.

Mr. M. S. Aney left to-day for a tour of the affected parts of Yeotmal—A.P.

"SHEER INJUSTICE TO HINDUS"

POONA: April 29.

Characterising the District Magistrate's order against music at the Sonya Maruti Temple as denying to Hindus the elemental right of worship and as sheer injustice to Hindus, Mr. L. B. Bhopatkar, President of the Democratic Swaraj Party in a lengthy statement strongly criticises the attitude of the local authorities. He appeals to the Hindus to realise the value attached to their rights and privileges and exhorts them to "organise themselves and be a little more insistent in the assertion of their just claims."

Two men were taken into custody to-day in connection with the "Satyagraha" at Sonya Maruti Temple.—A.P.

Increasing Cholera Mortality At Nasik

NASIK: April 29.

Uneasiness prevails here over the increasing cholera mortality between the week-end and yesterday nearly a dozen people have died.

The Municipal authorities are taking adequate measures to combat the infection.—A.P.

TALK OF THE SUBURBS

(By A SUBURBAN MAN).

These days all suburbs seem to be talking about the Bombay East Indian community who are at the moment celebrating the Golden Jubilee of their Association.

Going through the history of Bombay written by a well-known Jesuit historian, we learn that the Bombay East Indian community are descendants of those converts converted by the Franciscan Portuguese missionaries about four centuries ago. The community has a population of about 100,000 people.

Taking the population of communities in India, the figure is considerably small, but yet this community boasts of having many prominent men who have risen in Government and Public Services.

The Association is at the moment celebrating its Golden Jubilee was established on May 26, 1877. During this time it has served the needs of its people in various ways. Its President, the well-known Dr. D. A. D'Monte, needs no introduction to my readers. He is well-known for his public spirited activities in the suburbs and the city. Dr. D'Monte has sacrificed a lot of his time and has contributed freely in the cause of the East Indian activities. The community has many more public spirited and energetic leaders.

Bassein and the villages in North Salsette which claim to have nearly half the population of the community wither in poverty and ignorance, they still have their expensive marriage ceremonies that put them in heavy debts, their evil habits of drink and their insanitary way of living. These ought to be problems that the Association ought to tackle.

The Association has done some really good work in promoting education in places closer to our city, but further down very little had been done and the East In-

dian people yet live in complete ignorance.

THAT FARLE BRIDGE DISPUTE.
The Farle Municipal Board has now become a target of many bombardsments these days. Troubles after troubles have arisen and it looks as if many more are in store for it.

That foot bridge controversy still rages and has now reached a new turn which, I am afraid, will have a serious ending.

They are now left with the question of maintaining two bridges, if not of being sued for damages by the donor of one bridge.

To-day, I am told, the Commissioner of the Northern Division, Mr. J. H. Garrett, is to visit Vile Parle and is to be a guest of Mr. Caesar D'Mello, the President of the Municipality.

Then the bridge controversy and the question of the division of the 16 elective seats on the Board between Vile Parle and Andheri is to be discussed. Let us hope they find a way of settling this disputes.

Chakla To Be Renamed Sheriffbhoy Street

BOMBAY CORPORATION DECIDES TO REFER PROPOSAL TO WORKS COMMITTEE

The Bombay Municipal Corporation turned down the request of Mr. Sultan M. Chinoy, Chairman of the Standing Committee, to take up for consideration, at its meeting on Thursday, as an urgent matter, the proposal of the Standing Committee to utilise a sum of Rs. 3,500 for distribution of sweets to the labour staff of the Corporation on the occasion of the King's Coronation.

The Municipal Commissioner in his letter addressed to the Standing Committee regarding the grant of Rs. 8,000 sanctioned by the Corporation for illuminations to the Corporation Buildings, had stated

Young Goans In Nadkarni Cup Football Final

HOLDERS BEATEN BY 2 GOALS

BOMBAY: Thursday.

The Young Goans 'A' qualified to meet the winners of Georgian Sporting and Dewjee's Kanara XI in the final of the Nadkarni Cup Football Tournament on Sunday, when they defeated the Bombay City, the holders of the Cup, at the Cooperage, this evening by two goals to nil.

A feature of Thursday's game, in the Nadkarni Cup Football Tournament, at the Cooperage, was the presence of a novel spectator, a small monkey sitting in the lap of its master and turning its head right and left to watch the run of play with keenness.

Before the play was hardly a minute old, the winners raided the Bombay City goal and J. D'Souza, their outside-left, had almost given a good finish to a combined movement, when the ball hit the goalpost. After this the City relieved pressure and tested their opponent's defence.

KICK-AND-RUSH TACTICS
The Goans' forwards gave a fine display of accurate passing and understanding and the kick-and-rush tactics adopted by them baffled the City defence.

In the 11th minute from the start, Telang, the Goans' centre-half, took a free kick from near the centre-line and opened their account with a beautifully measured dropping shot, which went right into the goal, over the City goal-keeper's head.

The Goans were playing a definitely superior game after they had established the lead and in the 25th minute they doubled their score when Michael, their centre-forward, headed in to score a spectacular goal, off a timely pass by Martin.

Just before the half-time whistle, the City goal had another narrow escape. Rozario, the winners' inside-left, shot hard and the opposing goal-keeper saved with great difficulty so that the Goans were leading by 2 goals at the interval.

GOALLESS HALF.
After resumption the Bombay City opened in an impressive manner, when their forwards got going and quite early in this half, Kolabker, their inside-left, had an excellent try but the winners' goal-keeper brought off a good save.

Telang, the Goans' pivot, had nearly repeated his performance of the first goal, taking a free kick from near the centre-line, but this time he was unlucky, the ball striking the woodwork. Off a corner awarded to the City, Prem Lal, the centre-half, headed in nicely but the opposing goal-keeper took a high jump and saved.

The play was now confined to midfield for most of the time except for the few break-aways, by the City forwards towards the end. They might have scored at least on one occasion but the winners' goal-keeper and the two backs gave them little scope and kept them at a respectable distance from their goal.

The Young Goans left the field winners by 2 goals to figure in the final on Sunday.

THE RESULT:
YOUNG GOANS 'A' 2 goals
BOMBAY CITY NIL.

THE TEAMS:
YOUNG GOANS 'A': Paul; Dias and Alvares; J. Pinto, Telang and C. D'Souza; Baptista, Martin, Michael, Rozario and J. D'Souza.

BOMBAY CITY: Martin; Manick and Ram Chandra; Tekchand, Prem Lal and Jairam; Swamy, Ramkrishna, Eapoo, Kolabker and Baile.

THE REFEREE: Mr. Birtchnell.

To-day's Match

SECOND SEMI-FINAL
Georgian Sporting V. Dewjee's Kanara XI. Kick-off 5-45 p.m.

FINE MUSICAL COMEDY

"Miss Hook Of Holland" Staged At Opera House

On Wednesday and Thursday evenings the pupils of St. Teresa's High School successfully staged "Miss Hook of Holland" at the Royal Opera House before an appreciative audience. On the first day Mr. Justice Barlee presided. The play will be repeated this evening for the last time.

With "Mikado", "San Toy", "Arcadia" and other popular musical plays presented before, the School has established a tradition of dramatic and musical skill which they maintained in the present performance, the credit for which goes to Mr. J. P. daCosta and Mrs. H. Flanders who are jointly responsible for its production.

ENJOYABLE SHOW.

Though the players are all amateurs—boys and girls from the age of five upwards—it was a thoroughly enjoyable show, both for music and the entertaining plot. The appropriate costumes and settings helped to accentuate the Dutch atmosphere required for the play.

Soli Nariman, whose gift for comedy is evident in this as well as in some previous productions of the School, was admirably cast as Mr. Hook. Hubert daCosta's characterisation of Fritz Schnapps was marked by all the polish, suavity and dramatic ability which have always impressed those

CAPITOL

Daily 3 Shows

AT 3-30, 6-30 & 10 P.M.

ITS NAME in every house!

ITS SONGS on every lip!

ITS STORY in every heart!

SHOW BOAT

With "Mikado", "San Toy", "Arcadia" and other popular musical plays presented before, the School has established a tradition of dramatic and musical skill which they maintained in the present performance, the credit for which goes to Mr. J. P. daCosta and Mrs. H. Flanders who are jointly responsible for its production.

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The Bombay Chronicle

BOMBAY: FRIDAY, APRIL 30, 1937

CONSTRUCTIVE WORK

The resolutions adopted by the Third Annual Conference of the Gandhi Seva Sangh, held at Hudli a few days ago, will deeply interest many besides the members and supporters of the Sangh. The Sangh itself is a small body of workers who have dedicated their lives to the practice of the principles of Truth and Non-violence as Gandhiji has enunciated them. To some extent it fills the gap left by the old Satyagrahashram of Sabarmati; only its members are not confined to any one place but are scattered all over the country. It seeks to excel more in the quality of its work than in its quantity, so as to be an example to other similar bodies. What is usually called Gandhiji's Constructive Programme is now carried out mainly by the specialised bodies like the All-India Spinners' Association, Harijan Sevak Sangh, and the All-India Village Industries Association, the co-ordinating element being provided to a large extent by the Gandhi Seva Sangh. A few Congress Committees and bodies like the Gandhi Seva Sena of Bombay also attend to some of the items of the Constructive Programme. But it is a pity that such committees are now too few.

Village Improvement

One of the most important resolutions of the Hudli Conference is that which deals with village improvement. Without trenching on the specialised work of the A. I. S. A. and the A. I. V. I. A., recommends to village workers in general that "for the next few years, they should undertake the following programme of village service, namely, the construction and repair of village roads, maintenance of proper conservancy arrangements in the villages, the digging and cleansing of wells, tanks, etc., improvement of village life by creating clean sports grounds, and, to the extent of their means, orchards, gardens, etc., that attempt should be made to obtain the co-operation of as many such inhabitants as possible in carrying out this programme; that, at times, a few days' special programme may be devised in which the village workers and enthusiastic inhabitants of neighbouring villages may be invited to co-operate therein by turns." It need

hardly be added that Gandhiji has worked out the programme himself and can testify to its efficacy not only in improving the villages and the villagers' general outlook on life but also in strengthening the bonds between the workers and the villagers. The programme is evidently meant to be illustrative and not exhaustive. It may be added to or otherwise amended according to local requirements, it being understood that the promotion of village industries like Khaddar should be the central feature of any programme.

Gandhiji's Lead

We earnestly hope all rural Congress Committees could take up a programme of constructive work more or less like the one recommended by the Hudli Conference. Indeed, it is now desirable to start a Congress Committee in every large village or a group of small neighbouring villages, each Committee engaging itself in such constructive work as may be possible in the locality. There is much loose talk now of establishing mass contacts. But such contacts cannot be lasting unless they are the outcome of helpful constructive work. It will not do to say what mighty things Congress will do when it gets enough power or how at some distant date it will radically reorganise the entire social structure. Village folk are simple but can soon enough see through mere talkers. Let Congress use whatever resources it already possess in the service of the villagers. That is the only effective way to spread Congress influence in the remotest villages and establish enduring mass contacts that will not snap at a critical moment. Most Congress Committees have too long neglected constructive work, particularly work in the villages. The sooner they make amends the better for the success of the great Congress plans for the near future. It is for this reason, we believe, that Gandhiji has been exerting his utmost at Allahabad to formulate a programme that will be acceptable to all groups in the Congress. We trust his lead, based on sound and varied experience and his almost intuitive knowledge of the needs of the situation, will be gratefully accepted by the country. There is none in India in whom her millions have more profound confidence.

National Service And The Cinema

The cine industry in India must organise itself, if it is to survive international competition. It must set its house in order for two reasons. First it must organise its financial resources and stability; second, it must promote the increasing supply of efficient, technical, labour and artistic talent. It must be, as far as practicable, self-contained and, certainly, self-reliant. It is true that the question of the manufacture of the requisite cine materials, machinery and equipment has not yet received the serious attention it deserves. Perhaps, the practical difficulties of the schemes seem at the moment insurmountable. They will have to be sooner or later overcome, however. But that is no reason why we should continue to be dependent and to wait indefinitely for employing those resources, however restricted they may at first sight appear to be, that are already at our disposal. The recent formation of the "Amateur Cine Group" is timely. If we welcome it, as we do, it is because we fully appreciate the ideas of its promoters and are completely conscious of its national importance. That being so, we cannot, naturally, welcome the new enterprise without certain very definite reservations. We

cannot approve, for example, the dominance of non-Indian names on the executive committee of the body and the ideas that found expression at the inaugural public meeting the other day at Green's. We think it singularly unfortunate that professional "technicians" and cine dealers should have, to all intents and purposes, crowded out the amateurs from the executive direction of a body meant, presumably, for amateurs. If the cine amateurs are serious-minded, if they are really eager to win national sympathy and support, they must at the earliest opportunity seek their independent existence. The Indian film producers, who met the other day, have wisely and justifiably, resolved to function as an independent body. A sub-committee appointed by the film producers is to report soon on film industry and conditions. It would therefore, be premature to discuss their aims or plans. But whatever may be the final cast of their decisions, we trust they will not overlook the national implications and objectives of the Cinema. Neither the amateurs nor the film producers can hope for national sympathy or support without definite programmes and objectives of national service we have, at the outset, suggested.

NEW FACTORY ACT FOR BRITAIN

48-Hour Week For Women And Young Persons

(By Mazdoor)

A Factory Bill is at present on the legislative anvil in Great Britain. A revision of the factory legislation of the country has been long overdue, as the Factory Act now in force there is the co-ordinating Act of 1901. The three decades and a half that have passed since the Factory Act of 1901 have witnessed important changes in both the tempo and structure of British industry, necessitating a large number of amendments to suit the changed and changing requirements of industry. The result was that the 163 sections of the Factory Act of 1901 have had to be supplemented by a bewildering variety of other Laws, Orders, Rules, Regulations, and Schedules. A thorough re-drafting and codification of laws relating to labour, therefore, became a prime necessity, and the new Factory Bill before Parliament is the outcome of this process.

The Bill and the Old Act Compared

A careful study of the provisions of the Bill shows that the projected legislation registers, on the whole, a considerable improvement on the conditions of life and work of England's millions of wage-earners. The clauses with regard to hours of work are certainly somewhat disappointing from the workers' point of view; in place of the I.L.O.'s demand for a 40-hour week, a demand which is being reiterated by workers the world over, the Bill still clings to the out-of-date ideal of the 48-hour week, and prescribes even this limited reduction of hours only in the case of women and young workers. Nevertheless, it is undeniable that the new Bill constitutes a definite improvement in several important respects on the existing Factory Act, and the influence of the I.L.O. is clearly discernible in many other forward steps contemplated in the Bill. Indeed, it is not improbable that but for the steady moral pressure exerted by the I.L.O., many of the reforms introduced in the present Bill might not have been undertaken at this juncture.

Extension of Scope: 7 Millions Workers Affected

Thus, as regards the scope of the new legislation, the Bill covers a much wider range of workers and affects nearly half the wage-earning population of Great Britain, regulating as it does the working life of some seven million men, women and young persons. Comparison of the Bill with Old Act shows that the outstanding feature of the Bill is that it abolishes the distinction maintained by the Act between textile and non-textile factories, and between factories and workshops. The earlier factory legislation dealt only with textile factories, and was gradually extended to other factories, but left workshops outside; the Bill makes the country's 6,000 textile factories, 160,000 non-textile factories and 75,000 workshops (unfortunately not all) subject to a comprehensive labour code which regulates the health, welfare, safety and working conditions of both factory and workshop employees.

Improved Factory Conditions

Secondly, the Bill evinces commendable solicitude for betterment of factory conditions and improvement of sanitary standards. There is a great advance in the provisions with regard to cleanliness, temperature, drinking water, fire protection, underground rooms, dust, lighting, air space (standard of 400 cubic feet of air space, instead of 250 cubic feet), and also for the protection of the young (weight lifting, work on dangerous machines, age of entry, etc.). The number of inspectors, which at present only amounts to 254, is to be considerably increased.

Hours of Work and Overtime

In respect of hours of work, the Bill prescribes a normal working week of 48 hours for women and young persons, instead of the 55 1/2 hour week in textile and the 60-hour week in non-textile factories which the present factory law permits. New regulations are also made regarding overtime work. Under the existing law, a woman or young person can be called upon to work in non-textile factories a total of 624 hours overtime in a year, and in textile factories, over and above the normal working week, 390 hours of overtime are permitted. Under the new Bill, the maximum of overtime is restricted to 100 hours in a year, 150 hours in seasonal undertakings and under special pressure of work, but they can be worked only a prescribed number of weeks in the year and must

(Continued on page 8 Col 4)

From The Spanish Front

Allegation By Spanish Paper Of An Agreement Between Franco And Britain

(From Our Own Correspondent)

LONDON: (By Air Mail) Mr. James Maxton, M.P., Chairman of the Independent Labour Party, and Mr. Fenner Brockway, the Secretary, have secured an option for the purchase of a ship to take foodstuffs to Bilbao.

Mr. Brockway told a reporter that he was confident that they would be able to raise the £40,000 necessary for the purchase of a ship to take foodstuffs to Bilbao. "We are taking steps to establish a limited liability company to take over the boat" said Mr. Brockway. "With a directorate whose personnel will win confidence. One of our recruits is Mr. Wilfred Roberts, Liberal M.P., who is giving active assistance and is prepared to serve on the Board. Miss Ethel Mannin, the novelist, has sold investments to make a loan of £1,000 towards the purchase of the boat."

"We are asking for loans on the basis that when the ship has served its purpose it will be sold, and the loans will be repaid according to the proportion of the original cost that we get. The option for the purchase of a boat was made by Mr. Maxton and myself because we felt we had to seize the opportunity. But our purpose from the beginning was to make an effort representative of all sections of the British people who are sympathetic with the Spanish people in their struggle against Fascism."

The ship, Mr. Brockway added, would be at the disposal of the Spanish authorities for conveying food and medical supplies to Spain as long as the need remained. Then it would be sold and the company wound up.

Question Of Danger

On the question of danger, Mr. Brockway said: "Reports we have received to-day strengthen our conviction that the blockade is bluff. For example, two English women, Miss Brown and Lloyd Williams and Mrs. Gee, who have just returned from Bilbao, where they went on behalf of the Society of Friends and the Save the Children Fund, interviewed at St. Jean de Luz two of the captains of the boats which have been turned

back from Bilbao. They found that they were very anxious to go through to Bilbao, and ridiculed the view that it was dangerous to do so. One of them—the captain in the Hamsterley—had been in and out of Bilbao three weeks before and nothing untoward had occurred. This captain had been so impressed by the starvation in Bilbao that he had given away his own ship's stores to the people."

"While the British Government is advising that British ships should not proceed to Bilbao, Mr. Eden made the definite statement in the House of Commons that protection would be afforded if a British ship insisted on claiming the right to proceed to Bilbao up to the three-mile limit. The Basque authorities say that the entrance to the harbour has been cleared of any danger of mines, and that the forts at Bilbao can protect any ship within the three-mile limit. It would, therefore, be a matter of the ship's proceeding to the three-mile limit under the promised British protection, and then making a dash for the port under conditions which, we are assured, are safe."

It has been decided to send the ship with food to Bilbao in a fortnight's time.

Sensational Allegation

There is considerable speculation in political circles here as to what the British reaction will be to a sensational allegation regarding British policy made by "Politica", the organ of President Azaña and the Left Republican Party.

The newspaper affirms, with an air of authority, that there exists already between the British Government and the insurgent authorities at Salamanca, a perfectly definite agreement concerning certain guarantees to be given by General Franco in return for British support of the insurgent cause. The article says that Franco has discussed with the British Government the form of Government he will establish in Spain if he proves victorious and has also submitted a comprehensive scheme for the future exploitation

of the general resources of Spain by certain British capitalists and financial groups. The "Politica" emphasises the grave international consequences of such an agreement.

It is widely felt here that the British authorities who have so frequently declared their neutrality in the Spanish war, must offer some explanation or denial of these allegations by a responsible newspaper.

In order to create an abundant reserve of man power, all men between the ages of 18 and 45 years must, from Monday, April 19, attend a course of military instruction at the special school which has been opened by the military authorities of Madrid.

British Women's Interest

VALENCIA: when the duchess of Atholl and Miss Ellen Wilkinson, M. P., visited the Jarama front on Monday, April 19, there was considerable activity by German artillery from the insurgent side. The General of the Division in command of this front explained the military situation to the two ladies, who later visited the village of Morata de Tajuna, which the insurgents claimed to have captured three weeks ago, though it is actually several miles from the front. The Duchess of Atholl and the others of the British women's delegation, accompanied by Senorita Margarita Nelken, Deputy from Badajoz, visited two colonies for refugee children at Valencia.

In the name of the British Women's Committee against War and Fascism, Mrs. Haden Guest distributed on Monday, April 19, to Spanish mothers, baby clothes and women's garments, which had been sent to Spain by the women of Ealing, Clapham and Battersea. Mrs. Haden Guest also distributed a quantity of milk. These gifts were received with great demonstration of enthusiasm.

Mrs. Guest's nineteen-year-old daughter, Angela, has been in Spain since the beginning of the war. At present she has taken the post of a broadcaster in Barcelona.

(Continued on Page 9, Col. 4.)

FRANKLY SPEAKING

NAUSEATING.

The Spanish insurgent offensive against the Basques is a calculated act of bestial inhumanity. Franco has almost matched himself with his masters, the Fascists, and it is no wonder that he has shocked all decent minds. The denial of beastly atrocities is so blatantly a lie that it only renders his crime worse and his invitation to foreign correspondents to visit Vittorito aerodrome and verify his denial "by an examination of the books," still further confirms his guilt. For, who does not know the methods of the rebels, whose masters Italy and Germany—the real fighters—are not on "the books"? But the wonder is that, in spite of Franco's obvious lies Mr. Anthony Eden, the British Foreign Secretary, should seek to profess an open mind as to who is responsible. Such deliberately nonsensical statesmanship is nauseating. But what are civilisation, democracy and civil lives to British statesmanship? And what is honest non-intervention either? For this sudden assumption of an elaborate and fierce offensive is clear proof of Germany and Italy having again helped Franco. But Britain dare not move.

CRISIS IN ZANZIBAR.

We are glad that the Working Committee has expressed its deep concern over the impending plight of Indian clove merchants in Zanzibar. The draft Bills proposed by the Zanzibar Government constitute an open violation of the 1898 treaties and tend, as the Committee rightly point out, to exclude Indians from the clove trade, deprive them of all means of recovering their just dues from clove growers and inflict a death-blow upon their vital economic interests. And all this is being openly done in the interests of a close corporation for

the benefit of British capitalists. The utter and cynical injustice of the draft Bills is obvious, so also is the strength of national feeling in India on the subject. Will the Government of India respond to Indian opinion and determine to protect the interests of Zanzibar Indians as other Governments protect the interests of their nationals abroad? Or must we remember that they are first and foremost a subordinate branch of British Imperial administration?

ATTEMPT A SETTLEMENT.

The Congress leaders of Poona, while condemning the District Magistrate's order in connection with the Sonja Maruti Temple as an encroachment on the legal rights of the Hindus, also hold the present Ministry responsible for the order. However, as the Satyagraha campaign has been disowned both by the Democratic Swaraj Party and the local Hindu Mahasabha, it may well be suspended in favour of attempts at an amicable settlement between the communities themselves. The Congress leaders have done well to offer their services in this direction. Indeed, they may even take the initiative in the matter instead of waiting to be approached by others. Meanwhile, we cannot too strongly condemn the fact that such a prominent leader as Mr. S. L. Karandikar, M.L.A., has been given only a 'B' class in jail in defiance of contravention of the classification rules.

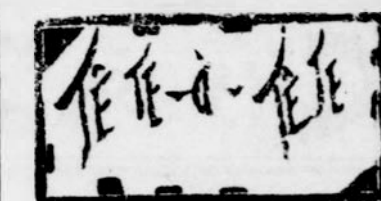
MANGO CANNING INDUSTRY.

We cordially welcome the attempts that are being made to start the mango canning industry in Bombay City. Fruit-canning has vast possibilities in India, which abounds in tropical fruits of varied kinds. Mango canning, in particular, is a virtual monopoly of India and the whole world relishes this "queen of tropical fruits." Nor is the industry a ha-

zardous experiment at present, though it, of course, needs expert advice. The success of the pioneer Oriental Cannery Company of Honavar in Kanara District, which was started as long ago as 1908, and whose products have been prized all over India and even in Europe and America, should encourage those who wish to start similar concerns wherever suitable mangoes are available in large quantities. It is said that some Princes are considering a scheme to join the Honavar Cannery and develop it on a much extended scale. Whether the scheme materialises in the near future or not, Bombay City has exceptional facilities in canning, not only mangoes, but also several other Indian fruits. We trust, therefore, that the proposed concern will be a complete success.

"HARI HAKDAR."

While the Haris of Sind have to bear all the hardships and misfortunes which are the common lot of the Indian peasantry, there are various grievances of their own which have so far gone not only unredressed but also even unnoticed. Sind is one of the more benighted provinces in India, and in many parts medieval conditions still exist. The Hari nas, therefore to submit to the various exactions—legal and illegal—of the Zamindars and the money-lenders. His lot has been gradually going from bad to worse and the recent economic conditions have reduced him to the brink of starvation. The amelioration of the Hari is thus the foremost problem facing Sind, and it is gratifying to note that the Haris themselves are evincing a new spirit of regeneration. Their leaders have coined a most apposite slogan "Hari Hakdar"—the Haris, too, have rights. A deputation was recently taken to the Ministers to explain their grievances, and seek redress. It is regrettable, however, that Sir



WITHOUT COMMENT—

Sir Ghulam Hussain Hidayatullah moved the first reading of the Bill Number (1) of 1937 seeking to fix the salary of Ministers at Rs. 2,000 per mensem. The Chief Minister declared that they were prepared to accept Rs. 1,500 on principles of equality and fraternity. The Chief Minister was not asking more salary than his colleagues. They were content with a living wage, as Ministers should be above want.

—Sind Assembly Proceedings.

* * * * *
Sir Reza Ali, "Agent to the Government of India in South Africa," too, suggests that the only possible way out of the impasse is "by arranging a meeting between the Viceroy and Mr. Gandhi."

We, of course, agree on the fundamental condition that the intermediary should, by rights, be Mr. M. A. Jinnah.

* * * * *
"An ordinary berth is good enough for me. We are out to save public money," so saying the Bihar Chief Minister declined the use of a special coach that had been provided for him.

Whereat the Junior Colleague advises the Hon. Mr. Jannadas M. Mehta to send the following clear-the-line telegram to Mr. Yunos:

"Regret your self-denying ordinance. Places me in most awkward position (vide my photo published simultaneously in Friendly Press against background of beautiful reserved Saloon). Am with you in stealing Congress thunder, but not Ministerial coaches. Let there be honour among ourselves. Hell safeguards. Jannadas Mehta."

JUVENILE BLUNDER—

Bori Bunder Minor depletes Congress suspicion and distrust of "the good intentions of the British Parliament and its authorised spokesmen."

The British Parliament and its authorised spokesmen wouldn't like the choice of the phrase "good intentions." They suggest the proverbial paving stones to hell.

* * * * *
"India," we are informed, "is first in order of precedence in the March of the Overseas Coronation contingents on May 14."

All that is needed to complete our happiness is for Anglo-India to wax ecstatic over this conclusive evidence of India's proud pre-eminence in the British Commonwealth of Nations.

The Basque President says in a proclamation:—

"Before God and before posterity that judge us all I affirm that for three and a half hours German aeroplanes bombarded the defenceless civil population of the historic city of Guernica with unexampled savagery. They reduced it to ashes pursuing with machine-gun fire women and children who perished in great numbers, while the remainder fled, insane with terror. Quite true, every word of it."

But it's no good affirming before God and posterity. The President must try to square Messrs. Baldwin and Eden, which, of course, would be a real miracle.

* * * * *
"Berlin: April 28.—Suggestions of German connection with the bombing of Guernica are sharply rejected officially."

And Tweedledum is what Mr. Anthony Eden is concerned with.

* * * * *
But while "Germany is not concerned in this affair," let it not be thought that Nazis are inhumanly indifferent. Oh, no. "Every one regards the fate of the town." As, for instance, General Goering, who was so "inspired" by regret that he couldn't discuss the Spanish situation with Mussolini, and decided to await further development.

* * * * *
The good General, by the way, is particularly sensitive to incendiaries. It always goes straight to his heart; as, for instance, on the occasion of the Reichstag Fire. There was no depth to his regret.

* * * * *
The judge was disgusted with the attempts of the accused to defend himself.

"I've never seen such clumsy lying," he declared: "why on earth don't you get a lawyer to act for you?"

* * * * *
Ghulam Hussain, the Chief Minister, should have dismissed the deputations with the usual vague promises of sympathies. Neither does the programme adopted by the Ministry reveal any pressing anxiety to relieve the Haris' lot. The latter must, therefore, organise and create the necessary sanctions to establish their rights.

Rebels Claim Breaking Fronts Over 62 Miles

Basques Hold Mountains Flanking Durango

RETURN OF IRISH BRIGADE FROM SPAIN

BILBAO, April 29. BASQUE TROOPS ABANDONED DURANGO AT 18 HOURS. IT IS CLAIMED THAT ALL TROOPS AND STORES HAVE BEEN EVACUATED ACCORDING TO PLAN WITHOUT LOSS.

The basques claim that they still hold the mountains flanking Durango.

The steamer "Backworth" arrived carrying coal, and wood in addition to foodstuffs as subscribed. The "Backworth" was escorted by a British destroyer as far as three-mile limit.

A Hendaye message says:—The insurgents claim to have captured villages near coast and southern section, also the Calamonda Montrono heights, thus completely breaking the Biscaya Guipuzcoa fronts over more than 62 miles.

A Dublin message says:—It is learned that General O'Duffy's Brigade will return from Spain in a few weeks, the reasons given are: firstly, owing to Free State action legislating to prevent volunteers proceeding to Spain the Brigade is unable to maintain strength by replacing casualties, and secondly, men were enlisted for six months or the duration of war whichever is shorter and most of them have already been in Spain for several months.

Germany Denies Bombing Of Town

BERLIN, April 28. The suggestions of German connection with the bombing of Guernica are sharply rejected officially. It denied to Reuters that any German or any German aeroplane participated. A spokesman said "Everyone regrets fate of the town, Germany is not concerned in this affair."—Reuter.

Foreign Office Approves M. P.'s Suggestions

LONDON, April 28. The statement that foreign office had authorised him to say that the evacuation of the civil population from Bilbao had their warmest approval was made by Wilfred Roberts, M. P. following a meeting in the Commons attended by Duchess of Atholl, Arthur Slater Rathbone and other members of Commons who are organising a plan to evacuate children from Bilbao.

ANGLO-AMERICAN FRIENDSHIP

Main Factor For World Peace, Says U. S. Ambassador

LONDON, April 28. The United States Ambassador in London, Mr. R. K. Bingham, again emphasised in a speech here the joint concern of Britain and America in preserving peace. The peoples of both the United States and the British Commonwealth valued beyond price their heritage of justice, liberty and freedom under the law, and these things bound them together. He recalled the recent words of President Roosevelt, which he said could not too often be emphasized, that mutual interest in world peace was the common inspiration between the two nations.—Reuter.

P. & O. DECLARE 5 P. C. DIVIDEND

LONDON, April 28. The P. and O. cumulative preferred half year interim dividend is declared at five percent. per annum. No interim on deferred stock.—Reuter.

INDIAN HOCKEY PLAYER IN PLANE CRASH

LONDON, April 28. Miam Rashid Ahmad, the all-India hockey player, crashed on the outskirts of Netley Abbey, Hampshire and suffered slight head injuries. His monoplane was totally wrecked.—Reuter.

FLOOD HAVOC IN ONTARIO

LONDON, April 29. Thamesville (Ontario) London is a virtually isolated town. Hundreds of people are marooned in the upper floors and thousands had to flee from their homes in the surrounding countryside. Farmers had to wade waist-deep to release terrified livestock.—Reuter.

DRIFTING TO DISASTER

"Viceroy Must Establish Personal Contact With Gandhiji"

MADRAS, April 29. Interviewed by the Associated Press regarding the Working Committee resolution Sir Mohamed Usman (a former Acting Governor of Madras) said:—"After reading Mr. Butler's statement in the House of Commons and the resolution of the Congress Working Committee passed yesterday, I strongly feel that the door is still open for further negotiations. I sincerely trust that something will be done to end the impasse as early as possible and make the Government of India Act work in the proper manner."

AVERT DISASTER.

Sir P. S. Sivaswami Iyer said: "The resolution of the Working Committee shows that it is stiffening its attitude. While it is willing to receive any overtures for settlement from Government, it is going to take the initiative itself. It is most unfortunate that while real differences between the Government and Mr. Gandhiji seem to be very narrow they should both be deterred by considerations of prestige from drawing closer to each other and bridging the gulf. The tone of the speeches of Lord Zetland and Mr. Butler has caused considerable irritation in Congress circles and distrust caused by past history is put forward as ground for insisting on the assurances. The Government would be acting graciously and magnanimously if, on the eve of the Coronation, it gave the assurance of the kind required and instructed the Viceroy to establish personal contact with Gandhiji. Otherwise the country would be drifting to disaster. No time must be lost in summoning a meeting of the Legislatures.—A.P.

"THANKS TO WISDOM OF GANDHIJI"

MADRAS, April 29. Commenting on the Working Committee's resolution the "Madras Mail" writes:—"Fortunately, thanks to the wisdom of Mr. Gandhiji, the Congress has not banged the door against further overtures."

The "Indian Express" says that if British statesmen felt any concern for the constitution, they would take the steps necessary to keep it immediately alive, whatever may happen to it in the future. If they choose however, to kill it, India will shed no tears.

The "Swadeshimitra" says:—"The Congress has left the door for honourable compromise yet open and it is for Government to take the initiative in giving the required assurance.—A.P.

CONGRESS TO CONTEST MUSLIM SEAT

(From Our Correspondent.) ALLAHABAD April 29. Nisar Ahmed Sherwani, brother of the late T. A. K. Sherwani has been nominated Congress Candidate for the bye-election from Jalaun Jhansi constituency. It may be recalled that Mr. Sherwani was defeated in the last election. The Muslim league will oppose him in the bye-election.

ROOSEVELT'S PLANS TO EASE DEFICIT

WASHINGTON, April 29. President Roosevelt it is authoritatively reported, is in favour of the new proposals to balance the United States budget proposal and 'inter alia' authorities 15 per cent of all appropriations of the fiscal year 1938 amounting to over 1,000 million dollars to be withheld and impounded, such impoundment to be spent only when released by the President.

India Will Lead Coronation Procession

LONDON, April 28. India is first in order of precedence in the march of the overseas Coronation Contingents from Wellington Barracks on May 14 for presentation of Coronation medals by the King at Buckingham Palace. After India follow in succession Canada, Australia, New Zealand, South Africa, South Rhodesia, Burma and Colonial contingents. Londoners are arranging a specially demonstrative welcome for the contingents during the march back to barracks after the Palace ceremonies.—Reuter.

Anglo-French Financial Difficulties

American Markets Upset

NEW YORK, April 29. Disturbing reports of financial difficulties in London and Paris appeared to be the major reason for general uneasiness and widespread fall in yesterday's American markets. The year's largest engagement of gold from any country constituted the booking of 21,603,000 dollars from England yesterday. This brings the total from London since 28/9 483,000,000 dollars. That the treasury should not buy any more gold from abroad at over 25 dollars an ounce, is the gist of the resolution introduced in the House of Representatives.—Reuter.

TWELVE HOUR MOTORING RECORD BROKEN

(SPECIAL CABLE.) MONTLHERY, April 29. Capt. Eyston beat twelve hour motoring record covering 1912.467 kilometres at average speed of 159.372 kilometres per hour.

Stalybridge Bye-Election

LONDON, April 29. The Stalybridge bye-election resulted as follows:—Trevorcox (National Conservative)—21,901. Reverend Gordon-lank (Labour)—21,567. The contest was due to the resignation on account of ill-health of Philip Dunne (National Conservative).—Reuter.

Gold Threatens To "Go Off"

U. S. A. CAUGHT OUT IN MIDAS POLICY

Danger To Grigg's Apple Cart If India Becomes Buyer At Low Level

BOMBAY, April 29. A serious financial situation is developing, particularly with regard to gold. Since European countries went off the gold standard, the world production has increased rapidly, and is now double, owing to the big rise in price.

India has also played an important part and has exported gold valued to the extent of Rs. 2,96,35,40,766. European countries are not keen buyers of gold, but the Washington Administration had been consistently buying all available gold at enhanced prices. It seems that Washington has now realised the mistake, as its gold holdings at present have reached burdensome levels.

DESPITE DENIALS. Thus America seems tired of acquiring world's gold supplies and although there are official denials of change in the gold buying policy, there exists substantial grounds for belief that in the absence of any satisfactory solution for world's surplus of gold, there will be some serious development in the international financial situation. So far, there is nothing definite in this line, but it is rumoured that the U.S. Government will not be able to buy all available gold as Russia is selling heavily.

Any move to stop buying is bound to lower gold price, and if prices decline to attractive levels, India will be out to re-buy and replace.

IF INDIA BUYS. If India starts buying, it will have far-reaching effect on the local financial and economic conditions. There will be sudden demand for money, and the artificial Exchange ratio of 1/6 will be put to a severe test. There will be stringency of money which will depress prices of shares, securities and commodities in this country. In case, the exchange ratio is disturbed, it will add to difficulties.

This is all problematic and needs extreme caution at the moment.

DECLINE IN GOLD PRICE. Latest foreign cables indicate some financial development in London and to-day there was considerable selling gold in the local market, and prices which were quoted at Rs. 34/12/3 yesterday, declined to-day to Rs. 34/1. Later on London reports were contradicted and prices immediately rallied to Rs. 34/8. Local Banks were free buyers of gold to-day.

Later on it was learnt that a senator in U.S.A. would move a bill to buy gold at a fixed price of 25 dollars per oz.

Will Slump In World Stock Markets Affect London?

We Are Caught In A Vicious Circle, Says Leading Businessman

LONDON, April 29. The City wears a worried and apprehensive look, wondering whether the slump in world stock markets will lead to any big failures here, Paris or Johannesburg. "We are caught in a vicious circle, forced liquidations bringing out more forced liquidation with each setback increasing the existing difficulties but, with the continuance of cheap money in conjunction with present favourable business news, it is hard to resist the temptation of stocks at present too low, especially as the decline is due to purely technical reasons and does not reflect a change in trade cycle," said a leading business man.

On the stock Exchange, business is very hard to transact, being purely a matter of negotiation as jobbers are quoting only very wide prices in order to protect themselves against the possibility of being involved in any major failure.

Meanwhile, the Dollar weakens as British and French rush to sell American securities, repatriating funds in order to meet calls in Home markets. Commodity, dealers are unwilling to commit themselves as to the future course of events and point out that the demoralisation, existing in their markets, is directly attributable to the action of stock markets and everything depends upon whether the latter will manage to weather the storm.—Reuter.

NEPAL ORDER FOR KING

Special Mission Present Title Of Rajanya At Buckingham Palace

LONDON, April 29. His Majesty was presented with the Nepal Order of Rajanya at the Buckingham Palace, when wearing uniform, he received a Special Mission headed by Sir Kaiser Shumshere Jung Bahadur Rana. The visitors wore colourful native dress with plumed headdresses.—Reuter.

INCREASED DEFICIT IN U. P. BUDGET

Cabinet May Grant More Revenue Remissions

LUCKNOW, April 29. The "United Press" reliably understands that revenue remission in the United Provinces due to the damage caused by the hail storm and recent rains, will be more than Rs. 11 lakhs. Of these Rs. 4 lakhs has been already announced in Cawnpore, Sitapur, Allahabad and the rest will be announced soon.

The original provision in the budget was Rs. 5 lakhs but due to extensive damage of crops and wide-spread distress in the rural areas the Government are increasing the remission by Rs. 6 lakhs more. This will enhance the anticipated deficit budget of Rs. 40 lakhs by another sum of Rs. 6 lakhs.

This and another allied problem were considered, it is stated, at yesterday's meeting of the Cabinet. Extensive retrenchments in the Government Departments are likely to be affected to reduce the budget deficit.—United Press.

Where Congress & League Disagree

Another Statement By Jinnah

BOMBAY, April 29. Mr. M. A. Jinnah has issued the following statement:—

"My attention has been drawn to two successive statements of Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru, dated about 25th April and I wish I can honestly say some Congress leaders have been asserting that there is no Hindu-Muslim question and that the minorities' problem does not exist in India. I did not say that Pandit Jawaharlal was functioning as a dictator, but I did say that he was talking as such, and it is quite clear from his statement that he is talking as if he were a sovereign authority. He says:

"Personally I find it difficult to think of any question on communal lines." That may be so, but 99 per cent. of the people who surround him, not only think on communal lines, but their words and their deeds speak eloquently.

"However, I am glad that the President, to put it in his own words, attaches

"the greatest importance to the building up of a united India and of removing differences and suspicions, which unfortunately separate sometimes various religious groups."

POLITICAL ORGANISATION.

"It is not only religious groups but political groups, which do not agree with the Congress with regard to its policy and programme. I think he is doing a very great injustice when he talks of the Muslim League as a religious group. The Muslim League is a political organisation and its policy and programme differs in vital respects from that of the Congress. For instance, the Congress policy as interpreted by him in his latest statement is, to use his own words:

"The objective of the Congress is political independence, that is, the capture of power by the people of India." That when that power is captured he will by means of a constituent assembly frame the constitution for India with a strong hand. When he was asked when will this be achieved, his reply was, "During my life-time." I wish him long life. In the meantime he is preparing for a revolution to destroy the imperialistic power not only in India but all over the world, and thus he will succeed in removing our crushing poverty and unemployment for which he is working. In his school of thought there is no programme pending the achievement of the great ideal except to destroy every other party, who dares to differ from him in any way. He is welcome to put forward this ideal and Utopia, but I regret to say that I cannot subscribe to it having regard to the conditions and realities of the situation in India. I see in this no immediate relief on economic lines to the poverty and unemployment which is facing us. I warn the Mussalmans, therefore, not to jump into this and take a leap in the dark, and I may say to the better-minded Hindus, "Please think before it is too late."

CONGRESS V. LEAGUE.

Next, the policy and the programme of the All-India Muslim League are laid down and until they are changed by the All-India Muslim League, we are bound to pursue our programme that we must work the Provincial Constitution for what it is worth, having regard to the present conditions of our country. This does not mean that we are not as stoutly opposed to the Government of India Act, 1935, as any other party. Whereas the Congress policy and programme is to wreck the constitution, whatever that may mean, I say this because it is being interpreted and construed in different ways by

I appeal to the better mind of Hindus and say that proceeding on the lines of alliances and honourable settlement as equals is a surer course and path towards a united front, which will alone win freedom for India.—A.P.

different spokesmen of the Congress. Third, we stand by the communal Award until a substitute is agreed upon by the various communities concerned, whereas the Congress is out to destroy it, and refuses even to accept it provisionally till we may come to an honourable settlement of our own. Next, our basic principle is that the rights and the interests of the minorities must be safeguarded in any constitution by whomsoever it may be framed. The Congress considers this as utter nonsense.

"SUICIDAL"

Next in the present circumstances and the realities of India the Muslim League is not prepared to resort to direct action, because it will be suicidal in the present divided condition of India. Thus it will be seen that the vital differences are not confined only to minorities problems.

I am rather amused when Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru refers to the Congress resolution passed at Karachi and proceeds to say that this assurance has been repeated in the Congress election manifesto and is the basis of the Congress policy, and says: "It applies to all majorities and minorities alike and it is unthinkable that the Congress will even vary it." Here then it is obvious that Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru not only talks platitudes, but speaks as if he possessed sovereign authority over the minorities. Surely, Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru has studied the histories of other countries where the minority question not only limited to the "assurances" embodied in the Congress Election Manifesto which any decent Government is bound to give. The spirit of his attitude is again indicated in the next paragraph where he stated: "Having given this solemn assurance, the Congress has nothing further to do with religious or cultural matters and it pursues its political struggle." Does he not know that besides such religious and cultural matters, there is an absolute necessity for political adjustment as to the rights and interests of the minorities?

However, no useful purpose would be served in continuing this controversy. I appeal to the Mussalmans to organise themselves.

We want no assurance from one party or the other in this country, or for the matter of that from the British Government. It is only by organising and presenting a united front that the Mussalmans will secure their rights which are due to them in the future Government of our country, and it is only by organising and gaining strength on our own merits that we shall be able to defend any encroachment by or dictation from others, and that is the reason why frantic efforts are made to prevent the Mussalmans from organising, and we are asked to liquidate and wind up the Muslim League. I have been appealing to the Congress leaders not to pursue this new orientation of their policy and programme. It is sure to lead to greater bitterness. Of course, in theory nobody disputes that any party has a right to put up a candidate in any constituency they like, but it is the spirit and intention of such a move which has got to be considered and judged. I have repeatedly said that if the Congress or any other party is willing to co-operate, our hand is there to the extent that we can agree for the betterment and the advancement of India's welfare.

I appeal to the better mind of Hindus and say that proceeding on the lines of alliances and honourable settlement as equals is a surer course and path towards a united front, which will alone win freedom for India.—A.P.

ing to commit themselves as to the future course of events and point out that the demoralisation, existing in their markets, is directly attributable to the action of stock markets and everything depends upon whether the latter will manage to weather the storm.—Reuter.

JAVA-AUSTRALIA AIR SERVICE

SYDNEY, April 29. The Government have granted the Netherlands-Indies Air Company, Subsidiary of Royal Dutch Air Lines, permission to establish a service between Java and Australia.

It is understood that the arrangement begins this year with two planes weekly.—Reuter.

COPIES OF "ROY'S WEEKLY" SEIZED?

Jaumpu. Youth Conference Sensation

LUCKNOW, April 29. The police raided the President's residence and the delegates' camps on the occasion of the District Youth Conference at Jaumpu, states a report received here.

Mr. Ramkrishna Khatri, an ex-Kakori case convict, had gone from Lucknow to preside over that conference at Jaumpu. It is stated that the police took away about a dozen copies of "Independent India" edited by Mr. M. N. Roy and also seized some correspondence.—United Press.

Plight Of Panch Mahals

Measures For Relief: Works For Needy Persons: Grant Of Doles Freely: Cheap Grain Shops In Large Numbers

The Government of Bombay have issued the following communiqué:—
Government after full consideration have decided that the relief measures in the Panch Mahals should continue to be managed as scarcity measures but that since distress is locally fairly severe the arrangements should approximate as closely as possible to those adopted on a declaration of famine.
The principal implication of this is that all those genuinely in need of work who apply for it will either be given work or something for their subsistence until work is available for them. Government have decided that immediate effect should be given to this provision of the Famine Code in the Panch Mahals.

It has always been the intention of Government to provide work for all those who need them and who prove their need by readiness to do a reasonable distance to them.

Important new road works involving a large quantity of earth work were sanctioned by Government last week. They have instructed the local officers to make proposals for any additional works necessary to ensure that work is available, for all who genuinely require it, in good time. Any expenditure necessary to enable workers who wish to do so to live in huts in proximity to the works will be provided by Government.

Government have also issued orders that doles should be given more freely than in the past and that care should be taken to see that all those who need doles get them.

Additional Officers.
In order to improve the supervision of the works, and to see that as far as possible all neces-

sities cases are attended to Government have created a temporary post of deputy collector who will be an additional prant officer in the Panch Mahals sub-division. They have also appointed two medical officers, one for Dohad taluka and one for Jhalod Petha, to assist the local medical officers in caring for the health of workers and others and in supervising the sanitary arrangements including water supply on the works.

Cheap Grain Shops.
Instructions have been issued that grass should be imported as soon as the existing stock in the Government godowns at Dohad approaches exhaustion and that the usual railway rebates should be given on all imports of grass and fodder into the Panch Mahals on Government account.

They have also issued instructions that cheap grain shops should be sufficient in number and should be kept provided with an adequate stock of grain.

OUR READERS' VIEWS

Mr. Jinnah And The Congress

To The Editor of "The Chronicle".
Sir.—Mr. Jinnah's statement as regards Mahatma Gandhi's demand for assurance from the Governors is very surprising. The public has always known Mr. Jinnah as an uncompromising critic of the Government and a keen and fearless patriot. His memorable fourteen points gave a sudden shock to the country, as an unpleasant turn towards communalism in his political career. But now his recent statement has completed the effect.
When Mr. Jinnah came to Ahmedabad during the Assembly elections to address a meeting of the Muslim voters, the meeting was broken up and Mr. Jinnah had to abandon the meeting. His nominee, a very able and deserving man of high status and culture was defeated at the polls. Ahmedabad is the biggest place next to Bombay in the Presidency, and the Ahmedabad Muslims have not recognised Mr. Jinnah as their leader. If so, may I know whom Mr. Jinnah represents and for whom does he claim to speak and ask for substitute of reserve powers of the Governors when the latter are requested to give assurances to the Congress ministries not to interfere in their programme?

The country belongs to the majority community as well as to the minority community. The burden of the Government presses equally upon both. The taxes and duties, laws and regulations, opportunities and restrictions fall equally upon both communities. Where is then any scope for fears and misgivings in the mind of the minority community? The man in the street feels that these differences are differences without distinction. They are put up and played upon by interested people more to their personal and party benefit than to that of the community for whom they claim to speak. I claim to know the Muslim masses in Ahmedabad and I can say that they have heard of Gandhiji and Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru and Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel more than of the brilliant Mr. Jinnah and his Bombay leader, Sir A. M. K. Dehlavi. They will readily trust their interests more in the hands of the former than in those of the latter. Then may I again ask for whom do Mr. Jinnah and Sir A. M. K. Dehlavi speak? Echo answers Whom.—Yours etc.,
K. N. SHAH.
Ahmedabad, April 25.

Gandhiji In 'Punch's' Cartoon

To the Editor of "The Chronicle".
Sir.—With reference to the "Non-Co-operation" cartoon of the "Punch" published in to-day's "Times of India," dated April 29, will you kindly allow me to pro-

POINTS FROM LETTERS

Quadrangular Controversy

S. DAVID supports the suggestion which is made by the "Indian Christian Patriot" and others, that the European side in the Bombay Quadrangular Tournament should absorb the Indian Christians and that the side should be thenceforth called the Christians.

Borsad Grievance

SHAMBHUBHAI BHAILABHAI (Borsad) appeals to the Government to end the impasse that has arisen in Borsad regarding the erection of stand posts for supplying water to the poor and middle class people.

Harijan Leader's Appeal

D. K. BHAGAT, M.L.A. (Yeotmal) appeals to the Governor of the Central Provinces to include a representative of the "Depressed" Classes in the present 'interim' Ministry of that Province.

Test against the cartoonist, the producer and the reproducer of the same—all, for having been unjust to Mahatma Gandhi by showing him therein as holding a 'gun' when he so much preaches and practises Non-Violence. Thanking you.—Yours etc.,

SHEWAK BHOJRAJ.

Gama—Von Kraemer Match

To The Editor of "The Chronicle".
Sir.—With reference to the letter from a Mr. Pendse published in your columns on the 23rd inst. about the wrestling match between Gama and Von Kraemer I am wondering if this gentleman is not the Mr. Pendse who was announcing a local wrestling match that never came off because one of the wrestlers never put in his appearance. I am wondering if this gentleman is not the Mr. Pendse who was announcing a local wrestling match that never came off because one of the wrestlers never put in his appearance. I am wondering if this gentleman is not the Mr. Pendse who was announcing a local wrestling match that never came off because one of the wrestlers never put in his appearance.

I am recalling the incident because if any influential sporting association is promoting wrestling it should receive every encouragement. It is a notorious fact that mercenary considerations urging on gambling enter into the transactions of promotion even in Europe and America and in the latter country wrestling has practically been killed in recent years.

The title of 'world champion' has been conferred on Gama by

WHEN DEADLOCK WILL END

At The End Of Six Months When Governors Summon Legislatures

AMRAOTI, April 29.
The question as to who should take the initiative in starting fresh negotiations to solve the present impasse, without loss of prestige should be automatically solved, when at the end of the six months' period the Governors in those provinces, where Interim Ministries are functioning, would be required to summon the Legislatures, observed Mr. M. S. Aney at a public meeting at Amraoti.
After the recent explanations given by Gandhiji about the implications of the Delhi resolution and the statements of Mr. Butler in the House of Commons regarding use of Special Powers there appears to have been left very little difference between the Congress and the Government positions and there should be no difficulty in solving the present deadlock.

PARALLEL FALLS SHORT.

Speaking on the legality of the minority Ministries Mr. Aney said instances from the history of England and Australia are cited about minority ministries, but there the majority party itself, refusing office, had acquiesced in the minority taking up Government reins and so the parallel falls short.—A.P.

Farewell To V. S. Sohoni

(From A Correspondent.)

On the evening of the 21st instant, the pupils, past and present and teachers of the Ram Mohan English School, guardians of students and friends and admirers of Mr. V. S. Sohoni, the retiring Superintendent of the school met under the presidency of Mr. S. S. Patkar in the Sir C. J. Hall and bade farewell to Mr. Sohoni. Dr. Kashibai Nowrange, Mr. Natarajan, Mr. R. S. Paddibhai and Prof. R. P. Kar spoke in praise of Mr. Sohoni's services to the cause of education, social reform and religion. An address was then read recounting the forty years' selfless and noble services of Mr. Sohoni. Mr. Sohoni was then garlanded by representatives of various institutions and Dr. Kashibai Nowrange presented him a purse of Rs. 1001, a copy of the V. S. Sohoni Commemorative number of the school quarterly and the address.

The president unveiled an oil portrait of Mr. Sohoni made by Mrs. Malankar.

Mr. Sohoni then made a fitting reply.

The function ended with the singing of "Vande Mataram."

his admirers; it cannot be claimed by him for the simple reason that the alleged world-champion Zybisco when he met Gama in India had returned here a beaten man.

As regards classification may I inquire to what class Georges Carpentier, the brilliant French champion, belonged when he met Dempsey? The classification exists for certain technicalities of boxing championships and the fact that it does not come in the way of ignoring body-class has been proved when an Italian giant of a boxer meets much smaller men some of whom actually use the heavier man's bulk to force him to the floor. One may cite dozens of cases of the gamblers boxing meeting opponents outside their class and taking punishment as only the gladiators of imperial Rome could take it. Not many years ago the entire humanitarian British Press protested in horror at the debauch of brutality when the boxer in order to give the value of their money to the spectators allowed himself to be beaten to pulp and bleed (Sport is not of course, sadism; but many decent minded persons would gladly suffer the nausea of the slaughter house if the much more revolting phenomenon of the torture chamber of slow and poisoned death to which masses of humanity are condemned could be abolished. My personal sympathy goes not to the heroic little boxer but to the waiter of Queen Mary who described his experiences of a single trip the other day.) In conclusion permit me to inquire what objection could be raised if Gama is prepared to meet the German wrestler who certainly enjoys the sporting right of challenge. We Indians must refuse to be led by German speculators in barrelling foreign sportsmen (an incident of this kind, at the Olympic Stadium in which a South American team was involved assumed a diplomatic aspect recently) but stick to our code of fairplay.—Yours etc.,
An Athletic Correspondent.

Governor's Post Is New

But Appointment Under Old Act Continues, Holds Calcutta Justice

CALCUTTA, April 29.
Mr. Justice Lort-Williams at the Calcutta High Court to-day dismissed the petition filed on behalf of Mr. T. C. Goswami, Deputy Leader of the Congress Party in the Bengal Legislative Assembly, praying for a declaration that Khan Bahadur Azizul Huq was not duly or validly elected as Speaker of the Bengal Assembly, at its meeting held on April 7 last, and also for an injunction restraining the Khan Bahadur from acting and functioning as Speaker of the Lower House of the Bengal Provincial Legislature.

THE JUDGMENT.

In the course of his judgment, His Lordship agreed with the petitioner's contention that the office of the Governor of Bengal under the new Constitution was quite a new office and was different from what it was under the old Act. But, His Lordship thought that section 321 of the Government of India Act, 1935 was the complete answer to the petitioner's contentions. Though the section was not happily worded, remarked the Lordship, the intention of legislators in incorporating that section was to continue all appointments under the old Act.

His Lordship, therefore, dismissed the application with costs.—United Press.

NO CONGRESS STANDARD FOR SIND MINISTERS

KARACHI, April 29.
Division on the Congress amendment reducing the Minister's salary to Rs. 800, including allowances resulted in the amendment being defeated by 37 votes to 16.—A.P.

NEW FACTORY ACT FOR BRITAIN

(Continued from page 6)
not be more than six hours in any one week. The practice of working women and young persons in some establishments until 4 o'clock on Saturday afternoons is altered by the Bill, which requires work for women and young persons to cease on Saturdays at 1 o'clock.

Criticism of the Bill.

Criticism is directed at many important omissions in the new factory code, as well as at the standards it prescribes—particularly in regard to working hours. Labour members strongly urge that working hours should not exceed 40 hours a week. Opposition is also strong against the principle that 100 hours of overtime in a year should be regarded as the normal accompaniment of industry. The British workers are, however, not letting their case for shorter hours go by default. As soon as the Government announced its intention to introduce a Factories Bill, the workers set up a Factories Bill Campaign Committee with the object of securing the passing of an adequate Bill. The Committee is meeting with support from several influential quarters. The Archbishop of York, for instance, in a message said: "The pace of modern industry makes a new need for the protection of industrial workers from excessive strain and risk. If we are to be worthy of our fathers we must secure this now especially for our young workers."

Danger of Low Standards in the East
In this context it is necessary to remember that the low standards and inferior living conditions of workers in Eastern countries, principally in India, Japan and China, are retarding progress in respect of the working conditions of wage-earners in Great Britain. The intensity of the opposition to the 40-hour week in Great Britain is partially ascribable to the fact that India and Japan have not yet adopted even the 48-hour week. At the first I. L. Conference held at Washington, it was regarded as a fair proposition that Eastern countries should come down to the 60-hour week while the countries of the West adopted a 48-hour week. This principle could be extended further, now that employment and technological improvements both combine to make still further reduction of hours imperative, for a beginning Japan and India should bring down their hours to 48 in the week, and then Western countries, in their turn, should subscribe to the 40-hour week.

PLEA FOR FAIR DEAL

Sind Governor Urges M. L. A's. To Judge Cabinet By Its Administration

KARACHI, April 29.
When the Governor addressed the Sind Assembly this morning the Congress members in accordance with their resolve announced yesterday remained absent.
Out of the two candidates for Deputy Speakership Pirzada Abdul Satta having withdrawn the President announced that the remaining candidate, namely Khan Sahib Gabole, had been elected. Khan Sahib, who has been elected Deputy Speaker is leader of the Baluch Community of Karachi and ex-President, District Local Board and Municipal Corporation for several years.

After wishing the new President of the Assembly success in his office and welcoming the legislators the Governor of Sind addressing the Assembly this morning said that the Assembly members were going to realise within the next few months what a very long way they had moved, since they passed on from the Montague-Chelmsford Constitution. They had in the present Constitution a wide advance upon the Montague Constitution by reason of the extension to all Departments of Government of the principle of responsibility.

TEST BY EXPERIENCE.

Referring to the probability and extent of the use by the Governor of his "special powers," His Excellency urged them to work the Constitution for a reasonable period and at the end of it reach their own conclusions as to the nature of those powers in the light of the way in which they had been used.

Replying to Press criticisms, His Excellency told the House quite plainly that he would always be most reluctant to differ from the Minister-in-Charge of Lloyd Barrage and had no intention of differing from him without, in the first place, discussing the matter thoroughly with him or, if necessary, putting the matter before the whole Cabinet.

PLEA FOR FAIR DEAL.

In commending his Ministers to them and asking them to award them a fair treatment, His Excellency said, he was not indicating any personal preference for this particular combination. All that he was asking was that his Ministers should be judged on the merits of their administration and their measures are not made the targets for slings and arrows of outrageous personal jealousies. His Excellency concluded reminding them that the fortunes of this new Province were entrusted to them and it rested with them to bring happiness of misery to the millions.—A.P.

COASTAL TRADE IN INDIA

January Statistics Show Rise Of Both Imports And Exports

SIMLA, (By Mail).
Further improvement in the Import and Export trade of India is noticed in the accounts relating to the Coastal Trade of British India for January 1937, just published by the Department of Commercial Intelligence and Statistics.

Total exports during January 1937 amounted to Rs. 9,37,63,584 as compared with Rs. 9,00,57,039 in January 1936 and Rs. 8,76,57,950 in January 1935.

RISE IN IMPORTS.

The total imports for January 1937 was Rs. 7,88,43,840 as against Rs. 7,24,15,961 in January 1936 and Rs. 6,05,72,311 in January 1935. From 1st April 1936 to 31st January 1937 the total exports from British India amounted to Rs. 74,55,14,490 while the total for the same period in 1936-37 was Rs. 74,77,74,375 and in 1934-35 it was Rs. 73,41,89,174.

For the same period (from 1st April 1936 to 31st January 1937) the imports amounted to Rs. 69,50,02,516 and Rs. 63,69,82,657 and Rs. 72,59,11,343 in the previous two years respectively.—A.P.

SUBHAS DECLINES TO BREAK JOURNEY

NEW DELHI, April 29.
A telegram received at the Congress Office from Mr. Subhas Bose states that Mr. Bose will pass through Delhi to-morrow evening 'en route' to Lahore, where he reaches on the morning of May 1. He stays at the station for an hour and a half and in view of the weak state of his health no arrangements for his reception are being made.

The Delhi Congress Committee had wired Mr. Bose to break journey here for a day, but he expressed his inability.—A.P.

For Spain And Spread Of Socialism

Buy A Flag And Do Your Bit: Bombay C. S. P.'s May Day Appeal To Public

The Secretaries of the Bombay Congress Socialist Party write:—

Fundit Jawaharlal Nehru, the President of the Congress, and various political organisations have exhorted the Indian people to give tangible proof of their good-will for the Spanish people in their resistance to Fascist intervention. On Saturday, the 1st of May, citizens of Bombay will have an opportunity to respond to those appeals by buying the flags which the Bombay Congress Socialist Party will sell on that day.

An attractive emblem has been designed consisting of the National flag floating across a red background.

This emblem symbolises the International background against which our own National struggle for independence is being carried on.

While the people of Spain are fighting the battle of Democracy and Freedom the world over, we cannot neglect the advancement of our own domestic struggle. In the development of the National movement in the past three years, in the organising of the Peasantry and the Working classes, the Congress Socialist Party has played a significant part. Round it rallies the left wing in the Congress enabling it to help in radicalising the national movement and counteracting all tendencies making for compromise and collapse.

We feel confident that all classes of citizens of Bombay will this Saturday show their sympathy for the twin causes of Socialism in Spain and Socialism in India by contributing generously towards the collection, which will be equally divided between these two purposes.

There is a crying need for Volunteers to sell the flags on May Day and every member of the Party is reminded that it is his job to do his bit for the cause. Whether member or not, all who are willing to help should come to the office of the Party (Dadabhai Manzil, Congress House, Bombay) on Friday evening between 6 and 8 p.m. to take flags and collection boxes or go to the following Ward centres on Saturday morning at 8 a.m. for the purpose:—

A Ward:—Office of the "Congress Socialist" Weekly, Janabhooni Press, 139, Meadows St.
B & C Wards:—C Ward D. C. Office, Kalbadvi Road.
D & E Wards:—C. S. P. Office, Congress House.
F & G Wards:—C. S. P. Labour Centre, near Lalbaug Maidan.

NOT A UNITED FRONT DEMONSTRATION

May Day Is Action Of Workers Alone

Mrs. Maniben Mulji, General Secretary of the All-India Trade

ANTROLIKAR AND SANE ARRESTED

Anti-Jamnadas Demonstration Sequel At Sholapur

SHOLAPUR, April 29.
Dr. Antrolkar, Congress Party Whip in the Bombay Assembly, and Mr. Sane, a Socialist, were taken into custody by the police following a hostile demonstration against Mr. Jamnadas Mehta, the Finance Minister, when he passed through Sholapur this morning.

A large crowd with black flags gathered at the railway station and demonstrated, shouting hostile slogans. The crowd tried to rush the police cordon but was repulsed by a baton charge in which a number of persons were hit.—A.P.

TWO ARRESTED AT BIJAPUR

Later Released

(From Our Correspondent).

BIJAPUR, April 29.
Mr. Jamnadas Mehta, Finance Minister, arrived here at 11 a.m. On alighting two Congress volunteers, who travelled in the same train from Minchnal, showed black flags and shouted "Jamnadas Go Back" and "Down With Dummy Ministry." They were immediately put in Police custody.

Another batch of Congress Volunteers who were shouting simi-

Union Congress, has issued the following appeal to all the affiliated unions:—

This year May 1 shall have to be celebrated with greater zeal because of the prevailing atmosphere of intensified class struggle. In spite of our organisational weakness, the workers have been putting up a heroic resistance to the capitalist offensive. After the B. N. R. workers, the jute workers of Calcutta have taken the field. But local efforts, however stubborn, are bound to fail. United action has never been so very urgently necessary as in these days of concerted capitalist attack.

SUPPORT JUTE WORKERS.

On May 1, workers throughout the world demonstrate their class solidarity. In India, we should avail of that auspicious day for demonstrating the will of the rank and file for unity so very urgently required for defending and promoting the interests of the working class. In the first place, let it be a mighty demonstration of solidarity with the striking jute workers. All Unions affiliated to the T. U. C. are hereby asked to hold mass meetings and pass resolutions endorsing the demands of our Calcutta comrades. Strikes to protest against firing and other repressive measures should be called wherever possible.

ACTION OF WORKERS.

The May Day Demonstration is an action of the working class alone. The strength and magnitude of that demonstration will indicate the ability of the working class to occupy the proper place in the national struggle against Imperialism. It is not a United Front demonstration. It is a demonstration of class solidarity. It must be organised as an independent action of the working class. In the struggle against Imperialism, the working class must co-operate with the peasantry and other oppressed and exploited sections of the people. But in the fight against capitalism for enforcing their immediate demands, they must stand on their own feet. Strike is the only effective weapon in that fight. Economic demands of the workers can be enforced only by their ability to withhold labour collectively. In that, their own courage, power of resistance and determination are the decisive factors. Demonstration of class solidarity are meant to make the workers conscious of their own strength. That is the object of the May Day Demonstration.

DEMONSTRATE DETERMINATION.

On May 1, we shall demonstrate our determination to face the attack upon our class interests, as a united army of the dispossessed. Different groups of workers, employed in different industries, are fighting the battles of the entire class. We must mobilise the whole class in the common struggle. Let that object be clearly before us on May 1.

EXPULSION OF N. R. SARKAR

Misunderstanding Cleared

CALCUTTA, April 29.
As some misunderstanding seems to have arisen over the voting when the B.P.C.C. Executive considered the question of taking disciplinary action against Mr. Nalini Ranjan Sarkar, the Associated Press is officially informed that the resolution proposing disciplinary action be taken against Mr. Sarkar by the Executive of the B.P.C.C. was unanimously passed.

Thereafter, the meeting considered two other resolutions, namely, whether the expulsion be for 20 years or whether it be for 10 years. Twenty voted in favour of 20 years and 14 in favour of ten years.—A.P.

A bulletin this morning regarding the Duke of Connaught, King George's 87 year-old great uncle, who recently has been unwell, states: "The condition of His Royal Highness continues to show a further improvement."

Over 50 Per Cent. Pass First And Second M.B.B.S. Exams

Bai Ratanbai Ratanji Lentin Scholarship Divided Between Misses Phiroza Santook Davar And Amy Dhunjibhoy Engineer

According to the results published to-day by the Registrar of Bombay University, out of the 132 candidates who appeared for the First Year M.B., B.S. Examination this year, 69 have been declared successful, giving a percentage of 52.4 passes.

Hundred and eighteen students appeared for the Second Year M.B., B.S., among whom 63 have passed, the percentage being 53.4.

First Year M.B., B.S.

1. R. K. N. Z. Abdur 2. P. N. Adishera 3. V. R. Bagwe 4. B. C. Banerji 10. K. N. Baria 13. J. M. Bavishi 14. P. Bhadre 15. K. P. Bhagwat 16. M. J. Bhatt 17. Evelyn Carrasco 19. N. N. Chauhan 22. B. C. Dastur 24. D. R. Deogirikar 25. H. D. Desai 26. I. C. Desai 23. Nalinee Khanderkar Desai 30. M. R. Dhamdhare 32. P. K. Dron 33. V. D. Ektrare 35. Eileen Fern 36. D. L. Godambe 37. S. G. Gogte 46. G. N. Joshi 46. M. N. Joshi 50. M. A. Karnik 51. V. P. Karnik 52. M. E. Kazi 53. N. V. Khilap 54. M. S. Khilnani 55. F. Khwaja 56. B. G. Krioskar 57. S. D. Kololgi 58. K. L. Kothary 59. Y. G. Kuber 60. A. B. S. Lal 62. V. V. Mahagaonkar 65. Promila Evelyn Mansukhani 69. D. N. Mehta 70. K. C. Mehta 72. B. M. Mendonca 73. F. J. Mendonca 75. G. V. Mistry 81. D. B. Nicholson 83. P. B. Pandey 86. L. M. Patel 87. M. S. Patel 89. R. B. Patel 90. R. S. Patel 91. S. P. Pednekar 94. C. J. T. Pinto 95. K. K. Popat 102. B. R. Samant 104. B. M. Shah 108. S. C. Shah 109. S. A. Shah 114. G. M. Shroff 115. I. Sobti 116. Manorama Sonone 118. C. S. M. V. Souza 120. S. G. Tambe 122. B. V. Tilve 123. R. B. Tulpule 126. V. A. Vanikar 129. R. S. Velaskar 131. B. N. Vohra 132. B. A. Wadia.

Second Year M.B., B.S.

1. G. P. R. Acharya 2. H. H. Adatia 3. M. D. Adatia 5. K. T. Alexander

CITY CASHIER SENTENCED

"I Could Hardly Believe His Lapse" Says Firm's Manager

BOMBAY, Thursday.

Judgment was delivered to-day by Sir A. P. Dastur, Chief Presidency Magistrate, asplandade Police Court, in the case in which Mr. B. S. Gopala Krishna Ayyar, Cashier and Accountant in the firm of D. G. Sestner (India) Ltd., was charged with criminal breach of trust in respect of a sum of Rs. 2,000 belonging to the firm.

The offence, it was stated, was committed between February 1st 1937 and February 26th. The accused surrendered to the police on the 15th April.

The manager of the firm giving evidence said that the accused used to receive remittances, V. M. P.'s and registered letters on behalf of the firm. On March 8 last, he questioned the accused regarding a sum of Rs. 1,400 which was not shown in the accounts. The accused admitted having used the amount for his purpose and having misappropriated three other sums of money.

The manager testified to the honesty and integrity of the accused and told the court "I could hardly believe it."

The accused pleading guilty said that he lost the amount of Rs. 2,000 while returning from the bank. He did not tell the manager of the firm, as he was afraid that he would lose his job.

The Chief Presidency Magistrate convicted him of criminal breach of trust and sentenced him to one day's simple imprisonment and to a fine of Rs. 300 or three months' rigorous imprisonment in default.

ASOKA'S EASTERN CAPITAL LOCATED?

PURI, April 27. The location of Toshali, the eastern Capital of the Emperor Asoka has been ascertained after strenuous efforts made by Mr. Ajit Kumar Mukerjee, a young research scholar of Calcutta, assisted by Mr. Biren Roy of Puri.

The city of Toshali near Bhubaneswar is surrounded by Udaigiri, Khandagiri and Dhoul Mountains. The location of Toshali coincides with what is depicted on the stones of Asoka discovered in the Dhoul Mountains and in the famous Kharbel stones found in Udaigiri.

On the outskirts of the City, there are almost 250 soldiers' barracks and on all sides the city is surrounded by forts and high walls. The city is full of ancient wells and pillars and of the valuable materials which Mr. Mukerjee has got in the ancient ruins, the stone carved with "Swastika" is worth mentioning.

Besides these, Mukerjee has discovered materials that have led him to believe that on excavation, under the lower strata of this city, materials of Dravidian civilisation may be found.

He has also traced the existence of the new town of Toshali built by the Kalinga King.

Mr. Mukerjee will shortly be in Calcutta with all these materials. —United Press.

COCHIN POLICY CONDEMNED

TRIVANDRUM, April 27. A resolution recording emphatic protest against the attitude of the Cochin Government in denying admission to Naduvappilly "Tantiris" to the Kudal Manikkam temple, on the ground that they had officiated in the ceremonies of the Travancore temples, and appealing to the Hindu community to denounce the conduct of the Cochin State authorities, was passed at a meeting held in Thampuran New Theatre hall, Mr. T. K. Velu Pillai presiding.

By another resolution, the meeting expressed its cordial approval of the declaration by the Travancore Government of their future policy to refuse State patronage to those priests and "Nambudiris" who sided with Cochin in their present attitude. —United Press.

ASSISTANT STATION MASTER JAILED

KASUR, April 27. Sheikh Abdul Aziz, First-Class Magistrate, Kasur convicted yesterday Durga Dass, an Assistant Station-Master, under section 408 I.P.C., to nine months' rigorous imprisonment and to a fine of Rs. 75 or in default three months' further imprisonment.

The prosecution alleged that the Station-Master of Athipur gave Rs. 150 to the accused and requested him to give the same to his relative at Ferozepore. But the accused, it is alleged, misappropriated the amount. The Station-Master reported the matter to the Railway Police, Kasur.

—United Press.

FROM THE SPANISH FRONT

Continued from page 6) celona and her broadcasts in English and French, are relayed daily to England and France from Barcelona.

Indian Doctor's Help

BARCELONA: Dr. Madan Mohan Lal, a prominent Indian doctor from Allahabad, has arrived here and is at present posted to the hospital where members of the Saklatvaia Battalion of the International Brigade were being nursed. In an interview, Dr. Lal stated that he felt that India felt as much as any other Western democracy for the defence of Spanish democracy and he had, therefore, answered the call which was made to him by the Spanish Medical Aid Committee in London.

Desertions In Rebel Rank

That developments in the rear on both sides are for the moment of greater importance than the current reports from the front is the opinion held in military circles here. The main development now taking place are:

1. Acceleration within the past two or three weeks of the formation of new Government forces out of the recruits called by the recent mobilisation decree.

2. Information now being brought in by Government agents from insurgent territory indicates that desertions from the rebel ranks on a scale large enough to assume real military importance are imminent. Although no details are revealed by the Government information service, the importance attached to this factor may be judged by the extraordinary amount of attention now being paid to propaganda for the enemy lines. In one week an imposing array of leading Government personalities including the Foreign Minister Del Vayo and General Miaja, has been "mobilised" for this work. They have delivered speeches to the enemy lines calling on the Spaniards fighting on the other side to join their fellow countrymen in the ranks of the Government.

Although it is impossible to forecast in detail the future development of this campaign, enough is known to suggest that the insurgents may soon find themselves faced with an entirely new hostile "sector".

3. The steadily improving quality and quantity of arms and means of transport now being turned out by the Government factories.

The democratic peoples have responded nobly to the medical and surgical needs of Spain, with the result that there are some 300 foreign ambulance units on the various fronts—English, American, Canadian, French, Swedish and others.

A Revealing Letter

Not long ago, Juana Garaisabal, a Spanish nun of Salamanca, wrote a letter to her sister, Francisca, a nun in Rome. It was never delivered to the addressee, but eventually reached Valencia, where it can be seen. The following are extracts from the letter, comment on which is superfluous:

"Dear sister,—Last night Salamanca really appeared 'en fete', with military music in the streets, the beat of drums and the ringing of church bells. It was most impressive and I wish you could have been here. At last I decided to go to bed, said my prayers, and went to sleep. This morning I was awakened by the drums...."

The Mother Superior told us we were entering Toledo.... she told us of something very beautiful—there were a lot of Communists to be shot. Everything had been done for them—they had been offered confession and the last rites. But one of them was very upset because of his family. The captain went up to him and said: "There is no point now in thinking of your family: think of God and heaven." Then he made a sign to the boy who was to perform the execution. The youth, pistol in hand, shot him one after another while he repeated: "It's to heaven I'm sending you, though you don't deserve it." He said this to each of them until none remained....

Every day a dozen or so Communists are shot. As all the religious orders want to give them their last spiritual guidance, they have to take it in turn. The other day it was the turn of the Salesians.... Then they accompanied them to the place of execution. At the last moment they reached out to the condemned men the scapula of Carmen, so that they could die under the auspices of our Blessed Lady.

General Franco has been made the Generalissimo of the land, sea and air forces.... doubtless the Reds wish he were dead; but Jesus is with him and will watch over him until he has fulfilled his glorious mission.

"When are you going to write to me? If only to tell me you have loved my letters."

"Tu hermana que te quiere muy santa."—Juana.

EMPIRE OF INDIA

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INDIAN DELEGATES FOR EDUCATIONAL CONFERENCE

BOMBAY, April 29. Miss Kapila Khandwala, the leader, Professor K. Seshadri, Mrs. Lila Khandwala, Miss Naju Wadia, Mrs. Lila Wadia, Miss Jyoti Master, Mrs. Yodh, Miss Mistry and Mrs. Cahri, members of the Indian delegation to the 7th World Educational Conference to be held in Japan from the 1st to 7th August, 1937, sailed last evening for Japan by s.s. "Conte Biancamano."

The conference will be presided by Dr. Munroe of Columbia University. Prof. Nagata of Tokyo University is the chairman of the reception committee. —United Press.

The "Associated Press" understands that a portion of the Secretariat of the Chamber of Princes will move up to Solan, near Simla, early next month and will stay there during the summer.

THIN, AILING, NERVOUS RUNDOWN

How MINERALS and NATURAL FOOD IODINE Builds Worn-out, Pale, Sickly People into Strong Red-Blooded, Virile, Men and Women

"VIKELP" Tablets: Amazing New Mineral Concentrate from the Pacific Ocean, Richest Source of the 12 essential MINERALS and FOOD IODINE—Feeds Starved Glands and Corrects Malnutrition—Must Build Rich Red Blood, Put on Pounds of Solid Stay-There Flesh, Alluring Curves or Muscle, Give Steady Nerves, New Health and Day-long Energy—without the use of Drugs!

Here's new hope and encouragement for thousands of ill, even "Naturally" thin, weak, worn-out, aging, haggard-looking men and women whose energy and strength have been sapped by overwork and worry, who are nervous, irritable, sleepless, sick and ailing. Science says the principal cause of these conditions is GLANDS STARVING FOR MINERALS AND FOOD IODINE. When these glands don't work properly, you suffer from malnutrition and all the food in the world can't help you. It just isn't turned into flesh. The result is you stay "too thin," pale, tired out, ill and run-down.

The most important glands—the Thyroid and other tiny hidden glands which actually control body weight and strength—need a definite evenly balanced ration of the 12 essential MINERALS plus NATURAL FOOD IODINE all the time—not to be confused with chemical iodides which often prove toxic or more iodine fumes. Only when the system gets an adequate supply of FOOD IODINE & MINERALS can you regulate metabolism—the body's process of converting digested food into firm flesh, new strength, health and energy. To get an adequate supply of these 12 essential life-giving MINERALS (Iron, Calcium, Phosphorus, Magnesium, Sodium, Sulphur, Manganese, Copper, etc.) and FOOD IODINE, so lacking in our cooked daily foods, take "VIKELP" Tablets—made of an amazing Pacific Ocean plant—now recognized as the world's richest source of these precious substances. Contain 689 times more Iron, 213 times more Calcium, 171 times more Potassium than White Rice. 4 tablets alone contain more FOOD IODINE than 480 lbs. of spinach or 1,378 lbs. of lettuce. Absolutely free from drugs.

After eating "VIKELP" Tablets for a few days the food you eat no longer clogs the system but turns to solid flesh; your body is not only rejuvenated but faulty metabolism, constipation, gastritis, eczema, rheumatism and other systemic diseases as in panel below are corrected or disappear entirely. Resistance is built up against malaria, all common colds and ordinary disorders. Whatever you have tried before, try "VIKELP" for only 10 days. Notice how it makes you feel—wonderful, eat, sleep and work better—increases vitality and vigor. Watch flattering extra pounds appear in place of scrawny hollows.

"VIKELP" Tablets cost but a few annas a day to use. If you dealer cannot supply you send Rs. 2/12 for 100 Tablets size 0. Rs. 3/4 for the more economical 225 Tablets size 1/2. Muller & Phipps (India), Ltd., 45B, Contractor-Building, Ballard Estate, Bombay.

Now "VIKELP" TABLETS IMPROVE WEIGHT AND HEALTH

Iron: Goitre, skininess, low vitality, bad skin, faulty metabolism, nerves, Anemia, headaches, weakness, Anemia, loss of vigor, Stomach trouble, rickets, etc.

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VIKELP

HEALTH AND BODY BUILDING TABLETS

"I wonder why she's so NAUGHTY?"

DOCTORS KNOW WHY... NEARLY ALWAYS THE NERVO, "DIFFICULT" CHILD NEEDS THIS SIMPLE TREATMENT

WHEN a child is irritable and highly-strung, it is nearly always a sure sign that his diet is deficient in certain necessary substances. His strength needs building up—correctly—and the trouble will disappear.

Doctors have found that SCOTT'S Emulsion works like magic in such cases. This famous preparation is made from the very finest cod liver oil, rich in the essential Vitamins A and D, and it also contains the salts of calcium and phosphorus necessary to healthy growth of body, bone and nerve-tissue. An exclusive process makes SCOTT'S Emulsion perfectly digestible and pleasant to take, and it is actually three times more effective than plain cod liver oil!

All-round Tonic Action

SCOTT'S Emulsion is a complete tonic in itself. There is no need, with plain cod liver oil and other

sources of Vitamin D, to take additional calcium or other substances. For adults as well as children, SCOTT'S Emulsion is a proven strength-builder; after illness, in all cases of weakness or debility, and as a protection against coughs, colds, influenza etc., it has been recommended by doctors for more than sixty years.

Parents should know: SCOTT'S Emulsion as a bone-builder is 80 times as effective as butter or fresh milk is twice as effective as yolk of egg for promoting growth is 80 times as effective as butter is 100 times as effective as human milk

SCOTT'S Emulsion

of Pure Cod Liver Oil

Wholesale Distributors: Imperial Chemical Industries (India) Ltd. Calcutta, Bombay, Madras, Lahore, Rangoon, Colombo, Ceylon, Patna, Ahmedabad, Cochin, Calcutta, Visagapatnam, Karachi, Amritsar

Latest Commercial News

NEW YORK COTTON 22 POINTS DOWN

Bullion Dull And Base Metals Easy But Wheat Steady

On Thursday crossrates ruled steady. N. Y. COTTON EASY. New York cotton opened easy but prices slightly recovered thereafter on trade and local buying. The tone was easy at the close. BULLION DULL. London gold and silver ruled dull. WHEAT STEADY. Wheat was steady on scattered buying. Base metals and rubber ruled easy. SECURITIES QUIET. The London Stock Exchange displayed better tendency on improved demand. Glitged securities kept steady but quiet.

COTTON

LATEST NEW YORK COTTON PRICES

OCTOBER '37.	New York, April 29.
Previous closing	12.75
To-day's opening	12.67
Difference	-.08
To-day's closing	12.53
Difference	-.22

LIVERPOOL COTTON

OCTOBER '37.	Liverpool, April 29.
Previous closing	7.07
To-day's opening	7.03
Difference	-.04
To-day's closing	7.02
Difference	-.05

BROACH EXPECTATION

April May	Rs. 223.8
July August	Rs. 230.0

N. Y. COTTON MARKET

New York, April 29. Cotton was depressed by unsettled Liverpool cables and uncertainty over the monetary situation with the result that the tendency was lower on renewed liquidation and foreign selling. Trading in October commenced at 12.67 i.e. 8 points lower than previous closing. Prices declined on lower Liverpool cables and foreign selling and liquidation but lower level attracted some local buying and trade purchases with October rallying to 12.70 with a steady undertone. New York cotton finally closed at 12.53 with a decline of 22 points for May delivery.

NEW YORK COTTON

New York, April 29.	The following were the opening ranges:—
May (13.04/12.03)	12.92/12.91
July (13.17/13.16)	12.93/12.92
October (12.91/12.91)	12.88/12.87

LIVERPOOL COTTON

Liverpool, April 29.	The following were the rates at 12.15 p.m.:—
American May (7.17/7.02)	
American July (7.23/7.07)	
Egyptian March (11.00/10.47)	
Egyptian May (11.14/10.65)	

BROACH COTTON

Bombay, April 29. Broach cotton for July August moved between Rs. 231-12 and Rs. 233-8 at night. The rate at 9-30 p.m. closed at Rs. 233-4 Broach April May was Rs. 6 1/2 lower.

LONDON MARKETS

The rates at 3-30 p.m. were as follows:—

TEA	Indian Pekoe (1-2 1/4) 1-2
	Indian Pekoe higher (1-4) 1-4
	Ceylon Pekoe (1-1 1/2) 1-2 3/4
	Ceylon Pekoe higher (2-3 1/2) 2-3 1/2

JUTE	New Crop May June (22 1/2/16 buyers)
	£21 5/8 value.
	Dunlop May (22 1/2/16 buyers)
	£21 5/8 value.
	Lightning May (22 1/2/16 buyers)
	£21 5/8 value.

RUBBER

Spot (10 1/16 buyers) 9 7/8 buyers	
Forward July September (10 7/8 paid and value) 10 1/8 paid and buyers.	

LINSEED	Castorseed Bombay April May (214 3/8 sellers) £14 3/8 sellers
	Linsed Calcutta April May (214 13/16 sellers) £14 3/4 sellers
	Linsed La Plata April May (213 1/8 sellers) £13 1/8 sellers
	Groundnuts Comorand April May (214 1/2 sellers) £14 3/16 sellers

LIVERPOOL WHEAT

Liverpool, April 29. Liverpool wheat opened steady with May at 108 3/8 and July 106. The market was early disappointing as a result of uncertainty over the financial situation but subsequently prices gathered strength on fresh buying and better outside demand influenced by better overseas cables.

CHICAGO WHEAT

Chicago, April 29. Chicago wheat opened steady with July at 1.17 1/4. Prices advanced on commission house absorption and steady local buying influenced by steady outside cables.

EXCHANGES

LONDON-NEW YORK CROSS RATES

Latest Quotations	F. T. NEW YORK ON LONDON
Previous closing	New York, April 29.
To-day's opening	4.94 13/32
To-day's closing	4.94 3/8
Difference	4.94 5/8

I. L. LONDON ON NEW YORK

Latest Quotations	LONDON, April 29.
Previous closing	110.68
To-day's opening	110.68
To-day's closing	110.68
Difference	110.68

FRANC RATE

Previous closing	110.68
To-day's opening	110.68
To-day's closing	110.68
Difference	110.68

LONDON EXCHANGES

London, April 29. London exchanges opened with the sterling dollar at 4.94-40 and then eased to 4.94-15 on lack of support. The sterling dollar crossrate closed at 4.94-50. Franc opened at 110.68 and then advanced to 110.68 on scattered buying with a fairly good tendency. The sterling franc crossrate closed at 110.68.

CROSS RATES

LONDON ON BOMBAY (1-6 1/8) 1-6 1/8	
Paris on Bombay (8.37/8.345)	
New York on Bombay (27.34/27.32)	
London on Milan (33.80/33.87)	
Berlin on Bombay (0.92 3/4/0.92 3/4)	
London on Shanghai (1-2 17/32) 1-2 17/32	
London on Kobe (1-1 31/32) 1-1 31/32	

DISCOUNTS	3 months (9 1/16 to 9 1/16, per cent) 9 1/16
	to 9 1/16 per cent
	4 months (9 1/16 to 9 1/16, per cent) 9 1/16
	to 9 1/16 per cent
	6 months (11 1/16 to 11 1/16, per cent) 11 1/16
	to 11 1/16 per cent

LONDON METALS

To-day's opening rates as follows:—	
Tin (2256 buyers) £256 1/2 sellers.	
Steady £242 3/4 buyers £243 sellers.	
Weak.	
Lead (£22 7/8 buyers £22 1/2 sellers)	
Weak unquoted.	
Electrolytic Copper (£82 1/2 to £84 1/2)	
£80 1/2 to £82 1/2	
Glasgow Iron (£87) £87	

SILVER CABLES

Bombay, April 29. The following cable information was received from London to night: "India and China sold. Continent bought. B sinss small. Market quiet."

LONDON SILVER

London, April 29.	Today's closing
Spot	20 7/16d. 20 3/8d.
Forward	2 1/2 20. 2. 1/16.

LONDON GOLD

London, April 29.	Gold Bars Fine per ounce (£7-0 1/2/2)
	£7-0-8

BOMBAY BULLION

Bombay, April 29.	
Silver ready	52 14 0
Silver 1st settlement	50 8 0
Silver 2nd settlement	53 0 0
Gold ready	34 8 0
Gold 1st settlement	34 7 0
Gold 2nd settlement	34 7 0
Sovereigns	22 2 0

WHEAT AND LINSEED

Closing Quotations	Bombay, April 29.
Wheat May	5 9 0
Wheat September	5 9 6
Linseed May	7 14 8
Linseed September	8 2 3

BROWN BOLD LINSEED

(Through Bombay Grains and Seeds Association.)	Delivery May 1937
Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.
Rates at 11-0 a.m.	7 15 3
Rates at 12-0 noon	7 15 3
Rates at 3-0 p.m.	7 14 8
Rates at 5-0 p.m.	7 14 8
September delivery	was about 0-5-0
same higher.	

3 1/2 P. C. GOVT. PAPER

Closing Quotation

Bombay, April 29. The 3 1/2 per cent Government Paper was quoted at Rs. 94-4 at 2 p.m. The closing quotations at 5 p.m. were Rs. 93-10.

Fluctuations were as follows:—

Rs. a. p.	Opening
94 4 0	94 4 0
94 4 0	94 4 0
93 8 0	93 8 0
93 10 0	93 10 0

INDIAN STERLING LOAN

London, April 29. The 3 1/2 per cent Indian Sterling Loan closed at £89 1/2 against the previous closing of £89 3/4.

INDIAN LOANS

London, April 29.	2-30 p.m.
3 per cent Indian Loan (£97 1/2) £97 1/2	
3 1/2 per cent Indian Loan (£89 1/2) £89 1/2	
4 1/2 per cent Indian Loan (£90-55) (£109 1/2) £109 1/2	
4 1/2 per cent 1888/89 (£114) £114	
4 per cent Indian 1948-53 (£106 1/2) £106 1/2	
5 per cent Indian 1942-47 (£112 1/2) £112 1/2	
3 1/2 per cent New Indian 1954-59 (£102 1/2) £102 1/2	

AUSTRALIAN LOANS

3 per cent Australian Loan 1945-70 (£108 7/8) £108 7/8	
2 1/2 per cent Consols (£77) £76 3/4	
3 1/2 per cent Government Loan (£102 1/4) £102 1/4	
4 1/2 per cent Conversion Loan (£107 1/2) £107 1/2	
5 per cent Funding Loan (£110 3/4) £110 3/4	
3 1/2 per cent War Loan (£101 1/2) £101 1/2	
4 per cent Victory Bonds (£109 3/4) £109 3/4	

BRITISH FUNDS

2 1/2 per cent Consols (£77) £76 3/4	
3 1/2 per cent Government Loan (£102 1/4) £102 1/4	
4 1/2 per cent Conversion Loan (£107 1/2) £107 1/2	
5 per cent Funding Loan (£110 3/4) £110 3/4	
3 1/2 per cent War Loan (£101 1/2) £101 1/2	
4 per cent Victory Bonds (£109 3/4) £109 3/4	

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE

London, April 29. After being weak markets generally showed rallying disposition. Glitgeds were steadier. Home industrials and international were rather firmer.

INDUSTRIALS

British Colanese Second Preference (16-0) 16-0	
Marks and Spencer Ordinary (78-1 1/2) 80-0	
Hydro Electric (£8 3/8) £7 1/4	
Musical Industries (20-9) 20-0	
Prinching Johnson (44-0) 43-6	
Imperial Chemical (37-1 1/2) 37-0	
Woolworth Ordinary (78-9) 78-4	
Realisation 1930 (£85 3/4) £85 3/4	
Dunlop Rubber (33-0) 32-6	
Unilever Ordinary (38-1 1/2) 38-6	
Ford Motors (28-9) 28-4	
Cable and Wireless (£68 1/2) £68 3/8	
British American Tobacco (125-0) 123-1 1/2	

CARRIES A (£8 1/4) £8

Imperial Tobacco Ordinary (150-0) 147-6	
P and O S N Company Deferred (33-7 1/2) 34-1 1/2	
Distillers (110-7 1/2) 110	
Bredford Dyers (£10) £10	
British Colanese (£8 1/4) £8	
J and P Coates Ordinary (49-6) 49-6	
Courtaulds Ordinary (52-0) 51-0	
Fine Cotton Spinners (12-3) 12-3	
Vickers Limited Ordinary (29-1 1/2) 28-6	

INTER NICKELS (59-0) 54-9

Indian Iron and Steel Ordinary (65-0) 61-3	
Tata Iron and Steel (£105) £105	

TEA SHARES

Assam Company (19-0) 19-0	
Donar Tea Tea (50-0) 49-4 1/2	
Empire of India (30-0) 30-0	

RUBBER SHARES

Anglo Dutch Rubber (40-0) 36-6	
Gula Kelampong (47-6) 45-0	
Rubber Plant Inv Trust (35-9) 36-6	

JUTE SHARES

Barnagore (£10 3/4) £10 3/4	
-----------------------------	--

MINING SHARES

Nandynug (55-0) 53-9	
Burma Corporation (17-3) 16-3	
Rio Tinto (£20 1/2) £18 1/2	
East Rand Proprietors (67-0) 63-9	
Rand Mines (£7 3/4) £7 1/8	

MINE SHARES

Crown Mines (£13) £12 1/4	
Gedule New (£8 7/8) £8 5/8	
New Modders (£28 3/4) £27 1/2	
Sub Nigel (£10 1/2) £9 3/4	
Spring Mines Split Shares (38-5) 32-6	
Union Corporation (£7 3/4) £8	

HUME RAIL SHARES

Great Western (£80) £58 1/2	
L and S Ordinary (£29 5/8) £29 5/8	
L N E R Delf (£5) £4 3/4	
Southern Paris 5 per cent (£23 3/4) £22 1/2	
London Paris 5 per cent (£126 3/4) £126 3/4	
London Transport 'C' Stock (£87 1/4) £87 1/4	

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE

New York, April 29.	The following were to-day's opening rates:—
General Motor (dol 57 1/4) dol 55 3/4	
N Y Copper Mining (dol 52 1/2) dol 49 3/4	
U S Steel Common (dol 106 1/4) dol 100 7/8	
U S Steel Preference (dol 146 1/4) dol 146 1/4	

BETTER SENTIMENT ON STOCK EXCHANGE

Wall Street Easy

(SPECIAL CABLE.) LONDON, April 29. The Stock Exchange opened weak and quotations were nominal but the subsiding of recent heavy liquidation and the appearance of Paris as a small buyer later caused general improvement. The sentiment was better with Wall Street assisting recovery. The outlook however is still obscure and markets are rather patchy.

In commodities wheat made good advance and rubber and cotton although lower than yesterday's close staged a rally in late dealings. Wall Street opened firm and then declined.

JUTE SHARES DULL

Coals Easier

CALCUTTA, April 29. Jutes were dull and quiet. Coals were easier. Teas were rather neglected. Easier feeling was noticed in miscellaneous among chief speculative stocks, while other kept quiet. Government securities continued to rule steady.

Following were the closing quotations:—

Securities:—Three and a half per cent paper 84/4, three and a half per cent loan 1947/50 106/6, five per cent loan 1945/55 119/8 small lot.	
Banks:—Imperial capital 376, Reserve 125/8 small lot.	
Cotton:—Kesoram 5/14.	
Coals:—Amalgamated 26/8, Bengal Boreas 14/8, Burrakur 17/4, Burrakur prof 132, Chhuria 2/8, Doel 7/4, East Indian 20/12, Rewa 25, Samla 2/8, Talcher 2/4 small lot.	
Jutes:—Anglo India 377 small lot, Ankland 178, Barrington 141, Bhurat 26/12, Birla 2/14, Ft. William 25/8, Howrah 54, Hukumchand 10/8, Kelvin 400, Kankannar 437/8 small lot, New Central 323 small lot, Northbrook prof 125, Orient 17, Presidency 4/2, Reliance 68 small lot.	
Miscellaneous:—Burma Corporation 11, Consolidated tin 8/6, Indian copper 3/5, Rhodesia copper 2/10, Shahjahanpur electric 9/14, Braithwaite and Co 7/10, Hukumchand electric 9/12, Indian steel and wire products 470 small lot, Indian iron and steel 38/6, Dunlop rubber 19/5, Refrigerators (India) 15, British Burma petroleum 5/14, Bengal paper a prof 137 ex div, Titagarh paper eight per cent pref rupees ten, Teas:—Ellenbarrie 24/8, Hasimara 42 1/2 cent div.	
Debentures:—Five per cent 1916/45 Darjeeling Himalayan extension 10/8, three and a quarter per cent 1966/76 Rangoon Municipal 36/4 small lot, five and a half per cent 1915/42, Chowringhee Property 108/9, three and a quarter per cent 1956/65, Howrah Bridge 100/8, four per cent 1915/75, Calcutta Port Trust 105/4, four per cent 1907/37 first October Calcutta Port Trust 101.	

LIVERPOOL WHEAT

Closing Quotation

Liverpool, April 29.	
Liverpool wheat May closed at 110 1/2 against the previous closing at 107 5/8	

Wool Sales

London, April 29. There was active competition in good selection chiefly Australian Merinos best which was sold well chiefly to home trade.

Wool Sales

Greasy lower (1-1) 1-1 1/2	
Greasy higher (1-1) 1-1 1/2	
Scoured lower (1-1) 1-1 1/2	
Scoured higher (2-10) 2-10	

WALL STREET MARKET

New York, April 29. Messrs. Battilana and Karani have issued the following report showing quotations of the New York Stock Exchange:—

and a half per cent 1915/42, Chowghee Property 103/9, three and a quarter per cent 1956/66, Howrah British 100/8, four per cent 1915/75, Calcutta Port Trust 105/4, four per cent 1907 first October Calcutta Port Trust 1

U. S. Government's Warnings Against Public Speculation

GOLD QUESTION DISTURBS SENTIMENT

Severe Drop In N. Y. Cotton Market

Sentiment in American markets was adversely affected by the government's warning against public speculation and spiralling of goods prices.

Rumoured intentions of tightening up of anti-trust laws influenced heavy selling in Wall-Street. The gold question is hanging and all markets show signs of lack of confidence.

On Wednesday the New York cotton futures market opened barely steady and was inactive. Prices declined on lower Liverpool advices, weakness of the stock market and some other commodities and liquidation by recent buyers. With the weekly weather report somewhat less favourable prices tried partially but there was no follow up as the general feeling of uncertainty discouraged new buying. There was no further May tender and the market closed weak.

At the opening May was quoted 9 points down at 13.03. Prices improved one point at 13.04 which was the highest level but under persistent selling prices declined to 12.90 which was the lowest level for the day. The market closed at a net decline of 17 to 30 points. Spot cotton prices declined 17 points at 13.55.

NEW ORLEANS MARKET

The New Orleans cotton futures market was easy on increased selling and closed at a decline of 17 to 27 points. Spot cotton prices were reduced 26 points at 13.32 c. per lb.

LIVERPOOL MARKET

The Liverpool cotton futures market opened 5 points up with July 7.76. There was Bombay selling and scattered liquidation on lack of follow through buying. There were rumours and indications of a large crop and weakness of markets on bearish factors resulted in scattered selling. The market closed at a net decline of 6 to 8 points. Middling American spot cotton prices advanced 7 points at 12.84 c. per lb.

EGYPTIAN COTTON

Egyptian cotton futures market was quiet with increased selling. Sakels futures declined 14 points and Upper futures closed 9 to 14 points down. The Alexandria cotton market was closed yesterday. Osaka Samping Exchange is closed to-day and will remain closed to-morrow.

CROP PROSPECTS

Messrs M and B Stern state:—The uneasy feeling on the local share market was responsible for considerable distress selling. Fundamentally the situation as regards trade and consumption is the same whilst technically the market is now in a very healthy condition and prices are now practically at the level from which the speculative advance began. A great deal is now being heard about a prospective very large new crop in America. In this connection private indications point to an increase in acreage of about 10 per cent to 12 per cent with a probable maximum crop of 14 millions bales. With the present rate of consumption such a crop will be necessary to maintain a minimum carry-over in America of 6 million bales, next season; but the most important factor is that the crop has yet to be made and in view of this, we consider prices now are at a very reasonable level and we advise moderate purchases with a view to increasing same should then be any further setbacks.

PRIVATE CABLES—

New York May highest 13.04 —08 (10 a.m.)
New York May lowest 12.90 —22 (2.36 p.m.)

Liverpool July highest 12.98 plus 07
Liverpool July lowest 7.14 —07
Messrs. Chunilal Mehta and Co. Ltd. have received to-day the following cable information from their foreign friends:—

Liverpool: Market became weak just before the close owing to Wall Street influence and fear of financial trouble. Our opinion is that the position is unfavourable for the present.
Market still feels absence of fresh buying power. Nervousness persists regarding general economic outlook and next stage of trade demand has fallen away disappointingly.
New York: Liquidation continued with trade demand on scale.
Market acting tired, and looks lower. Think market a good sale on a further advance.
All markets affected unfavourably by

U. S. ECONOMY POLICY

New York, April 28
Messrs. Devkaran Nanjee have received the following cable from their American friends Messrs. Orvis Brothers and Co. in connection with American shares:—
"Market bearishness is due to Government administration's economy policy which we think overdone. Would there fore now rather buy."

LONDON EXCHANGES

T T London on:—
New York 4.94.25
Paris 110.68
Berlin 12.29 1/2
Madrid 8.01 3/8
Amsterdam 29.26 1/2
Brussels 93.93
Milan 21.56 3/4
Borne 141.87
Prague 141.87

LONDON DISCOUNT RATE

London, April 28
Bank bills 3 months market rate
Unchanged
Bank bills 6 months market rate
Unchanged
Fine trade bills 3 months market rate
Unchanged
Fine trade bills 6 months market rate
Unchanged
Interest day to day loan
Unchanged
Interest 7 days market loan
Unchanged

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGES

London, April 28
Rupee paper 3 1/2 per cent £70 1/2
Indian stock 3 per cent 1948 £77 1/4
Indian stock 3 1/2 per cent £89 3/4
Indian stock 4 1/2 per cent £109 1/2
Consols 2 1/2 per cent £77
Conversion Loan 3 1/2 £102 1/8
War Loan 3 1/2 per cent 1952 £101 1/2
Funding loan 4 per cent £110 3/4
Victory bonds 4 per cent £109 3/4
Chartered Bank of India £15 3/8
and China £15 3/8
Hongkong and Shanghai £119 1/2
National Bank of India £24 1/2
P and O Banking Corporation £10 1/8

LONDON RUBBER

London, April 28
Smoked Sheet Standard ribbed per lb.
Sellers 10 1/4

LINSEED OIL

London, April 28
Linseed Oil naked London per cwt
May paid and sellers 28/7 1/2
Linseed Oil naked London per cwt
June August sellers 28/9

LONDON PRODUCE

London, April 28
Wheat Rosario Santa Fe
May July sellers 45/6
Wheat Barietta Russo
May June sellers 45/6
Wheat South Australian
April May sellers 45/6

BOMBAY COTTON

Bombay, April 29
Following a sharp decline of 27 points in New York cotton futures, the local market opened to-day at Rs. 233.8 for Broach J/A delivery and fluctuated between Rs. 232.12 and Rs. 234.4 and later steadied at Rs. 233.8. Despite unfavourable weekly weather report yesterday, New York market declined on weakness of outside markets and fears of financial trouble in London. The local market was steady to-day.

Liverpool market opened weak at a decline of 6 points and prices in the local market declined to Rs. 232 for Broach J/A delivery and the market closed at 5 p.m. as under:—
Broach A/M 228 0 0
Broach J/A 232 0 0
New Broach A/M 237 8 0
Omra No. 1 214 12 0
Omra No. 2 217 12 0
New Omra D/J 218 0 0
Bengal May 184 0 0
New Bengal D/J 179 0 0

Cotton Room Rates

Extra
Spr-fine Sup Fine FG Good
M. G.—
Bengal U.P. 192 189 186 183
Punjab 222 219 216
Omra No. 3 238 235 232 229
C. P. No. 1 228 225 222 220
Broach No. 2 234 232 229 226
Punjab-Ame. 230 227 224 221
Surat 283 281 278 275
Rajpalla 288 286 283 280
Navsari 303 301 298 285

Ready Cotton Quotations

Bombay, April 29
Bengal Superfine 192.94
Bengal Fine 189.90
C. P. 1 224.25
C. P. 2 215.17
Ellichpur 215.17
Berar 212.17
Khamgaon 207.12
Mulgaon 205.09
Jaina/Sailu 205.09
Burwah Sanavd 210.15
Mathia 189.92
Broach Fine 230.34
Punjab/American 230.38
Sind, N.T. 283.303
Punjab 289.F 313.18
Jagadia-Ankleshwar 278.83
Kim-Kosamba 283.85
Surat 286.300
Navsari 418.20

Indian Cotton Figures

RECEIPTS INTO BOMBAY.

Since 1st Sept.

In full-pressed Bales.
Yesterday This year.
Khandesh 12 203,206
Central India 574 320,635
Barsi and Nagar 525 166,337
Hyderabad-Gaonari 472 96,058
Berar 82 11,199
Central Provinces 2,412 1,442,273
Total Omras 1,225 85,250
Dholera 1,225 85,250
N.W. Provinces 417 80,705
Rajputana 1,835 306,502
Sind-Punjab 4,292 294,308
Coompta and Dharwar 1,877 36,347
Western-Northern 861 29,327
Cocanada 741 7,923
Tinnevely and Cambodia 347 14
Persian 14 10,556
American and African 509 251,085
Cocoma, Burma and other sorts. 22
Total 13,775 2,563,710

EXPORTS FROM BOMBAY.

1st Sept. to 22nd April.

in full-pressed Bales.
Yesterday This year.
Europe 364,761
Japan and China 7,400 1,078,571
Coast Ports 1,311 20,720
Up-country by Rail 193,586
Afloat in harbour for Europe China & Japan 16,201
Total 8,711 1,674,839

Cotton Straddles

APPROXIMATE DIFFERENCES

New York Liverpool May 1937
172 October 181 at cross rate 4.94 13/32
Bombay Liverpool: Broach A/M 1937
227 Liverpool May 7.08 Rs. 81 1/4 at exchange 1/8
Bombay Liverpool: Broach J/A 1937
233.8 Liverpool July 7.14 Rs. 77 1/2 at exchange 1/6
Bombay New York: Broach A/M 1937
227 New York May 12.95 Rs. 64 at cross rate 4.94 13/32
Bombay New York: Broach J/A 1937
233.8 New York July 12.96 Rs. 58 1/4 at cross rate 4.94 13/32

HIGH AND LOW COTTON PRICES

Bombay, April 28
232 lowest 229 3/4 closing 229 3/4
Broach J/A opening 238 1/2 highest
238 1/2 lowest 238 closing 238
Broach A/M 1938 opening 242 1/4 highest 242 1/2 lowest 241 closing 241
Omra May opening 220 3/4 highest 220 3/4 lowest 218 1/4 closing 218 1/4
Omra July opening 223 3/4 highest 223 3/4 lowest 221 1/4 closing 221 1/4
Omra D/J opening 220 3/4 highest 220 3/4 lowest 218 1/4 closing 218 1/4
Bengal May opening 188 highest 188 lowest 186 1/2 closing 187 1/4
Bengal July opening 191 1/4 highest 191 1/4 lowest 187 3/4 closing 189 1/4
Bengal D/J opening 182 1/2 highest 182 1/2 lowest 181 1/2 closing 182 1/4
Tejmandi for Broach July August (21-537) Rs. 7
Tejmandi for Broach July August (30-6-37) Rs. 13
Tejmandi for Broach April May (31-3-38) Rs. 32

LONDON SEEDS

London, April 28
Linseed La Plata Hull C.I.F. £13-1-3
April sellers £14-10-3
Linseed Calcutta London C.I.F. £15-10-3
April May sellers £15-10-3
Rapeseed Toria Hull/C.I.F. £15-0-0
April May sellers £15-0-0
Castorseed Bombay Hull C.I.F. £15-0-0
April May sellers £15-0-0

GOLD AND SILVER

Bombay, April 29
Yesterday London gold prices improved one penny to £74.5 1/2. London Paris Exchange rate declined 47 points at 110.68. Dollar sterling cross rate was placed at 4.94 13/32. London silver prices advanced 3/16d. to 28 7/16d. There was little speculative buying. Sellers were scarce and the market was steady. There was speculative buying. New York spot silver prices were 3/8c to 45 3/8 cents. Montreal silver futures closed 20 to 30 points. Shanghai T T on London was quoted 1-2 1/2. The local market was active. Silver opened at Rs. 50/11 and declined to Rs. 50/5 but later steadied to Rs. 50/7. Gold market was weak on heavy selling. Prices opened at Rs. 34/12/8 and declined to Rs. 34/8 on heavy selling by local chokeys. The offerings were taken up by banks. The market was unsettled.

GOLD
Ready 34 9 6
Vaishakh 34 9 6
Jeth 34 8 6
SILVER
Ready 52 10 0
Chaitra 50 7 0
Vaishakh 53 0 0

LONDON SILVER

London, April 28

Spot Forward

20 7/16 20 1/2

LONDON GOLD

London, April 28

Gold Bars Fine per oz. £7-6 1/2

£7-6 1/2

N. Y. Silver

New York, April 28

Spot silver prices were raised 3/8 cent to 45 3/8 cents.

Montreal Silver

Montreal, April 28

April May

45.15 plus 37 45.10 plus 20 45.10 plus 35

LONDON METALS

London, April 28

Copper £56 0 0

Spelter £23 16 3

Lead £23 5 0

Tin £249 15 0

Groundnuts And Seeds

Bombay, April 29

Groundnuts May 41 0 0

Groundnuts August 42 8 0

Cottonseed May 20 4 6

Cottonseed September 21 7 6

Castorseed May 37 4 0

Castorseed September 37 4 0

LINSEED & WHEATS

Bombay, April 29

Yesterday Chicago wheat market

though initially was unfavourably influenced by weakness in other markets

but subsequently rallied on short covering.

The local market was weak to-day on increased selling influenced by

weakness in gold and silver markets.

Prices were as under:—

Rs. a. p.

Linseed May 7 14 6

Linseed September 8 2 3

Wheat May 5 8 9

Wheat September 5 8 9

Weather Over U. S. Cotton Belt

Liverpool, April 29.

Slightly warmer. Light rains in East.

Bel. Memphis district and

Victoria District. Forecast Entire

Belt partly cloudy.

BOMBAY METALS

Bombay, April 29.

London Copper Cash (Buyers) £58-5-0

Standard Copper 3 months £58-5-0

Electrolytic copper £64-10-0

Bombay Market:—

Yellow Metal Sheets Rs. 42-8-0

Copper Sheet Rs. 34-8-0

Tone: Weak.

Groundnuts Coromandel Shelled

London, April 28.

May £14-12-6

Liverpool Wheat

Liverpool, April 28.

May 105 5/8d.

September 105 5/8d.

October 96d.

Chicago Wheat

Chicago, April 28.

May dol. 1.23

September dol. 1.17 1/4

October dol. 1.14 7/8

New York Sugar

New York, April 28.

July 2.51 Unchanged.

Sept. 2.51 Unchanged.

Dec. 2.52 Unchanged.

Jan. 2.45 plus 1.

AMERICAN COTTON FIGURES.

F. P. Bales

1936-37 1935-36

Receipts to date 6485000 6695000

28-4-37 10000 3000

Exports to date 5012000 5276000

28-4-37 22-4-37 1658000 1888000

Stock at Interior 1384000 1812000

Towns 23-4-37 978000 718000

Stock at Liverpool 4594000 5062000

23-4-37 12161000 11543000

Quantity in sight 12161000 11543000

23-4-37 12161000 11543000

23-4-37 12161000 11543000

23-4-37 12161000 11543000

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23-4-37 121610

**JUPITER
GENERAL**

has various schemes of
LIFE INSURANCE to
suit all J9

The Bombay Chronicle

FOUNDED BY SIR PHIROZESHAH M. MEHTA IN 1913.

BOMBAY: FRIDAY, APRIL 30, 1937

**JUPITER
GENERAL**

will gladly supply full
particulars about life in-
surance for mere asking.
J10

Congress Supports Jute Workers

Urges Govt. To Intervene And Secure Just Demands Of Strikers

ALLAHABAD, April 29.
The Working Committee resumed sittings at eight this morning and adjourned at twelve noon after adopting the following resolution on jute mill strike:—

"The Working Committee views with alarm and concern the grave situation of the jute workers of Calcutta, who are conducting a heroic struggle for the last 12 weeks for the recognition of their elementary rights to form a union, and for securing redress of their legitimate grievances. The jute workers' struggle has assumed great national importance. The strike has made rapid strides and, to-day, something like 200,000 of workers are involved in it.

The Committee offers its heartfelt sympathy to the strikers, and expresses its admiration for the determined and peaceful manner in which they are struggling against the combined forces of employers and the Government.

The Committee puts on record its sense of disappointment at the attitude of employers who, by refusing to satisfy the reasonable demands of workers, are prolonging the strike and deepening the misery of strikers.

The Committee is of the opinion that it is the imperative duty of the Government to intervene in the conflict and secure a speedy settlement of the dispute on the basis of recognition of the workers' rights and satisfaction of their just demands.

GOVT.'S PARTIALITY
The Committee, however, notes with regret that Government are taking the sides of the employers in this dispute and places on record its strong condemnation of the repressive policy of the Government, which seeks to suppress the workers' struggle by promulgation of prohibitory orders under section 144 Criminal Procedure Code, the

arrest of Labour leaders and workers and various alleged acts of police and military violence. The Committee, in particular, records its strongest protest at the reported entry of police and military into the workers' quarters, the assault on one of the Labour members of the Bengal Legislative Assembly, the prohibition of these members from entering their constituencies and the firing on unarmed workers including little boys.

FUTURE PROGRAMME
The Working Committee discussed at length this morning the programme inside and outside the legislatures as also the question of mass contacts with Muslims. No resolution on these subjects is likely to be passed. The Committee expects to conclude work by 4 p.m. to-day, when practically all the leaders including Mahatma Gandhi are leaving for their respective stations.—A. P.

ORISSA PREMIER'S CAR TURNS TURTLE

Parlakimedi Receives Slight Injury To Face

CUTTACK, April 29.
When returning from his estate to Cuttack, the car of the Maharaja of Parlakimedi, Chief Minister, Orissa, skidded and the car turned turtle near Balugan. The Maharaja had shakes and received slight injury to face. The driver was also injured. The Maharaja is being treated at his residence at Cuttack. He is not attending to-day's meeting of the Council of Ministers.—A. P.

STUDENTS' CONFERENCE AT DHAMDACHHA

Indulal Yagnik To Preside: Venue And Dates Fixed

DHAMDACHHA, April 27.
A conference of the High School and College students of the Surat District (Southern Division) will be held at Dhamdachha on May 2, 1937, (Sunday) at 2-30 p.m. under the presidency of Sjt. Indulal Yagnik. Students from all the surrounding villages will muster strong to consider the burning problems that face the student world to-day.

NEW HOSPITAL BUILDINGS FOR MADRAS

OOTACAMUND, April 27.
The Government of Madras propose to provide new buildings for Government hospitals at Calicut and Trichinopoly, two of the important hospitals in the mofussil, with modern equipments costing Rs. 8 lakhs and Rs. 5 lakhs respectively. At Calicut provision will be made for X-Ray examination for which a sum of Rs. 12,000 was sanctioned from the Jubilee Fund some time ago.—United Press.

GIRLS' EDUCATION— FIRST ITEM ON PROGRAMME

PESHAWAR, April 29.
The Frontier Government place education of girls as the first item in its programme since they consider it vitally necessary for the country's welfare, says an official statement.

The Government also propose to provide several types of industrial employment by training linemen and wiremen on the Malakand Hydro-Electric Scheme marble workers, mechanics, carpenters blacksmiths, tanner of leather and agricultural workers.—A. P.

HORSE SHOW AT FRONTIER.

PESHAWAR, April 29.
In the Dir Swat Chitral Agency the first Horse Show and cattle fair organised by Major A. H. Cobb, Political Agent, was held at Malakand from April 26 to 28th. Novel features of sports were bull-lock race and jumping of bull. In response to the Viceroy's appeal for improving livestock through purchase of stud bulls Rs. 2,223 was subscribed from this Agency. With this amount, it is expected to introduce another batch of six bulls in the agency to enhance cattle-breeding operations.—A. P.

POLICE OFFICER LOSES REVOLVER

PATNA, April 29.
One revolver with ammunition and a sum of Rs. 45 were found missing from Patna Station waiting room, when a Sub-Inspector of Police on his way back from Buxar after escorting prisoners, halted here to deposit the arms in the office of the Deputy Inspector-General, C.I.D.—A.P.

Eastern Command G.O.C. To Go On Leave

(From Our Correspondent.)
SIMLA, April 28.
Lt-Gen. Sir H. E. Douglas Baird, G. O. C.-in-C. Eastern Command has been granted privilege leave of two months from July 1



Annual dinner of the Passengers and Traffic Relief Association held at the Radio Club on Tuesday last.

JUDGMENT IN "SUTTEE CASE" All Accused Acquitted

LUCKNOW, April 28.
JUDGMENT WAS DELIVERED THE OTHER DAY BY THE SESSIONS JUDGE, HARDOL IN THE SENSATIONAL "SUTTEE" CASE. WHEN THE JUDGE, HOLDING THE EVIDENCE UNCONVINCING, ACQUITTED ALL THE ACCUSED. THE COURT-ROOM WAS FILLED TO ITS CAPACITY.

The prosecution case was that one Onkar Kurni of village Baranwa died after a protracted illness. The young widow, Jadel declared her intention of becoming a suttee, and while most of the male members of the family had gone away to the burning-ghat for cremation of the boy, she decked herself in her bridal clothes, put a vermilion mark on her forehead and slipped away to a grove about two furlongs from the house. There she implored the accused Motilal and Shahzada to supply some fuel and dried cow-dung cakes. The third accused Mst. Sunder Devi was also present. The accused refused to supply fuel and asked her to show her greatness.

All the prosecution witness alleged that the suttee then implored heaven with folded hands and flames issued from her shoulders and lapped her body. She fell down enveloped in flames. A huge crowd collected on the spot. It was alleged that the accused poured ghee on her burning body. Nobody tried to extinguish the fire.

The 'Chowkidar' reported the matter to the police who, on arrival only found charred bones, empty pots of ghee, conch and some bells.

The judge holding the evidence unconvincing acquitted all the accused.—United Press.

FRENCH AIRWOMEN FOR BOMBAY

KARACHI, April 29.
The French airwomen Madame Clair Roman and Mademoiselle Lucus Naudin who started on a record flight from Paris to Pondicherry but were delayed 'en route' by bad weather and engine trouble arrived at Drigh Road at 10-8 this morning and took off for Bombay after refuelling.

The airwomen will spend the night in Bombay and take off for Pondicherry to-morrow morning, halting at Secunderabad 'en route'. They will be returning to France after a fortnight's stay at Pondicherry.

The airwomen piloted a French aircraft equipped with a Salmson engine developing 130 h.p. with a cruising speed of 95 m.p.h. but with no wireless.

Interviewed by the Associated Press, the fliers said they encountered bad weather from the start and had to return to Basra after a few hours flight towards Karachi. The fliers were received by the Commander and Mrs. Watts and Mr. S. M. Ali, the Aerodrome Officer.

At Pondicherry the fliers will stay as guests of the Governor-General of French India.—A. P.

SHOLAPUR, April 28.
The Municipal Board has sanctioned Rs. 2,000 for the Coronation celebrations.—A. P.



Among the passengers who arrived by the new Italian boat, "Conte Biancamano", on Wednesday was Mr. Fukai Tatsuo, Vice-Consul for Japan at Calcutta.

Jamnadas Inspects Excavation Work At Wadgaon

AHMEDNAGAR, April 28.
Mr. Jamnadas Mehta visited Wadgaon, where he inspected tank and excavation work and attended an "at home" in the evening given by the Democratic leader Mr. Saptarishi, where a hundred guests were present. He left for Bijapur to-night.—A. P.

A FEW SELECTED HEADINGS FOR THE TABULATED ADLET'S FOR TO-MORROW AND SUNDAY.

5.	REMINDERS
44.	SPARE TIME WORK
100.	PICNIC PLACES
117.	MOTOR CARS FOR SALE
216.	PHYSICAL CULTURE
298.	COTTAGE INDUSTRIES
351.	MAIL ORDER BUSINESS
556.	DAILY WANTS
556.	CHANGE OF ADDRESS

ZANZIBAR LEGISLATION

Standing Emigration Com- mittee To Meet On May 8

SIMLA, April 29.
The Associated Press understands that the Government of India have convened an emergency meeting of the Standing Emigration Committee in Simla on May 8 to consider the proposed Zanzibar Legislation.

Kunwar Sir Jagdish Prasad, Education Member, arrived in Simla, yesterday.—A.P.

Invitation To Saxena

LUCKNOW, April 29.
Kunwar Sir Jagdish Prasad, the Education Member of the Government of India, has telegraphically informed Mr. Mohanlal Saxena that a meeting of the Standing Emigration Committee will be held on May 8 to consider the situation in Zanzibar.

Mr. Saxena is reaching Simla on May 6. He is in communication with the Foreign Department of the A. I. C. C., Allahabad, and the Imperial Citizenship Association, Bombay, in order to get the latest information regarding Zanzibar and the action to be taken by the Government of India.—A.P.

OUDH RENT ACT

Pant To Be Approached With Plea For Amendment

LUCKNOW, April 29.
It is understood that some members of the Congress Agrarian Sub-committee will meet Pandit Govind Ballabh Pant, the leader, Congress Party, U.P. Assembly, when he comes here to-morrow and discuss matters relating to the amending of the Oudh Rent Act and Agr Tenancy Act.

Certain proposals of amendment already received in the Congress office. Include proposals such as deletion of Section 48 of the Oudh Rent Act.

Pandit Pant will visit sugarcane centres in the Gorakhpur District to acquaint himself with the plight of sugarcane growers.—United Press.

Hindi Daily In Rajputana

(From A Correspondent.)
RAJLALAM, (By Mail).
To meet the long felt want of the people of Central India and Rajputana who have practically no organ of public opinion of their own it has now been decided to publish a Hindi daily newspaper, the "Deshbandhu" which will come out about in the middle of May and would be priced at one pice.

It is expected that the Central India Newspapers Limited which was formed to publish a daily newspaper from Indore would interest itself in this Rajlalam venture and would run it.

Anonymous Notices And News- sheets Injure Our Cause

CRITICISM MUST BE CONDUCTED ABOUT POLICIES NOT PERSONALITIES

Jawahar's Decision On Disciplinary Action Against Allahabad Congressmen

(From Our Correspondent)

ALLAHABAD, April 29.
PANDIT JAWAHARLAL NEHRU, THE CONGRESS PRESIDENT, THE COURSE OF HIS IMPORTANT DECISION REGARDING SOME CASES OF SERIOUS INDISCIPLINE AMONG CONGRESSMEN OF ALLAHABAD WHICH OCCURRED TWO YEARS AGO DUE TO PARTY RIVALRIES SAYS "I FEEL NOW FOR VARIOUS REASONS THAT IT IS NOT DESIRABLE OR TO PUBLIC ADVANTAGE TO RAISE OLD ISSUES HOWEVER IMPORTANT THEY MAY BEEN AT TIME.

"WE MUST THINK OF LARGER WORK AHEAD AND NOT ALLOW ANYTHING ELSE TO OBSCURE IT."

The issue is related to conduct certain persons during the municipal elections in 1935 and certain events in 1934.

Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru has recommended to the City Congress Committee no further action need be taken as he desired to put an end to the long standing conflict and Party rivalries in Allahabad.

In the course of his judgment, Pandit Jawaharlal makes the following remarks: "Issue of notices signed or anonymous and news-sheets attacking the Congress has become common enough in practice during the elections in Allahabad and elsewhere. This kind of

thing is highly reprehensible and must be discouraged almost exclusively.

These notices and news-sheets are excessively vulgar and they injure our cause. I trust no Congressman will lower himself or herself by indulging in such activities."

Fair criticism is always welcome and should be encouraged but criticism should be about policies and programmes and not of personalities in future if such vulgar notices, etc., are issued I trust that the City Congress Committee will take immediate action.

MISERABLE PLIGHT OF TENANTRY IN RAE BAREILLY DIST.

SAXENA EXPOSES ANTI-CONGRESS CANARDS REGARDING PEASANTS

LUCKNOW, April 28.
"If people persist in living in a fool's paradise of their own creation, no body can help them. The tenantry all over the province and particularly in Rae Bareilly District have now been fully roused and understands the present situation and also knows as to who provides the leverage for the present to the liberal policy of the interim Minister."

Thus says Mr. Mohanlal Saxena M.L.A. in the course of a press statement referring to the recent visit of the present Revenue Minister to the Bareilly District, where it was stated that the tenants refused to hear the Congress volunteers when the Minister went there and attended in large numbers the meetings which the Minister addressed.

"The tenants of these villages," continued Mr. Saxena, "were ready to march in thousands to the Government House at Lucknow to draw attention of the Government to their hardships and sufferings and it was at our instance, that they agreed to wait for ten days. I am sure the public knows fully what value is to be attached to the news emanating from the entourage of this particular Minister."

As the enthusiastic General Secretary of the now defunct Agriculturist Party of Oudh, wherever he went, people were reported to be vying with each other to own allegiance to the

Minister's Visit

Mr. Saxena further says: "I am not surprised to find the Minister's visit and the liberal remissions to the Rae Bareilly District, I along with Mrs. Suniti Devi Mitra, newly-elected Congress member of the U. P. Assembly, from that district, visited that particular area on April 17, and personally seen the miserable plight of the tenantry."

"They were practically starving and unless adequate steps were taken to provide them with work till the next crop-season, mere remission of rent and distribution of 'taccavi' at the time of sowing season will not do.

"I had made it clear to Mr. Lobo Prabhu, the Deputy Commissioner, who has been doing his bit to give relief to the afflicted people. Liberal contributions should be made from the provincial famine fund for financing relief operations in the hailstorm afflicted areas."—United Press.

Why They Resigned From Party

POONA, April 28.
Mr. H. R. Mahajan, Secretary of the Maharashtra Congress Socialist Party, Mr. V. R. Inamdar, Mr. G. P. Khare, Mr. P. N. Dandekar and about 26 other active members of the Maharashtra Congress Socialist Party have resigned their membership of the Party.

In resigning their membership they have issued a lengthy statement to the press making their attitude towards Congress Socialist Party quite clear.

In the course of the statement they observe "inter alia" "We are opposed to the idea of organising any Party, parallel or as a rival to the Indian National Congress. The existence of such a Party within the Congress obstructs the process of radicalisation of that body and retards the growth of the anti-imperialist struggle. From the experience of the last four years we are in a position to assert in a positive manner, that the existence of the Congress Socialist Party as a separate organised body inside

AMATEUR BILLIARD RECORD BROKEN

Playing in the final round of the Amateur Billiard Championship in London, recently Mr. Kennesley the winner, made a faultless break of over 500 points.

Hitherto no other amateur has made such a big break and in spite of the great improvement has been in the amateur display this feat will be hard to beat.